



SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH, 2025



SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC

Introduction

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc's unaudited interim Financial Statements at as 31 March, 2025 complies with the applicable legal requirements of the Nigerian Securities and Exchange Commission regarding interim financial statements. These financial statements contain extract of the unaudited financial statements prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' its interpretation issued by the International Accounting Standards and adopted by the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

We confirmed that SUNU Assurances Nigeria Plc has:

- a. adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by its directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria (FRC), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and provisions of Rule 17.15(d) of the Listings Rules;
- b. made specific enquiry of all directors and hereby confirm that its directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Listings Rules and in the Company's code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors

In line with the provisions of Rule 2.2 of the Rules Governing Free Float Requirements, the shareholding pattern of the Company is disclosed at page 4 of the unaudited Financial Statements for the period ended 31 March, 2025.

We confirm that the Company's free float is in compliance with the Exchange's free float requirements for the Main Board on which the Company is listed

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC

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SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr Kyari Bukar - Chairman
Mr Samuel Ogbodu - MD /CEO
Ms Taizir Ajala - Vice Chairman
Mr. Philippe Ayivor
Mr. Mohammed Bah
Mr Elie Ogounigni
Mrs. Olajumoke Bakare
Mrs. Abubakar Aisha

COMPANY SECRETARY

Taiwo Kuku
Plot 1196, Bishop Oluwole street
Victoria Island, Lagos

REGISTERED OFFICE

Sunu Place
Plot 1196, Bishop Oluwole Street
Victoria Island, Lagos

RC No: - 65443

FRC Registration no: - FRC/2012/0000000000408

REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Crescent Registrars Limited (formerly EDC Registrars Limited)
23 Olusoji Idowu Street
Ilupeju
Lagos

BANKERS

Access Bank Plc
Ecobank Nigeria Limited
First Bank of Nigeria Limited
First City Monument Bank
Fidelity Bank Plc
Guaranty Trust Bank Plc
Heritage Bank Plc
Polaris Bank Plc
Sterling Bank Plc
Union Bank of Nigeria Plc
United Bank for Africa Plc
Unity Bank Plc
Wema Bank Plc
Zenith Bank Plc

ACTUARIES

Logic Professional Services
4th floor, Oshopey Plaza
17/19 Allen Avenue
Ikeja, Lagos, Nigeria

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

SIAO Partners
18b Olu Holloway Road
Ikoyi,
Lagos, Nigeria.

RE-INSURERS

WAICA Reinsurance Corporation
African Reinsurance Corporation
Continental Reinsurance Plc
Nigerian Reinsurance Corporation

SOLICITORS

TEMPLARS
5th floor, The Octagon
13A AJ Marinho Drive
Victoria Island, Lagos

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025

1 REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements are the consolidated financial statements of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc, a Company incorporated in Nigeria and its subsidiaries, namely EA Capital Management Limited and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed Health Care Services Limited) (hereafter referred to as 'the Group').

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc formerly Equity Assurance Plc (the Company) emerged as a result of the merger between Equity Indemnity Insurance Limited and First Assurance Plc. In the scheme of the merger arrangement, First Assurance Plc acquired the net assets of Equity Indemnity Insurance Limited and subsequently changed its name to Equity Assurance Plc.

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc (the Company) was incorporated in Nigeria as a private limited liability Company, on 13 December 1984 to carry out non-life insurance business and was converted to a Public Liability Company in 1985.

Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc (the Company) has two subsidiaries namely: EA Capital Management Limited (wholly owned) which was incorporated on 29 October 2008 and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed Health Care Services Limited) (67.3% owned) which was incorporated on 11 December 1997.

The principal activities of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc and its subsidiaries are mainly the provision of non-life insurance, health management, assets management and hospitality services.

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2025 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 April, 2025

2 SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

S/N	HOLDERS TYPE	No of Shareholders	% holding	No of holdings	% holdings
1	Nigerian Shareholders	41,925	99.94	970,796,558	16.71
2	Foreign Shareholders	25	0.06	4,840,003,442	83.29
		41,950	100.00	5,810,800,000	100.00

SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE AS AT MARCH 31, 2025

S/N	HOLDERS TYPE	No of Shareholders	% holding	No of holdings	% holdings
1	Individual	41,195	98.20	533,616,025	9.18
2	Corporate body	755	1.80	5,277,183,975	90.82
		41,950	100.00	5,810,800,000	100.00

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) GOING CONCERN

The directors assess the group's future performance and financial position on a going concern basis and have no reason to believe that the group will not be a going concern in the year ahead.

(b) STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH IFRS

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34.

(c) BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Non-derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income and at fair value through profit or loss financial assets are measured at fair value.
- Investment property is measured at fair value.
- Insurance liabilities measured at present value of future cashflows.

(d) USE OF SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENT

The presentation of the group's financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the reporting date and the reported amount of income and expenses during the year ended.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025

The Group makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and equity. Estimates and judgments are continually re-evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in Note 4 of the financial statements.

(e) FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the consolidated financial statement of each entity of the group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to that entity ("the functional currency"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira (N), which is the Company's functional currency. The financial information has been rounded to the nearest thousand, except as otherwise indicated.

(f) REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company and its subsidiaries are regulated by the National Insurance Commission of Nigeria (NAICOM) under the Nigeria Insurance Act.

Section 59 of the Financial Reporting Council Act, 2011 (FRC Act) provides that in matters of financial reporting, if there is any inconsistency between the FRC Act and other Acts which are listed in section 59(1) of the FRC Act, the FRC Act shall prevail. The Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria acting under the provision of the FRC Act has promulgated IFRS as the National financial reporting framework of Nigeria. Consequently, the provision of Section 20(1b) of the Insurance Act 2003 which conflicts with the provisions of IFRS have not been adopted.

(g) OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are set off and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to set off the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under IFRS, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Group's trading activity.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgements and uncertainties and potentially give rise to different results under different assumptions and conditions.

4.1 CONSOLIDATION

(i) Subsidiaries

The financial statements of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the Group acquires control, up to the date that such effective control ceases. For the purpose of these financial statements, subsidiaries are entities over which the Group, directly or indirectly, has power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (transactions with owners). Any difference between the amount by which the non- controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the Group.

Inter- company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Companies within the Group are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Investment in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company entity is measured at cost.

Acquisition - related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re- measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

(ii) Disposal of subsidiaries

On loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, that retained interest is accounted for as an equity, accounted investment or as an available - for - sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
(iii) Special purpose entities

Special purpose entities that are created to accomplish a narrow and well- defined objective such as the securitisation of particular assets, or the execution of specific borrowings or lending transactions or the provision of certain benefits to employee.

The financial statements of special purpose entities are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, where the substance of the relationship is that the Group controls the special purpose entity.

4.2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include notes and coins on hand and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

4.3 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

4.4.1 Recognition

The Group on the date of origination or purchase recognizes placements, equity securities and deposits at the fair value of consideration paid. Regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date. All other financial assets and liabilities, including derivatives, are initially recognized on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

4.4.2 Classification and Measurement

Initial measurement of a financial asset or liability is at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to its purchase or issuance. For instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss. Financial assets include placement with banks, treasury bills and equity instruments.

Financial assets are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

1. Amortised cost
2. Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)
3. Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) for trading related assets

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual cash flow characteristics.

4.4.3 Business Model Assessment

Business model assessment involves determining whether financial assets are managed in order to generate cash flows from collection of contractual cash flows, selling financial assets or both. The Group assesses business model at a portfolio level reflective of how groups of assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. For the assessment of business model the Group takes into consideration the following factors

1. The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets
2. How the performance of assets in a portfolio is evaluated and reported to Group heads and other key decision makers within the Company's business lines;

3. The risks that affect the performance of assets held within a business model and how those risks are managed;
4. How compensation is determined for the Company's business lines' management that manages the assets;
5. The frequency and volume of sales in prior periods and expectations about future sales activity.

Management determines the classification of the financial instruments at initial recognition. The business model assessment falls under three categories:

- (a) Business Model 1 (BM1): Financial assets held with the sole objective to collect contractual cash flows;
- (b) Business Model 2 (BM2): Financial assets held with the objective of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling; and
- (c) Business Model 3 (BM3): Financial assets held with neither of the objectives mentioned in BM1 or BM2 above. These are basically financial assets held with the sole objective to trade and to realize fair value changes.

The Group may decide to sell financial instruments held under the BM1 category with the objective to collect contractual cash flows without necessarily changing its business model if one or more of the following conditions are met:

- (i) Where these sales are infrequent even if significant in value. A Sale of financial assets is considered infrequent if the sale is one-off during the Financial Year and/or occurs at most once during the quarter or at most three (3) times within the Financial Year.

The Group may decide to sell financial instruments held under the BM1 category with the objective to collect contractual cash flows without necessarily changing its business model if one or more of the following conditions are met:

- (ii) Where these sales are insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate, even if frequent. A sale is considered insignificant if the portion of the financial assets sold is equal to or less than five (5) per cent of the carrying amount (book value) of the total assets within the business model.

- (iii) When these sales are made close to the maturity of the financial assets and the proceeds from the sales approximates the collection of the remaining contractual cash flows. A sale is considered to be close to maturity if the financial assets have a tenor to maturity of not more than one (1) year and/or the remaining contractual cash flows expected from the financial asset do not exceed the cash flows from the sales by ten (10) per cent.

Other reasons: The following reasons outlined below may constitute 'Other Reasons' that may necessitate selling financial assets from the BM1 category that will not constitute a change in business model:

1. Selling the financial asset to realize cash to deal with unforeseen need for liquidity (infrequent).
2. Selling the financial asset to manage credit concentration risk (infrequent)
3. Selling the financial assets as a result of changes in tax laws (infrequent).
4. Other situations also depend upon the facts and circumstances which need to be judged by the management

4.4.4 Cash flow characteristics assessment

The contractual cash flow characteristics assessment involves assessing the contractual features of an instrument to determine if they give rise to cash flows that are consistent with a basic investment arrangement. Contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic deposit arrangement if they represent cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI).

**SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025**

Principal is defined as the fair value of the instrument at initial recognition. Principal may change over the life of the instruments due to repayments. Interest is defined as consideration for the time value of money and the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding and for other basic lending risks and costs (liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. After initial measurement, debt instruments in this category are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Amortization is included in Interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Impairment on financial assets measured at amortized cost is calculated using the expected credit loss approach.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are presented net of the allowance for credit losses (ACL) in the statement of financial position

b) Financial assets measured at FVOCI

Financial assets are measured at FVOCI if they are held within a business model whose objective is to hold for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent payments that are solely payments of principal and interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, unrealized gains and losses on debt instruments measured at FVOCI are recorded in other comprehensive Income (OCI).

c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL include assets held for trading purposes, assets held as part of a portfolio managed on a fair value basis and assets whose cash flows do not represent payments that are solely payments of principal and interest. Financial assets may also be designated at FVTPL if by so doing eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise. These instruments are measured at fair value in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, with transaction costs recognized immediately in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

d) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are measured at FVTPL, unless an election is made to designate them at FVOCI upon purchase. For equity instruments measured at FVTPL, changes in fair value are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Income. The Company can elect to classify non-trading equity instruments at FVOCI. This election will be used for certain equity investments for strategic or longer term investment purposes. The FVOCI election is made upon initial recognition, on an instrument-by-instrument basis and once made is irrevocable. Gains and losses on these instruments including when derecognized/sold are recorded in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income. Dividends received are recorded in Interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income. Any transaction costs incurred upon purchase of the security are added to the cost basis of the security and are not reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income on sale of the security.

Financial liabilities are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- (a) Amortised cost
- (b) Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

e) Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities accounted for at fair value through profit or loss fall into two categories:

financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss on inception

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading. A financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated and effective as hedging instruments. Financial liabilities held for trading also include obligations to deliver financial assets borrowed by a short seller. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of financial assets are included in the income statement and are reported as 'Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments classified as held for trading. Interest expenses on financial liabilities held for trading are included in 'Net interest income'.

Financial Liabilities are designated at FVTPL when either the designation eliminates or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise or the financial liability contains one or more embedded derivatives which significantly modify the cash flows otherwise required. For liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, all changes in fair value are recognized in Non-interest income in the Consolidated Statement of Income, except for changes in fair value arising from changes in the Company's own credit risk which are recognized in OCI. Changes in fair value of liabilities due to changes in the Company's own credit risk, which are recognized in OCI, are not subsequently reclassified to the Consolidated Statement of Income upon derecognition/extinguishment of the liabilities

f) Financial Liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not classified at fair value through profit or loss fall into this category and are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are debt securities in issue for which the fair value option is not applied, convertible bonds and subordinated debts.

4.4.5 Reclassifications

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets. A change in the Group's business model will occur only when the Group either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations such as:

- Significant internal restructuring or business combinations; for example an acquisition of a private asset management company that might necessitate transfer and sale of loans to willing buyers, this action will constitute changes in business model and subsequent reclassification of the Loan held from BM1 to BM2 Category
- Disposal of a business line i.e. Disposal of a business segment

Any other reason that might warrant a change in the Group's business model as determined by management based on facts and circumstances

The following are not considered to be changes in the business model:

- (a) A change in intention related to particular financial assets (even in circumstances of significant changes in market conditions)
- (b) A temporary disappearance of a particular market for financial assets.

(c) A transfer of financial assets between parts of the Group with different business models.

When reclassification occurs, the Group reclassifies all affected financial assets in accordance with the new business model. Reclassification is applied prospectively from the 'reclassification date'. Reclassification date is 'the first day of the first reporting period following the change in business model. For example, if the Group decides to shut down the retail business segment on 31st December 2018, the reclassification date will be 1 January, 2019 (i.e. the first day of the entity's next reporting period), the Group shall not engage in activities consistent with its former business model after 31st December, 2018. Gains, losses or interest previously recognised are not be restated when reclassification occurs.

4.4.6 Impairment of Financial Assets

In line with IFRS 9, the Group assesses the under listed financial instruments for impairment using

Expected Credit Loss (ECL) approach:

- Amortized cost financial assets; and
- Debt securities classified as at FVOCI;

Equity instruments and financial assets measured at FVTPL are not subjected to impairment under the standard.

4.4.7 Write-off

The Group writes off an impaired financial asset (and the related impairment allowance), either partially or in full, when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. After a full evaluation of a non-performing exposure, in the event that either one or all of the following conditions apply, such exposure shall be recommended for write-off (either partially or in full):

- continued contact with the customer is impossible;
- recovery cost is expected to be higher than the outstanding debt;
- amount obtained from realisation of credit collateral security leaves a balance of the debt; or
- it is reasonably determined that no further recovery on the facility is possible.

4.4 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS

Contracts entered into by the Group with reinsurers under which the Group is compensated for losses on one or more contracts issued by the Group and that meet the classification requirements for the insurance contracts in accounting policy in IFRS 4 are classified as reinsurance contracts held. Contract that do not meet these classification requirements are classified as financial assets. Insurance contracts entered in to by the Group under which the contract holder is another insurer (inwards reinsurance) are included with insurance contracts. Reinsurance assets consist of short-term balances due from reinsurers, as well as long term receivables that are dependent on the expected claims and benefits arising under the related reinsured insurance contracts. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in compliance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily premiums payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expense when due. The Group has the right to set-off re-insurance payables against amount due from re-insurance and brokers in line with the agreed arrangement between both parties.

The Group assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on a yearly basis. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement. The Group gathers the objective evidence that a reinsurance asset is impaired using the same process adopted for financial assets held at amortised cost. The impairment loss is calculated using the incurred loss model for these financial assets.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025

(a) Receivables and Payables related to insurance contracts

Receivables and payables are recognised when due. These include amounts due to and from agents, brokers and insurance contract holders. If there is objective evidence that the insurance receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the insurance receivable accordingly and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement. The Group applied the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

4.5 PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables are made up of prepayments and other amounts due from parties which are not directly linked to insurance or investment contracts, prepayments are carried at amortised cost. Other receivables are stated after deductions of amount considered bad or doubtful of recovery. When a debt is deemed not collectible, it is written-off against the related provision or directly to the profit and loss account to the extent not previously provided for. Any subsequent recovery of written-off debts is credited to the profit and loss account. Prepayments are carried at cost less amortisation and accumulated impairment losses

4.6 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

In the separate financial statements of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc, investments in subsidiaries is accounted for at cost.

4.7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Properties that are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both and that are insignificantly occupied by the entities in the consolidated group are classified as investment properties. These properties consist of office and residential buildings. The Group considers the owner-occupied portion as insignificant when it occupies less than 20 percent. In order to determine the percentage of the portions, the Group uses the size of the property measured in square metre.

Recognition of investment properties takes place only when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing parts of an existing investment property at the time the cost was incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market condition at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position.

Gains or losses arising from the changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the consolidated income statement in the year in which they arise. Subsequent expenditure is included in the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. The fair value of investment property is based on the nature, location and condition of the specific asset.

Rent receivable is recognized in profit or loss and is spread on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Where lease incentive, such as a rent free period are given to a Lessee, the carrying value of the related investment property excludes any amount reported as a separate asset as a result of recognizing rental income on this basis.

4.8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(i) Software

Software acquired by the Group is stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Expenditure on internally developed software is recognized as an asset when the Group is able to demonstrate its intention and ability to complete the development and use the software in a manner that will generate future economic benefits and can reliably measure the costs to complete the development. Development costs previously expensed cannot be capitalized. The capitalized costs of internally developed software include all costs attributable to developing the software and capitalized borrowing costs and are amortized over its useful life. Subsequent expenditure on software assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The maximum useful life of software is five years. Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

(ii) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the Company acquired at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried as cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses in goodwill are not reversed.

(iii) Amortization of investment in Equity Resort Hotel Limited

The Company's investment in Equity Resort Hotel Limited will be written off over the concession period of 25 years and is tested annually for possible impairment. Profit/(loss) accruing to the Company from the operations of the Hotel will be taken into statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

4.9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(i) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Land and building are subsequently carried at revalued amount being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Any increase in assets carrying amount, as a result of revaluation is credited to other comprehensive income and accumulated in Revaluation Surplus within Revaluation reserves in equity. The increase is recognized in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses reduction decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property or equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

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(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in Profit or Loss and is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets. Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed annually and adjusted when necessary. The average useful lives per class of asset are as follows:

Assets class	Average useful life
Land	-
Buildings	50 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and fittings	5 years
ICT equipment	5 years
Billboard	5 years

(iv) De-recognition

An item of property and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset which is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

4.10 LEASES

Leases are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16 and are accounted for in line with the following based on whether the Group is the Lessor or the Lessee:

(a) When the Group is the Lessee

At the commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset at cost and a lease liability, where applicable, at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications. The corresponding lease liabilities, where applicable, are included in other liabilities. The interest element of the lease liabilities is charged to the Income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

(b) When the Group is the Lessor

When assets are leased to a third party under finance lease terms, the present value of the lease income is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

4.11 IMPAIRMENT OF NON- FINANCIAL ASSETS

Non-financial assets are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be fully recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

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For the purpose of assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. The Company has two cash-generating units for which impairment testing is performed. Impairment charges are included in profit or loss except to the extent they reverse gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives will be tested for impairment annually, regardless of any indicators an impairment of goodwill will not be reversed.

4.12 STATUTORY DEPOSIT

In pursuant to Section 10(3) of the Insurance Act of Nigeria , 2003, every insurer is expected to deposit at least 10% of its paid up capital with the Central Bank of Nigeria(CBN). The Statutory deposit represents not less than the 10% of the paid up capital of the Company deposited with the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN). Statutory deposit is measured at cost

4.13 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The fair value of a non-interest bearing liability is its discounted repayment amount. If the due date of the liability is less than one year discounting is omitted.

4.14 BORROWINGS

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds(net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the date of the statement of financial position.

4.15 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

When an asset or liability , financial and non-financial is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date and assumes that the transaction will take place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market in the most advantageous market. Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value are used maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant, External Valuers are

selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable with external sources of data.

4.16 INCOME TAX

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax

(i) Current income tax

Income tax payable is calculated on the basis of the applicable tax law in the respective jurisdiction and is recognized as an expense for the period except to the extent that current tax related to items that are charged or credited in other comprehensive income or directly to equity. In these circumstances, current tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income or to equity.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the date of the consolidated statement of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

The principal temporary differences arise from depreciation of property, plant and equipment, revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and in relation to acquisitions on the difference between the fair values of the net assets acquired and their tax base.

However, deferred income tax is not recognized for:

- (a) Temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill
- (b) Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.
- (c) Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which these temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities against current tax assets, and they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

4.17 SHARE CAPITAL AND PREMIUM

Ordinary shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax. Share premium accounts for the amount the Company raises in excess of par value.

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4.17.1 TREASURY SHARES

Where any member of the Group purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently sold, reissued or otherwise disposed off, any consideration received is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects.

4.17.2 DIVIDENDS

Dividends on the company's ordinary share are recognized in equity in the period in which they are approved by the company's shareholders. Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the year which the dividend is approved by the company's shareholders.

4.18 CONTINGENCY RESERVE

Contingency reserve is credited at the higher of 3% of total premiums during the year and 20% of net profit per year, until it reaches the higher of the minimum paid up capital or 50% of net premium in accordance with Section 21 (2) of the Insurance Act 2003.

4.19 ASSET REVALUATION RESERVES

When the group's land and building are revalued by independent professional valuer, surpluses arising on the revaluation of these assets are credited to the asset revaluation reserve account. When assets previously revalued are disposed off, any revaluation surplus relating to the disposed assets is transferred to retained earnings.

4.20 RETAINED EARNINGS

This represents the amount available for dividend distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company.

4.21 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira (N), which is the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the income statement within 'finance income or finance cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'Other operating income' or 'Other operating expenses'.

(c) Foreign Operations

The results and financial position of all the subsidiaries (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- i. Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position.
- ii. Income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions).

All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

The group applies IAS 27- Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements in accounting for acquisitions of non-controlling interests. Under this accounting policy, acquisitions of non-controlling interests are accounted for as transactions with equity holders in their capacity as owners and therefore, no goodwill is recognized as a result of such transactions. The adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on the proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary.

4.22 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue comprises the fair value for services, net of value-added tax, after eliminating revenue within the Group. Revenue is recognized as follows:

- (a) Rendering services: Revenue arising from asset management and other related services offered by the Group are recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.
- (b) Dividend income: Dividend income for available-for sale equities is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities.
- (c) Rent
Rent revenue from investment properties is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives granted are recognised as part of the rental revenue. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the period when earned.
- (d) Other income: Other income is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Recognition and Measurement of Insurance Contracts

5 Key types of insurance contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held

The Group issues Non-life insurance contracts to individual and businesses. The insurance contracts are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts. The Non-life insurance products offered include Bond, Oil & Gas, Engineering, Motor, Aviation, Marine, Fire and General Accident. These products offer protection of policyholder's assets and indemnification of other parties that have suffered damage as a result of a policyholder's accident.

The Group accounts for these contracts applying the Premium Allocation Approach (PAA)

The Group also holds reinsurance contracts to mitigate risk exposure. The reinsurance contracts comprises of facultative (excess of individual loss) reinsurance policies and quota share reinsurance contracts accounted for applying PAA.

5.1 Definitions and classifications

Products sold by the Group are classified as insurance contracts when the Group accepts significant insurance risk from a policyholder by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified future event adversely affects the policyholder. This assessment is made on a contract-by-contract basis at the contract issue date. In making this assessment, the Group considers all its substantive rights and obligations, whether they arise from contract, law or regulation. The Group determines whether a contract contains significant insurance risk by assessing if an insured event could cause the Group to pay to the policyholder additional amount that are significant in any single scenario with commercial substance even if the insured event is extremely unlikely or the expected present value of the contingent cash flows is a small proportion of the expected present value of the remaining cash flows from the insurance contract.

5.2 Combining a set or series of contracts

Sometimes, the Group enters into two or more contracts at the same time with the same or related counterparties to achieve an overall commercial effect. The Group accounts for such a set of contracts as a single insurance contract when this reflects the substance of the contracts. When making this assessment, the Group considers whether the rights and obligations are different when looked at together compared to when looked at individually. The Group is unable to measure one contract without considering the other.

5.3 Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

The Group assesses its insurance and reinsurance products to determine whether they contain components which must be accounted for under another IFRS rather than IFRS 17. After separation, an entity must apply IFRS 17 to all remaining components of the (host) insurance contract. Currently, the Group do not have products that require separations (distinct components).

5.4 Recognition

The Group recognizes groups of insurance contracts issued from the date when the first payment from policyholder in the group becomes due. As Sunu Asurances Nigeria Plc adheres to the statutory no premium no cover, the date premium is received from the policyholder will always be earlier or on the same date as the coverage period. This premium receipt date would then be used to separate the groups of insurance contracts into yearly cohorts. The contract groupings shall not be reassessed until they are derecognized.

5.5 Contract Boundaries

The Group includes in the measurement of a group of insurance contracts all the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. Cash flows are within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting period in which the Group can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums, or in which the Group has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with insurance contract services. A substantive obligation to provide insurance contract services ends when:

- * The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those risks OR

- * Both of the following criteria are satisfied

- * The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risk of that portfolio

- * The pricing of the premiums up to the date when the risks are reassessed does not take into account the risks that relate to periods after the reassessment date.

A liability or asset relating to expected premiums or claims outside the boundary of the insurance contract are not recognized. Such amounts relate to future insurance contracts.

5.6 Discount Rate

The Group measures the time value of money using discount rates that reflect the liquidity characteristics of the insurance contracts and the characteristics of the cash flows, consistent with observable current market prices.

In determining discount rates for cash flows, the Group uses the bottom-up approach to estimate discount rates starting from a risk-free rate with similar characteristics. Risk free rates are determined by reference to the yields of highly liquid FGN Bonds.

Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The Group measures the compensation it would require for bearing the uncertainty about the amount and timing of cash flows arising from insurance contracts, other than financial risk, separately as an adjustment for non-financial risk.

For the purpose of 2023 AFS IFRS 17 closing valuation of Insurance Assets and Liabilities, the Group uses the quantile techniques approach in estimating the risk adjustment for non-financial risk. For future valuation, the Group intend to continue to use the quantile techniques approach in estimating our risk adjustment. As a non-life insurance company, most of our insurance policies expired within a twelve months calendar year.

6 Premium Allocation Approach

This is a simplification of the general model. The Group applies the PAA to the measurement of non-life insurance contracts with a coverage period of each contract in the group of one year or less.

Contracts with coverage period above one year which are not immediately eligible for the PAA, will be subjected to a PAA eligibility by assessing the expected LRC cashflows under both the PAA and General Model approaches. However, there is no material difference in the measurement of the liability for remaining coverage between PAA and the General Model, therefore, these qualify for PAA.

On initial recognition, the Group measures the carrying amount of the Liability for remaining coverage for insurance contracts held as the premiums received - Gross Written Premium. At subsequent measurement, the LRC is effectively the unearned premium reserve (UPR) under IFRS 4 less the deferred acquisition costs (DAC). Unlike IFRS 4, DAC will not be presented as an asset under IFRS 17. It is instead reflected in the overall insurance contract liability for remaining coverage, without being identified as a separate component in the Statement of Financial Position.

7 Premium Experience Adjustment

Where premium experience adjustments relate to current/past service and are treated at the end of the period, this will be immediately recognized in the P&L as insurance revenue.

Insurance acquisition cash flows

IFRS 17 defines insurance acquisition cash flows as cash flows arising from the costs of selling, underwriting and starting a group of insurance contracts that are directly attributable to the portfolio of insurance contracts to which the group belongs. These include direct and indirect costs incurred in originating insurance contracts, including cashflows related to unsuccessful efforts to obtain new business.

Under the PAA, an entity can choose to immediately expense insurance acquisition cash flows in the P&L, when incurred if and only if each insurance contract in a group has a coverage period of one year or less.

8 Onerous contracts

The Group considers an insurance contract to be onerous if the expected fulfilment cash flows allocated to the contract, any previously recognized acquisition cash flows and any cash flows arising from the contract at the date of initial recognition in total result in a net cash outflow.

On initial recognition, the onerous assessment is done on an individual contract level assessing future expected cash flows on a probability-weighted basis including a risk adjustment for non-financial risk. Contracts expected on initial recognition to be loss-making are group together and such groups are measured and presented separately. Once contracts are allocated to a group, they are not re-allocated to another group, unless they are substantively modified.

On initial recognition, the CSM of the group of onerous contracts is nil and the group's measurement consists entirely of fulfilment cash flows. A net outflow expected from a group of contracts determined to be onerous is considered to be the group's loss component. It is initially calculated when the group is first considered to be onerous and is recognized at that date in profit or loss. The amount of the group's loss component is tracked for the purposes of presentation and subsequent measurement.

After the loss component is recognized, the Group allocates any subsequent changes in fulfilment cash flows of the LRC on a systematic basis between the loss component and the LRC excluding the loss component. For groups of onerous contracts, without direct participating features, the Group uses locked-in discount rates. They are determined at initial recognition to calculate the changes in the estimate of future cash flows relating to future service.

For all issued contracts, other than those accounted for applying the PAA, the subsequent changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the LRC to be allocated are:

- * Changes in risk adjustment for non-financial risk recognized in profit or loss representing release from risk in the period
- * Estimates of the present value of future cash flows for claims and expenses related from the LRC because of incurred insurance service expenses in the period.

For contracts that are measured under PAA, the assumption is that there are no onerous contracts at initial recognition, unless facts and circumstances indicate otherwise. If the measurement of the LIC result in a loss-making group, this does not translate to the LRC being onerous. In this case, the group will be assessed as to whether its LRC will be similar to the incurred experience and hence considered to be onerous.

If facts and circumstances indicate that a group of contracts is onerous during the coverage period, the onerous liability is calculated as the difference between:

- * the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage, and
- * the FCF that relates to remaining coverage similar to what is needed under the GMM

This difference is recognized as a loss and shall increase the liability for remaining coverage.

9 Measurement of Reinsurance Contracts Issued

9.1 Recognition

Proportional reinsurance contracts held will be first recognized on the later of the beginning of the coverage period of the reinsurance contract or the date that the first underlying insurance contract in the treaty is initially recognized.

For example, if we enter a surplus engineering reinsurance contract on 1 January, 2022 and the first engineering insurance policy in the treaty is written in February 2022, then the date of recognition of the surplus reinsurance contract will be February 2022. Though the contract agreement is in place in January, cashflows on the contract do not start until February.

Non-Proportionate reinsurance for example M&D, Fac and Liability Pool reinsurance coverage will be recognized at the beginning of the coverage period of the contract.

9.2 Reinsurance contracts held measured under PAA

All reinsurance contracts with contract boundaries not exceeding one year are automatically considered to meet PAA eligibility. Most of the Group's Surplus reinsurance contracts are immediately eligible for PAA as they are written on a clean-cut basis. At the end of the period, if there is change in reinsurer, the reinsurer will withdraw from the contract and the reinsurance held portfolio (including outstanding recoveries and ceded portion of unexpired premiums) is transferred to a new reinsurer.

A smaller number of surplus reinsurance contracts and Facultative contracts are written on an underwriting year basis. This basis extends the contract boundary beyond one year as coverage of contracts ceded to the treaty may continue even after the underwriting year has ended.

For example, if an insurance contract inception in April 2022 and ceded to the Fire Surplus reinsurance treaty (which inception 1 January, 2022), the contract boundary extends till April 2023 when the insurance contract will expire. So, the contract boundary for the reinsurance contract is beyond one year ie 1 Jan 2022 - 30 April 2023

Where the reinsurance contracts held covers a group of onerous underlying insurance contracts, the Company adjusts the carrying amount of the asset for remaining coverage and recognizes a gain when, in the same period, it reports a loss on initial recognition of an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts or on addition of onerous underlying insurance contracts to a group. The recognition of this gain results in the recognition for the loss recovery component of the asset for the remaining coverage of a group of reinsurance contracts held.

9.3 Modification and Derecognition

The Group derecognizes the original contract and recognizes the modified contract as a new contract. If the terms of insurance contracts are modified and the following conditions are met:

- * If the modified terms were included at contract inception and the Group would have concluded that the modified contract

Is outside of the scope of IFRS 17

- Results in a different insurance contract due to separating components from the host contract
- Results in a substantially different contract boundary
- Would be included in a different group of contracts

- * The original contract was accounted for applying the PAA, but the modified contract no longer meets the PAA eligibility criteria for that approach

If the contract modification meets any of the conditions, the Group performs all assessments applicable at initial recognition, derecognizes the original contract and recognizes the new modified contract as if it was entered for the first time.

If the contract modification does not meet any of the conditions, the Group treats the effect of the modification as changes in the estimates of fulfilment cash flows.

For insurance contracts accounted for applying the PAA, the Company adjusts insurance revenue prospectively from the time of the contract modification.

The Company derecognizes an insurance contract when, and only when the contract is:

- * Extinguished (when the obligation specified in the insurance contract expires or is discharged or cancelled)
- * Modified and the derecognition criteria are met

When the Group derecognizes an insurance contract from within a group of contracts, it

- * Adjusts the fulfilment cash flows allocated to the group to eliminate the present value of the future cash flows and risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to the rights and obligations that have been derecognized from the group

- * Adjust the CSM of the group for the change in the fulfilment cash flows (unless it relates to the increase or reversal of the loss component)

- * Adjusts the number of coverage units for expected remaining insurance contract services to reflect the coverage units derecognized from the group and recognizes in profit or loss in the period the amount of CSM based on that adjusted number.

When the Group derecognizes an insurance contract due to modification, it derecognizes the original insurance contract and recognizes a new one. The Group adjusts the CSM of the group from which the modified contract has been derecognized for the difference between the change in the carrying amount of the group as a result of adjustment to fulfilment cash flows due to derecognition and the premium the Group would have charged had it entered into a contract with equivalent terms as the new contract at the date of the contract modification, less any additional premium actually charged for the modification.

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10 Presentation

The Group has presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position the carrying amount of portfolio of insurance contracts that are assets and those that are liabilities and the portfolio of reinsurance contracts held that are assets and those that are liabilities

11 Insurance Revenue

When applying the PAA, the Group recognizes insurance revenue for the period based on the passage of time by allocating expected premium receipts including premium experience adjustments to each period of service

12 Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses arising from a group of insurance contracts issued comprises:

- * Changes in the LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in the period
- * Changes in the LIC related to claims and expenses incurred in prior period (related to past service)
- * Other directly attributable insurance service expenses incurred in the period
- * Amortization of insurance acquisition cash flows, which is recognized at the same amount in insurance service expenses
- * Loss component of onerous groups of contracts initially recognizes in the period
- * Changes in the LRC related to future service that do not adjust the CSM , because they are changes in the loss components of onerous groups of contracts

13 Income or expenses from Reinsurance Contracts Held

The Group presents income or expenses from a group of reinsurance contracts held in profit or loss for the period separately. Income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held are split into the following two amounts:

- * Amount recovered from reinsurers
- * An allocation of the premium paid

The Group presents cash flows as a result of claims as part of the amount recovered from reinsurers. Ceding commission emanating from reinsurance ceded are presented as a deduction in the premiums to be paid to the reinsurer which is then allocated to profit or loss

The Group establishes a loss recovery component of the asset for the remaining coverage for a group of reinsurance contracts held. This depicts the recovery of losses recognized on the initial recognition of an onerous group of underlying insurance contracts or on addition of onerous underlying insurance contracts to a group . The loss recovery component adjusts the CSM of the group of reinsurance contracts held. The loss recovery component is then adjusted to reflect:

- * Changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the underlying insurance contracts that relate to future service and do not adjust the CSM of the respective groups to which the underlying insurance contracts belong to.
- * Reversals of loss recovery component to the extent those reversals are not changes in the fulfilment cash flows of the group of reinsurance contracts held
- * Allocations of the loss recovery component against the amounts recovered from reinsurers reported in line with the associated reinsured incurred claims or expenses

When applying the PAA, the Group does not discount the liability for remaining coverage to reflect the time value of money and financial risk for non-life policies with a coverage period of one year or less. For those claims that the Group expects to be paid within one year or less from the date of incurrence, the Group does not adjust future cash flows for time value of money and the effects of financial risks. However, claims expected to take more than one year to settle are discounted applying the discount rate at the time the incurred claims is initially recognized.

14 Contracts existing at transition date

On transition date, 1 January, 2022, the Group:

- * Has identified, recognized and measured each group of insurance contracts as if IFRS 17 had always applied
- * Has identified, recognized and measured assets for insurance acquisition cash flows as if IFRS 17 had always applied.
- * Derecognized any existing balances that would not exist had IFRS 17 always applied
- * Recognized any resulting net difference in equity

In determining the appropriate transition approach, the following were considered:

- * the coverage period of the in-force policies
- * the availability of historical data and assumptions driving measurement and the ability to obtain these without undue cost and effort

15 Full Retrospective approach

On transition to IFRS 17, the Group applied the full retrospective approach.

The Group has applied the full retrospective approach on transition to all non-life short-term business in force at the transition date.

16 IFRS 17 Transition Reconciliation

Please see IFRS 17 Transition Reconciliations on page 50 to 53

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17 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

(a) Defined contribution plans

The Group operates a defined contributory pension scheme for eligible employees. Employees contribute 8% and the Group contribute 10% of the qualifying staff's salary in line with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act 2014. The Group pays contributions to pension fund administrator on a mandatory basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(b) Short-term benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are recognised as employee benefit expense and accrued when the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group.

18 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Other expenses are expenses other than claims, investment expenses, employee benefit, expenses for marketing and administration and underwriting expenses. They include rents, professional fee, depreciation expenses and other non-operating expenses. Other operating expenses are accounted for on accrual basis and recognised in the income statement upon utilization of the service or at the date of their origin.

19 INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSES

Interest income and expenses for all interest bearing financial instruments including financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, are recognised within investment income and finance cost in the income statement using the effective interest rate method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income.

20 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period excluding treasury shares held by the Group. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

21 SEGMENT REPORTING

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it can earn and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transaction with any of the Group's other components, whose revenues and operating results are reviewed regularly by Executive Management to make decisions about the resources allocated to each segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. All costs that are directly traceable to the operating segments are allocated to the segment concerned while indirect costs are allocated based on the benefits derived from such costs.

22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events which is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount cannot be reliably estimated. Contingent liabilities normally comprise of illegal claims under arbitration or court process in respect of which a liability is not likely to crystallise.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	1	13,002,432	11,875,168	12,634,729	11,639,742
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss	2.1	139,214	154,036	77,977	75,654
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	2.2	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
- At Amortised cost	2.3	2,105,427	1,580,455	2,105,427	1,580,455
Trade receivables	3	1,707,330	1,041,024	738,565	68,318
Reinsurance contract assets	4	3,706,268	2,113,142	3,706,268	2,113,142
Prepayments and other receivables	5	1,057,890	594,483	668,318	485,051
Investment in subsidiaries	6	-	-	677,045	677,045
Investment properties	7	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000
Intangible assets	8	528,247	539,048	486,679	492,161
Property, plant and equipment	9&10	4,685,052	4,556,548	4,176,865	4,041,320
Right of use asset	11	76,487	80,563		
Statutory deposit	12	315,000	315,000	315,000	315,000
Total assets		27,789,684	23,315,804	25,978,210	21,879,225
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	13	9,002,389	6,531,610	9,002,389	6,531,610
Trade payables	14	1,280,769	8,503	1,280,769	8,503
Other technical liabilities	15	301,842	819,983	255,879	819,983
Other payables	16	1,815,930	1,509,329	963,551	894,865
Income tax liabilities	17	730,255	542,307	686,269	525,980
Deferred tax	18	256,618	256,618	168,164	168,164
Total liabilities		13,387,803	9,668,349	12,357,021	8,949,105
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital	19	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Share premium	20	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Contingency reserves	21	2,614,749	2,394,226	2,614,749	2,394,226
Revaluation reserves	22	316,789	316,789	316,789	316,789
Fair value reserve	23	(353)	(353)	(353)	(353)
Retained earnings	24	5,846,011	5,330,877	5,331,277	4,860,732
Non controlling interest	25	14,135,922	13,400,265	13,621,189	12,930,121
Total Equity		14,401,881	13,647,455	13,621,189	12,930,121
Total liabilities and equity		27,789,684	23,315,804	25,978,210	21,879,225

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on April 17, 2025 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Samuel Ogbodu
FRC/2013/CIIN/00000002970
Managing Director/CEO



Mr. Olusegun Oginni
FRC/2014/ICAN/00000005733
Chief Financial Officer

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue	27	5,281,083	3,921,635	5,281,083	3,921,635
Insurance Service Expenses	28	(2,498,174)	(1,561,772)	(2,498,174)	(1,561,772)
Net Expenses from Reinsurance Contract	29	(925,448)	(305,782)	(925,448)	(305,782)
Insurance service result		1,857,461	2,054,081	1,857,461	2,054,081
Profit from concessionary arrangement		(2,261)	874	(2,261)	874
Net income from non-insurance subsidiaries	32	49,318	42,867	49,318	42,867
Investment income	33	390,850	231,255	390,850	231,255
Net realised gain/(loss) on financial assets		-	-	-	-
Net realised gain/(loss) on FA at Amortized cost		-	-	-	-
Net fair value (loss) on financial assets	34	2,323	21,789	2,323	21,789
Other operating income	35	(6,735)	1,414,540	(6,735)	1,414,540
Employee benefit expenses		(371,890)	(288,188)	(371,890)	(288,188)
Impairment loss	36	(27,249)	(51,932)	(27,249)	(51,932)
Other operating expenses	37	(948,027)	(635,292)	(948,027)	(635,292)
Results of operating activities		943,790	2,789,993	943,790	2,789,993
Finance costs	38	(1,416)	(961)	(1,416)	(961)
Profit/(loss) before tax		942,374	2,789,032	942,374	2,789,032
Income tax expense		(187,948)	(336,528)	(187,948)	(336,528)
Profit/(loss) for the period		754,426	2,452,504	754,426	2,452,504
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		735,657	2,440,052	735,657	2,440,052
Non-controlling interests		18,769	12,452	18,769	12,452
		754,426	2,452,504	754,426	2,452,504
Other comprehensive income:					
<i>Items within OCI that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Profit/Loss on available for sale financial assets					
<i>Items within OCI that may not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		754,426	2,452,504	754,426	2,452,504
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		735,657	2,440,052	735,657	2,440,052
Non-controlling interests		18,769	12,452	18,769	12,452
Total comprehensive income for the period		754,426	2,452,504	754,426	2,452,504
Earnings/(loss) per share:					
Basic Earnings/(loss) per share	40	13	42	13	42.0
Diluted Earnings/(loss) per share	40	13	42	13	42.0

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
(IN THOUSAND OF NIGERIAN NAIRA UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED)

	NOTES	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue	41	4,590,259	3,322,414	4,590,259	3,322,414
Insurance Service Expenses	42	(2,114,931)	(1,218,279)	(2,114,931)	(1,218,279)
Net Expenses from Reinsurance Contract	43	(925,448)	(305,781)	(925,448)	(305,781)
Insurance service result		1,549,880	1,798,354	1,549,880	1,798,354
Profit from concessionary arrangement		(2,261)	874	(2,261)	874
Net income from non-insurance subsidiaries	47	-	-	-	-
Investment income	48	384,863	226,873	384,863	226,873
Net realised gain/(loss) on assets		1,459	-	1,459	-
Net realised gain/(loss) on FA at Amortized cost		-	-	-	-
Net fair value (loss) on financial assets	49	2,323	21,789	2,323	21,789
Other operating income	50	(10,163)	1,397,403	(10,163)	1,397,403
Employee benefit expenses		(234,267)	(148,608)	(234,267)	(148,608)
Impairment loss	51	(27,250)	(51,932)	(27,250)	(51,932)
Other operating expenses	52	(813,227)	(530,456)	(813,227)	(530,456)
Results of operating activities		851,357	2,714,297	851,357	2,714,297
Finance costs	53	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) before tax		851,357	2,714,297	851,357	2,714,297
Income tax expense		(160,289)	(317,731)	(160,289)	(317,731)
Profit/(loss) for the period		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-
		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Other comprehensive income:					
<i>Items within OCI that may be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Profit/Loss on available for sale financial assets					
<i>Items within OCI that may not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>					
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Earnings/(loss) per share:					
Basic Earnings / (loss) per share	54	12	41	12	41
Diluted Earnings/ (loss) per share	54	12	41	12	41

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Group	Share capital	Share premium	Revaluation reserves	Fair value reserve	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-Controlling interest	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	316,789	(353)	2,394,226		5,330,877	13,400,265	247,189	13,647,455
Total Comprehensive income for the period										
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-		735,657	735,657	18,769	754,426
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	220,523		(220,523)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income:										
Fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	220,523		515,134	735,657	18,769	754,426
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity contributions by and distributions to owners										
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfer from non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March, 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	316,789	(353)	2,614,749		5,846,011	14,135,922	265,959	14,401,881

Group	Share capital	Share premium	Revaluation reserves	Fair value reserve	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	Non-Controlling interest	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	63,089	(417)	1,676,934		2,750,434	9,848,766	266,674	10,115,440
Total Comprehensive income for the period										
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-		2,440,052	2,440,052	12,452	2,452,504
IFRS 17 Opening Transition							-	-	-	-
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	171,844		(171,844)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income:										
Fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	171,844		2,268,208	2,440,052	12,452	2,452,504
Prior year adjustment										
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in										
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfer from non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March, 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	63,089	(417)	1,848,778		5,018,642	12,288,818	279,126	12,567,944

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Company	Share capital	Share premium	Fair Value reserves	Revaluation reserves	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	(353)	316,789	2,394,226		4,860,732	12,930,121
Total Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	691,068	691,068
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	220,523	-	(220,523)	-
Other comprehensive income:								
Fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	220,523	-	470,545	691,068
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity contributions by and distributions to owners								
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in share capital and share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March, 2025	2,905,400	2,453,326	(353)	316,789	2,614,750		5,331,277	13,621,189

Company	Share capital	Share premium	Fair Value reserves	Revaluation reserves	Contingency reserves	Insurance finance reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	(417)	63,089	1,676,934		2,280,307	9,378,639
Total Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,396,564	2,396,564
IFRS 17 Opening Transition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to contingency reserves	-	-	-	-	171,844	-	(171,844)	-
Other comprehensive income:								
Fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	171,844	-	2,224,720	2,396,564
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity contributions by and distributions to owners								
Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in share capital and share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2024	2,905,400	2,453,326	(417)	63,089	1,848,778		4,505,027	11,775,203

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
(IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA)

	NOTES	Group 2025	Group 2024	Company 2025	Company 2024
Premium received from intermediaries-30 days after year end		68,318	-	68,318	-
Premium received from policy holders at initial recognition		7,625,968	4,629,014	6,893,473	4,267,094
Deposit for premium		255,879	157,533	255,879	157,533
Commission received		(108,499)	255,989	(108,499)	255,989
Receipt from reinsurance recovery		212,731	419,709	212,731	419,709
Claims paid		(1,178,179)	(707,911)	(891,816)	(390,376)
Commission paid		(905,718)	(1,003,204)	(808,827)	(980,642)
Maintenance cost		(141,438)	(122,729)	(141,449)	(96,771)
Reinsurance premium paid		(1,555,042)	(1,286,358)	(1,555,042)	(1,286,358)
Other operating income		31,150	40,761	29,181	24,726
Exchange gain		(39,365)	1,356,528	(39,365)	1,356,528
Operating costs and payment to employees		(1,220,292)	(878,726)	(985,287)	(499,458)
Tax paid		-	-	-	-
Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,045,513	2,860,606	2,929,297	3,227,974
Cash flows from investing activities					
Additions to investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Additions to Investment properties		-	-	-	-
Additions to Intangible assets	9	(6,508)	(2,500)	(6,508)	(2,500)
Rental income		12,949	12,241	12,417	9,643
Interest income received		340,111	197,113	335,201	195,507
Proceeds from claims salvages		8,638	13,006	8,638	13,006
Disposal of Financial assets at amortised costs		-	-	-	-
Dividend received		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of Property Plant & Equipment		1,459	16,142	-	16,142
Additions to property, plant and equipment	10	(186,616)	(119,263)	(178,632)	(31,397)
Additions to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-	-	-
Addition to Financial assets at amortised costs		(2,105,427)	(102,891)	(2,105,427)	(102,891)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		17,145	-	-	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(1,918,249)	13,848	(1,934,311)	97,510
Cash flows from financing activities					
Cost of private placement		-	-	-	-
Payment of lease liability		-	-	-	-
Dividend Paid		-	-	-	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities		-	-	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,127,264	2,874,454	994,987	3,325,484
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward		11,875,168	8,259,010	11,639,742	7,744,591
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward		13,002,432	11,133,464	12,634,729	11,070,075

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

1.0 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with original maturity of less than 90 days.

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
Cash in hand	0	-	0	0
Cash at bank	1,322,769	2,455,347	1,151,717	2,334,550
Placements with financial institutions	11,773,801	9,486,847	11,577,015	9,372,083
	13,096,570	11,942,194	12,728,732	11,706,633
Less: Impairment on placements	(94,138)	(67,026)	(94,003)	(66,890)
	13,002,432	11,875,168	12,634,729	11,639,742
Deposits with banks earned interest at floating rates based on the daily rates. Cash and deposits are available for use in the company's day-to-day operations.				
Cash and bank overdrafts include the following for the purposes of the cash flow statement:				
Cash at bank and in hand	13,002,432	11,875,168	12,634,729	11,639,742
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-
	13,002,432	11,875,168	12,634,729	11,639,742

2.0 FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group's financial assets are summarized below by measurement category in the table below:

2.1 - At fair value through profit or loss	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Quoted shares	139,214	154,036	77,977	75,654
2.1a Details of fair value through profit or loss				
Opening balance	154,036	131,983	75,654	59,902
Purchases during the period	-	-	-	-
Disposal during the period	(17,145)	-	-	-
Net fair value gain/(loss)	2,323	22,053	2,323	15,752
Closing balance	139,214	154,036	77,977	75,654
2.1b Realised gain/(loss) from disposal of Fair value through profit or loss financial assets				
Fair value of consideration received	-	-	-	-
less: fair value of financial assets sold	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
2.2 - At fair value through other comprehensive income	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Trustbond mortgage bank	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
Fair value as at January 1	1,337	1,272	1,337	1,272
Fair value gain	-	65	-	65
	1,337	1,337	1,337	1,337
2.3 - Held at Amortised cost	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
FGN Treasury bills	2,105,564	1,580,455	2,105,564	1,580,455
FGN Bonds	-	-	-	-
CBN Special bills	-	-	-	-
	2,105,564	1,580,455	2,105,564	1,580,455
Less: impairment	(137)	-	(137)	-
	2,105,427	1,580,455	2,105,427	1,580,455

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

3.0 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
Insurance premium receivables from intermediaries(see below)	738,565	68,318	738,565	68,318
Other trade receivables	1,050,904	1,051,998	-	-
Less: Provision for impairment:	(82,139)	(79,292)		
Balance as at 31 Mar, 2025 (IFRS 17)	1,707,330	1,041,024	738,565	68,318

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers for the period

3.1 The make up of the trade receivables are as follows:

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
Brokers	1,707,330	1,041,024	738,565	68,318
Coinsurance	-	-	-	-
Agents	-	-	-	-
Total	1,707,330	1,041,024	738,565	68,318

4.0 REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
Reinsurance Assets for remaining Coverage (ARC)Net of DCI	2,724,094	918,237	2,724,094	918,237
Loss recovery component (LRC)	11,556	11,556	11,556	11,556
Reinsurance Assets for incurred Claims (AIC)	970,618	1,183,349	970,618	1,183,349
Balance as at 30 Sept, 2024 - IFRS 17	3,706,268	2,113,142	3,706,268	2,113,142

The movement in Reinsurance assets for remaining coverage is as follows:

	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Reinsurance assets for remaining coverage (ARC) - Gross	3,303,813	1,222,369	3,303,813	1,222,369
Deferred commission income	(579,719)	(292,576)	(579,719)	(292,576)
Closing balance	2,724,094	929,793	2,724,094	929,793

(i) Reinsurance receivables are to be settled on demand and the carrying amount is not significantly different from the fair value.

(ii) Reinsurance assets are not impaired as balances are set-off against payables from retrocession.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH, 2025
IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

Reinsurance contracts

4 RECONCILIATION OF REINSURANCE RECOVERY OF LIABILITY FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND LIABILITIES FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Group 2025 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	918,236	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,141
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	918,236	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,141
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,029,233)		-	(1,029,233)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-		208,017	208,017
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	108,499	-	-	108,499
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts		-	-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	108,499	-	208,017	316,516
Investment components				
Other pre-recognition cash flows derecognised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(920,734)	-	208,017	(712,717)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(920,734)	-	208,017	(712,717)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	1,338,044	-	-	1,338,044
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	108,499	-	-	108,499
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(212,731)	(212,731)
Total cash flows	1,446,543	-	(212,731)	1,233,812
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	1,280,049		(208,017)	1,072,032
ECL allowance during the year	1,280,049		-	1,280,049
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract assets	2,724,094	11,556	970,618	3,706,268
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Mar - reinsurance contract liabilities	2,724,094	11,556	970,618	3,706,268

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	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Company 2025 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	918,236	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,141
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 1 Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	918,236	11,556	1,183,349	2,113,141
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,029,233)		-	(1,029,233)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-		208,017	208,017
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	108,499	-	-	108,499
Income on initial recoqniton of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts				
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	(920,734)	-	208,017	(712,717)
Investment components				
Other pre-recoqniton cash flows derecoqnisd and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(920,734)	-	208,017	(712,717)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(920,734)	-	208,017	(712,717)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	1,338,044	-	-	1,338,044
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	108,499	-	-	108,499
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(212,731)	(212,731)
Total cash flows	1,446,543	-	(212,731)	1,233,812
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)	1,280,049		(208,017)	1,072,032
ECL allowance during the year	1,280,049		-	1,280,049
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract assets	2,724,094	11,556	970,618	3,706,268
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Mar - reinsurance contract liabilities	2,724,094	11,556	970,618	3,706,268

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Reinsurance contracts

4.1 RECONCILIATION OF ASSET FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND ASSET FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Remaining Coverage Excluding loss recoverig Component	Group 2024 Loss - recovering Component	Incurred Claims	Total
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets(adjusted)	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,286,358)	-	-	(1,286,358)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-	-	217,894	217,894
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	99,879	-	-	99,879
Income on initial recoqnition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts			-	-
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	99,879	-	217,894	317,773
Investment components				
Other pre-recoqnition cash flows derecoqnised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-preformance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,186,479)	-	217,894	(968,585)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,186,479)	-	217,894	(968,585)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	1,749,404	-	-	1,749,404
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	99,879	-	-	99,879
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(419,708)	(419,708)
Total cash flows	1,849,283	-	(419,708)	1,429,575
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)				
ECL allowance during the year			-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract assets	1,235,570	11,476	880,518	2,127,564
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Mar - reinsurance contract liabilities	1,235,570	11,476	880,518	2,127,564

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	Company 2024			
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Balance as at Jan - reinsurance contract assets(adjusted)	572,766	11,476	1,082,332	1,666,574
Changes in the Statement of profit or loss and OCI				
Allocation of reinsurance premium paid	(1,286,358)	-	-	(1,286,358)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:				
Recoveries of incurred claims	-	-	217,894	217,894
Other incurred directly attributable expenses-risk adjustment	-	-	-	-
Commission income earned during the year	99,879	-	-	99,879
Income on initial recognition of onerous underlying contracts	-	-	-	-
Recoveries and reversals of recoveries of losses on onerous underlying contracts		-		
Adjustments to assets for incurred claims				
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers:	99,879	-	217,894	317,773
Investment components				
Other pre-recognition cash flows derecognised and other changes				
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers				
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts	(1,186,479)	-	217,894	(968,585)
Net finance income from reinsurance contracts	-	-	-	-
Effect of movements in exchange rates	-	-	-	-
Total changes in the statement of profit or loss and OCI	(1,186,479)	-	217,894	(968,585)
Cash flows				
Reinsurance Premium paid (New contracts)	1,749,404	-	-	1,749,404
Commission and fees received at initial recognition	99,879	-	-	99,879
Claims and risk adjustment recovered from reinsurance	-	-	(419,708)	(419,708)
Total cash flows	1,849,283	-	(419,708)	1,429,575
Non-Cash flow items				
Reinsurance premium payable (new contracts)				
ECL allowance during the year			-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract assets	1,235,570	11,476	880,518	2,127,564
Balance as at 31 Mar- reinsurance contract liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net Balance as at 31 Mar - reinsurance contract liabilities	1,235,570	11,476	880,518	2,127,564

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5 OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENT	Group		Company	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Other receivables (Note 5.1)	298,396	64,610	285,233	51,652
Due from related companies (Note 5.2)	52,102	21,573	24,072	24,072
Due from Equity Resort hotel (Note 5.3)	430,759	435,020	348,455	352,716
Prepayments - staff	200,114	3,043	3,043	3,043
Prepayments - others	213,921	141,050	144,917	112,832
	1,195,292	665,297	805,720	544,315
Less: Impairment	(137,402)	(70,814)	(137,402)	(59,264)
	1,057,890	594,483	668,318	485,051
Current	764,533	230,277	457,265	191,599
Non-current	430,759	435,020	348,455	352,716
5.1 OTHER RECEIVABLES				
Investment receivables	7,309	14,445	7,309	14,445
Withholding tax receivables	78,363	70,070	73,340	65,047
Sundry receivables	366,403	211,911	358,263	203,975
	452,075	296,426	438,912	283,468
Less: Impairment	(153,679)	(231,816)	(153,679)	(231,816)
	298,396	64,610	285,233	51,652
5.2 DUE FROM RELATED PARTIES				
Equity Micro Life Insurance Company Limited	2,062	2,062	2,062	2,062
Sunu Assurance Limited, Ghana	-	-	-	-
EA Capital Management Limited	14,668	9,207	15,903	15,903
Sunu Assurances via Cotedivoie	-	-	-	-
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	31,255	6,187	1,990	1,990
Equity Assurance Limited, Liberia	4,117	4,117	4,117	4,117
	52,102	21,573	24,072	24,072
5.3 DUE FROM EQUITY RESORT HOTEL LIMITED				
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
At 1 January	435,020	378,175	352,716	295,871
Reimbursable expenses incurred	2,000	5,855	2,000	5,855
Repayment during the period	(4,000)	-	(4,000)	-
Profit/(loss) from concessionary arrangement	(2,261)	50,990	(2,261)	50,990
Closing balance	430,759	435,020	348,455	352,716
6 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES				
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	278,294	278,294
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited (MHS))	-	-	398,751	398,751
	-	-	677,045	677,045

Principal subsidiary undertakings:

The Group is controlled by Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc "the company" (incorporated in Nigeria). The controlling interest of Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc in the Group entities is disclosed in the table below:

Company name	Nature of business	% of equity capital controlled	
		Mar-25	Dec-24
EA Capital Management Limited	Asset management	100	100
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited (formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited (MHS))	Health management	67.3	67.3

- EA Capital Management Limited was incorporated on October 29, 2008 as a private limited liability company primarily to carry on the business of finance leases to both individual and corporate clients. Its registered office is at Plot 1196 Bishop Oluwole Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, Nigeria.

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2 Sunu Health Nigeria Limited formerly Managed HealthCare Services Limited was incorporated on December 11, 1997 to carry on the business of health management. It is a nationally licensed Health Management Organization(HMO), accredited by the National Health Insurance Scheme (NHIS). It has its head office at 174B Murtala Muhammed Way, Adekunle Bus-Stop, Ayodele street Junction. Ebute Metta. Lagos. Nigeria and twelve branches across major cities in Nigeria.

7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
Balance at 1 January	465,000	414,592	390,000	355,875
Additions	-	16,800	-	517
Revaluation		33,608	-	33,608
Closing balance	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000

The investment properties are being held as follows:

Investment properties held by the Company:	390,000	390,000	390,000	390,000
Investment properties held by EA Capital	74,999	74,999	-	-
	465,000	465,000	390,000	390,000

The Investment Properties were independently valued by Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners, with FRC No FRC/2024/COY/013939 on December 29, 2024 to ascertain the open market value using the market comparison approach through analysis of recent transaction of sale of comparable within the neighbourhood.

The report was signed by Oyeyemi Timothy Abiodun, of Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners with FRC NO. FRC/2013/PRO/NIESV/004/00000004761.

8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Group Mar 2025	Group Dec 2024	Company Mar 2025	Company Dec 2024
COST				
Balance at 1 January	1,476,835	1,385,433	1,269,022	1,262,034
Additions	6,508	91,402	6,508	6,988
Write off - EA Capital		0		
Closing balance	1,483,343	1,476,835	1,275,530	1,269,022
ACCUMMULATED AMORTISATION				
Balance at 1 January	937,787	833,605	776,861	729,569
Amortisation charge for the period	31,429	104,182	11,990	47,292
Write off - EA Capital		0		
Closing balance	969,216	937,787	788,851	776,861
	-	-		
Carrying value	528,247	539,048	486,679	492,161

The closing net book of the intangible assets comprises the following:

Computer Software	63,824	63,824	22,256	16,937
Leasehold improvements on Equity Resort hotels	464,423	475,224	464,423	475,224

The Parent company was granted a concession right in 2010 by the Ogun state Government to manage the affair of Equity resort hotel, Ijebu-ode for the period of 25 years. The sum of N1.152 billion was spent to refurbish the hotel to enable it meet international standards. This sum above represents the carrying amount at cost of the improvements carried out on the hotel.

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9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (GROUP)

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Office Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture and Fittings	ICT Equipment	Bill Board	Total
COST								
At 1 January 2025	1,383,912	2,697,585	243,394	978,018	99,803	108,262	15,090	5,526,064
Additions	-	-	1,197	171,531	478	13,410	-	186,616
Disposals	-	-	(2,715)	(6,787)	-	-	-	(9,502)
At 31 Mar 2025	1,383,912	2,697,585	241,876	1,142,762	100,281	121,672	15,090	5,703,178
At 1 January 2024	1,199,812	2,508,596	216,916	749,152	91,982	90,559	15,090	4,872,107
Additions	-	-	2,036	115,005	372	1,850	-	119,263
Disposals	-	-	-	(95,597)	-	-	-	(95,597)
At 31 Mar 2024	1,199,812	2,508,596	218,952	768,560	92,354	92,409	15,090	4,895,773
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
At 1 January 2025	-	225,700	167,120	427,746	78,954	68,816	11,294	979,630
Re-classification	-	-	-	(15,670)	-	-	-	(15,670)
Charge for the period	-	13,435	5,427	39,824	1,491	2,669	211	63,057
Disposals	-	-	(2,444)	(6,447)	-	-	-	(8,891)
At 31 Mar 2025	-	239,135	170,103	445,453	80,445	71,485	11,505	1,018,126
At 1 January 2024	-	179,422	149,987	458,178	73,421	61,145	10,325	932,478
Charge for the period	-	11,569	4,223	25,461	1,348	1,809	287	44,697
Disposals	-	-	-	(91,239)	-	-	-	(91,239)
At 31 Mar 2024	-	190,991	154,210	392,400	74,769	62,954	10,612	885,936
CARRYING VALUE								
At 31 Mar 2025	1,383,912	2,458,450	71,773	697,309	19,836	50,186	3,585	4,685,052
31 Mar, 2024	1,199,812	2,317,605	64,742	376,160	17,585	29,455	4,478	4,009,837
At 31 December, 2024	1,199,812	2,655,984	76,627	560,926	20,833	38,570	3,796	4,556,548

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10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (COMPANY)

	Leasehold Land	Buildings	Office Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	ICT Equipment	Bill Board	Total
COST								
At 1 January 2025	1,199,812	2,436,210	116,581	742,158	69,641	107,578	15,090	4,687,071
Re-classification			(1,747)					(1,747)
Additions	-	-	-	164,744	478	13,410	-	178,632
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 Mar 2025	1,199,812	2,436,210	114,834	906,902	70,119	120,988	15,090	4,863,956
At 1 January 2024	1,199,812	2,063,121	115,082	492,007	62,146	90,559	15,090	4,037,817
Additions	-	-	-	29,175	372	1,850	-	31,397
Disposals	-	-	-	(74,597)	-	-	-	(74,597)
At 31 Mar 2024	1,199,812	2,063,121	115,082	446,585	62,518	92,409	15,090	3,994,617
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
At 1 January 2025	-	167,754	78,904	267,964	51,682	68,166	11,295	645,765
Re-classification			(8,892)					(8,892)
Charge for the period	-	12,181	1,978	31,989	1,190	2,669	211	50,218
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 Mar 2025	-	179,935	71,990	299,953	52,872	70,835	11,506	687,091
At 1 January 2024	-	126,492	71,249	320,249	47,253	60,304	10,325	635,872
Additions	-	10,316	2,018	15,585	1,029	1,809	287	31,044
Disposals	-	-	-	(70,239)	-	-	-	(70,239)
At 31 Mar 2024	-	136,808	73,267	265,595	48,282	62,113	10,612	596,677
CARRYING VALUE								
At 31 Mar 2025	1,199,812	2,256,275	42,844	606,949	17,247	50,153	3,585	4,176,865
31 Mar, 2024	1,199,812	1,926,313	41,815	180,990	14,236	30,296	4,478	3,397,940
At 31 December, 2024	1,199,812	2,268,456	37,677	474,194	17,959	39,412	3,796	4,041,320

10.1 Valuation of properties

Land and building held by Sunu Assurances Plc was independently valued by Timothy Oyeyemi & Partners, with FRC No. FRC/2024/COY/013939 on December 29, 2024 to ascertain the open market value of the land and building.

The fair value of land and buildings is determined by discounting the expected cash flows of the properties based upon internal plans and assumptions and comparable market transactions. The work was carried out by Mr. Oyeyemi Timothy Abiodun with FRC No. FRC/2013/PRO/NIESV/004/00000004761.

10.2 Assets pledged as security

None of the Company's property, plant and equipment was pledged as security for facility.

10.3 Capital commitment

The Group had no commitments for capital expenditure as at the statement of financial position date (2024: Nil) and no borrowing costs was capitalised in the current period (2024: Nil)

10.4 There were no impairment losses recognized during the period (2024:Nil).

	Lease Assets	Right of Use Assets	Mar 2025	Lease Assets	Right of Use Assets	Dec 2024
11 Right of use Asset						
At 1 January, 2025		16,979	16,979		16,979	16,979
Additions	85,830		85,830	85,830		85,830
At 31 Mar, 2025	85,830	16,979	102,809	85,830	16,979	102,809
Accumulated Depreciation:						
At 1 January, 2025	10,643	11,603	22,246		5,943	5,943
Charge for the year	2,661	1,415	4,076	10,643	5,660	16,303
At 31 Mar, 2025	13,304	13,018	26,322	10,643	11,603	22,246
Carrying amount						
At 31 Mar, 2025	72,526	3,961	76,487	75,187	5,376	80,563

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12 STATUTORY DEPOSIT	Group		Company	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Closing balance	315,000	315,000	315,000	315,000

This represents deposit with the Central Bank of Nigeria in accordance with Section 10(3) of the Insurance Act CAP I17 LFN 2004

13 NOTES SUPPORTING INSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS DISCLOSURES

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	Mar 31 2025	Mar 31 2024	Mar 31 2025	Mar 31 2024
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Insurance and reinsurance contract assets/liabilities are as follows:				
Insurance contract assets:				
Insurance contract liabilities (plus DAC)	9,582,108	7,634,889	9,582,108	7,634,889
Reinsurance contract assets (plus DCI)	4,353,590	2,403,023	4,353,590	2,403,023
Net Insurance and reinsurance contract assets/liabilities are as follows:	5,228,518	5,231,866	5,228,518	5,231,866
Insurance contract liabilities (IFRS 17)				
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Net of DAC	5,154,194	4,415,794	5,154,194	4,415,794
Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC)	3,848,193	2,670,951	3,848,193	2,670,951
	9,002,387	7,086,745	9,002,387	7,086,745
Liabilities for remaining coverage(LRC)				
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) -gross	5,733,913	4,963,938	5,733,913	4,963,938
Deferred acquisition cost (DAC)	(579,719)	(548,144)	(579,719)	(548,144)
LRC less DAC	5,154,195	4,415,794	5,154,194	4,415,794
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Gross				
Balance as at 1st January-Plus LoC	2,393,676	2,010,065	2,393,676	2,010,065
Premium initially recognised on all insurance contracts during year	3,340,237	2,953,873	3,340,237	2,953,873
Liabilities for remaining coverage (LRC) - Gross	5,733,914	4,963,938	5,733,914	4,963,938
Loss Component (LoC)				
Balance as at 1st January IFRS 17	22,852	61,572	22,852	61,572
Remeasurement - increase in loss component during the year	-	-	-	-
Recovery from loss component during the year	-	-	-	-
	22,852	61,572	22,852	61,572

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13 RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITY FOR REMAINING COVERAGE AND LIABILITIES FOR INCURRED CLAIMS

	Group 2025				Insurance contract liabilities Total
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC) Excluding loss component	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC) Estimates of Present value of future cash flows	Risk Adjustment	
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Insurance revenue	(5,281,083)	-	-	-	(5,281,083)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	879,801	-	879,801
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	879,801	-	879,801
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	897,215	-	-	-	897,215
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	141,438	-	-	-	141,438
Insurance finance expenses	1,038,653	-	879,801	-	1,918,454
Insurance service result	(4,242,430)	-	879,801	-	(3,362,629)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(4,242,430)	-	879,801	-	(3,362,629)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	7,303,758	-	-	-	7,303,758
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(897,215)	-	-	-	(897,215)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(141,438)	-	-	-	(141,438)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(1,169,541)	-	(1,169,541)
Total cash flows (Net)	6,265,105	-	(1,169,541)	-	5,095,564
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(720)	-	-	-	(720)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	738,564	-	-	-	738,564
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	737,844	-	-	-	737,844
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	5,131,342	22,852	3,530,348	317,846	9,002,389
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar - Net Insurance contract liabilities	5,131,342	22,852	3,530,348	317,846	9,002,389

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	Company 2025				Insurance contract liabilities Total
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC) Excluding loss component	Loss Component (LoC) Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC) Estimates of Present value of future cash flows	Risk Adjustment	
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	2,370,823	22,852	3,820,088	317,846	6,531,609
Insurance revenue	(4,590,259)	-	-	-	(4,590,259)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	593,438	-	593,438
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	800,324	-	-	-	800,324
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	141,449	-	-	-	141,449
Insurance finance expenses	941,773	-	593,438	-	1,535,211
Insurance service result	(3,648,486)	-	593,438	-	(3,055,048)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(3,648,486)	-	593,438	-	(3,055,048)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	6,612,935	-	-	-	6,612,935
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(800,324)	-	-	-	(800,324)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(141,449)	-	-	-	(141,449)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(883,178)	-	(883,178)
Total cash flows (Net)	5,671,162	-	(883,178)	-	4,787,984
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(720)	-	-	-	(720)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	738,564	-	-	-	738,564
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	737,844	-	-	-	737,844
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	5,131,343	22,852	3,530,348	317,846	9,002,389
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar - Net Insurance contract liabilities	5,131,343	22,852	3,530,348	317,846	9,002,389

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	Liabilities for the remaining coverage(LRC) Excluding loss component	Group 2024		Risk Adjustment	Insurance contract liabilities Total
		Loss Component (LoC) Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC) Estimates of Present value of future cash flows		
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	1,948,496	61,572	2,811,893	138,063	4,960,024
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	1,948,496	61,572	2,811,893	138,063	4,960,024
Insurance revenue	(3,375,642)	-	-	-	(3,375,642)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	471,247	-	471,247
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	474,999	-	-	-	474,999
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	124,882	-	-	-	124,882
Insurance finance expenses	599,881	-	471,247	-	1,071,128
Insurance service result	(2,775,762)	-	471,247	-	(2,304,514)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(2,775,762)	-	471,247	-	(2,304,514)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	4,484,272	-	-	-	4,484,272
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(474,999)	-	-	-	(474,999)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(124,882)	-	-	-	(124,882)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(750,250)	-	(750,250)
Total cash flows (Net)	3,884,391	-	(750,250)	-	3,134,141
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(2,095)	-	-	-	(2,095)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	1,299,189	-	-	-	1,299,189
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	1,297,094	-	-	-	1,297,094
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	4,354,220	61,572	2,532,890	138,063	7,086,745
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar - Net Insurance contract liabilities	4,354,220	61,572	2,532,890	138,063	7,086,745

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	Company 2024				Insurance contract liabilities Total
	Liabilities for the remaining coverage (LRC) Excluding loss component	Loss component	Liabilities for incurred claims (LIC) Estimates of Present value of future cash flows	Risk Adjustment	
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract liabilities	1,948,493	61,574	2,811,890	138,064	4,960,021
Balance as at 1 Jan - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 1 Jan - Net Insurance contract liabilities (A)	1,948,493	61,574	2,811,890	138,064	4,960,021
Insurance revenue	(2,774,269)	-	-	-	(2,774,269)
Insurance service expenses	-	-	153,712	-	153,712
Insurance service expenses - Claims incurred and risk adjustment	-	-	153,712	-	153,712
Insurance service expenses - Acquisition cost amortized during the year	474,999	-	-	-	474,999
Insurance service expenses - Other underwriting cost expensed during the year	96,771	-	-	-	96,771
Insurance finance expenses	571,770	-	153,712	-	725,482
Insurance service result	(2,202,499)	-	153,712	-	(2,048,787)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Total amounts recognised in comprehensive income	(2,202,499)	-	153,712	-	(2,048,787)
Cash inflow	-	-	-	-	-
Cash inflow - Premium initially recognised during the year	3,882,901	-	-	-	3,882,901
Cash outflows - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(474,999)	-	-	-	(474,999)
Cash outflows - Other underwriting cost initially recognised during the year	(96,771)	-	-	-	(96,771)
Cash outflows - claims & risk adjustment	-	-	(432,715)	-	(432,715)
Total cash flows (Net)	3,311,132	-	(432,715)	-	2,878,416
Commission payable to intermediaries - Acquisition cost initially recognised during the year	(2,095)	-	-	-	(2,095)
Receivables from intermediaries - Premium initially recognised during the year	1,299,189	-	-	-	1,299,189
Impact on equity - initial adoption of IFRS 17	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of receivables & payables on insurance oncontracts	1,297,094	-	-	-	1,297,094
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract liabilities (B)	4,354,220	61,574	2,532,887	138,064	7,086,745
Balance as at 31 Mar - Insurance contract assets	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 Mar - Net Insurance contract liabilities	4,354,220	61,574	2,532,887	138,064	7,086,745

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13.2 The movement in liability for incurred claims reported and loss adjustment expenses is as follows

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,291,802	2,215,700	3,291,802	2,215,700
Increase during the year	(63,783)	1,076,102	(63,783)	1,076,102
IFRS 17 Adjustment- Add. Liability for incurred claims				
Balance at the end of the year	3,228,019	3,291,802	3,228,019	3,291,802

14 TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables represent liabilities to Agents, Brokers and Re-insurers as at year end.

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Commission payable	720	8,503	720	8,503
Reinsurance and coinsurance payable	1,280,049	-	1,280,049	-
	1,280,769	8,503	1,280,769	8,503

14.1 Commission payable

Commission payable represent commission owned Agents and Brokers as at year end.

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Balance at the beginning of the year	8,503	3,859	8,503	3,859
Additions during the year	1,298,307	2,290,171	1,298,307	2,290,171
Payment during the year	(1,306,090)	(2,285,527)	(1,306,090)	(2,285,527)
Balance at the end of the year	720	8,503	720	8,503

14.2 Reinsurance payable

Reinsurance payable represent liabilities to Re-insurers as at year end.

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Balance at the beginning of the year	315,232	19,705	315,232	19,705
Additions during the year (Note 34)	2,519,859	4,761,422	2,519,859	4,761,422
Payment during the year	(1,555,042)	(4,465,895)	(1,555,042)	(4,465,895)
Balance at the end of the year	1,280,049	315,232	1,280,049	315,232

15 Other Technical Liabilities

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Deposit for premium	301,842	819,983	255,879	819,983
	301,842	819,983	255,879	819,983

16 Other Payables and Accruals

	Mar-25	Dec-24	Mar-25	Dec-24
Due to related parties (Note 16.1)	37,387	37,359	35,312	35,575
Deferred income (Note 16.2)	500,002	237,488	-	-
Deferred charges - Claims	-	-	-	-
Dividend payable	26,491	26,491	26,491	26,491
Withholding tax payable	32,099	36,473	14,412	22,744
Obligation under finance lease	31,158	39,588	-	-
Staff pension & gratuity	2,919	2,919	2,919	2,919
Unclaimed dividend	30,778	30,778	30,778	30,778
Interest received in advance	181,985	156,127	177,779	152,847
Unearned commission	-	0	0	0
Sundry creditors	442,399	505,876	262,786	253,114
Accrued expenses	530,712	436,230	413,074	370,397
	1,815,930	1,509,329	963,551	894,865
Current	1,315,928	1,271,841	963,551	894,865
Non-current	500,002	237,488	-	-

16.1 DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	1,792	2,055
Equity Assurance Limited, Ghana	4,736	4,736	-	-
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited formerly Managed Healthcare	3,868	3,840	0	-
Sunu Group	28,783	28,783	33,520	33,520
	37,387	37,359	35,312	35,575

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16.2 This represents unearned income from the businesses of EA Capital Management Limited- N43.779Million (December 31, 2023- N39.149Million) and Sunu Health Nigeria Limited- N194.479Million (December 31, 2023-N441.677Million).

17 CURRENT INCOME TAX LIABILITIES

The movement in this account during the period was as

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Balance as at January 1	542,307	116,328	525,980	74,540
Adjustment	-	-	-	-
WHT tax credit offset	-	(46,058)	-	(46,058)
Charge for the period	187,948	594,924	160,289	543,696
Payment during the period	-	(122,887)	-	(46,197)
Closing balance	730,255	542,307	686,269	525,980

17.1 The tax charge for the period comprises:

Company income tax

-Sunu Assurances Nigeria Plc	160,289	543,696	160,289	543,696
-Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	26,604	44,754	-	-
-EA Capital Management Limited	1,055	6,474	-	-
Underprovision in previous year- Sunu Assurances	0	-	-	-
	187,948	594,924	160,289	543,696

Deferred tax	-	-	-	-
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Total tax charge for the Period	187,948	594,924	160,289	543,696
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18 DEFERRED TAX

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Balance as at January 1	256,618	137,229	168,164	48,775
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-
income statement	-	119,389	-	119,389
other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	256,618	256,618	168,164	168,164

19 SHARE CAPITAL

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
ISSUED SHARE CAPITAL				
5,810,800,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Issued and fully paid				
5,810,800,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400

The movement in issued and fully paid up share capital is as follows:

	Group Mar-25	Group Dec-24	Company Mar-25	Company Dec-24
Opening balance	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	-	-
Transfer from deposit for shares	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400	2,905,400

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20 SHARE PREMIUM	Group		Company	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Opening balance	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Transfer from deposit for shares	-	-	-	-
	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326
Private placement costs		-		-
Closing balance	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326	2,453,326

Share premium comprises additional paid up capital in excess of the par value. The reserve is not ordinarily available for distribution

21 CONTINGENCY RESERVES

In compliance with section 21(1) of Insurance Act 2003, the contingency reserve for general insurance business is credited with the higher of 3% of total premiums during the year or 20% of the profits until it reaches the higher of the minimum paid up share capital or 50% of net premium.

The movement in this account during the period is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
At 1 January	2,394,226	1,676,934	2,394,226	1,676,934
Transfer from retained earnings	220,523	717,292	220,523	717,292
Closing balance	2,614,749	2,394,226	2,614,749	2,394,226
22 ASSETS REVALUATION RESERVES	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
As at 1 January	316,789	63,089	316,789	63,089
Movement during the period	-	253,700	-	253,700
Closing balance	316,789	316,789	316,789	316,789
23 FAIR VALUE RESERVE	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
As at 1 January	(353)	(418)	(353)	(418)
Gain on financial assets	-	65	-	65
Closing balance	(353)	(353)	(353)	(353)

This represents gain on financial assets at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

24 RETAINED EARNINGS

The retained earnings represents the amount available for dividend distribution to the equity shareholders of the Company. The movement in the retained earnings is shown in the statement of changes in equity.

	Group		Company	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
At 1 January	5,330,877	2,750,217	4,860,732	2,280,307
Total Dividend paid	-	(401,558)	-	(290,540)
Dividend due to non-controlling shares	-	36,303	-	-
Transfer from Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	735,657	3,663,207	691,068	3,588,257
Transfer to contingency reserves	(220,523)	(717,292)	(220,523)	(717,292)
Closing balance	5,846,011	5,330,877	5,331,277	4,860,732

25 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST
IN EQUITY OF MANAGED HEALTHCARE SERVICE

	Group	
	Mar 2025	Dec 2024
Balance as at 1 January	247,189	266,892
Dividend received	-	(36,303)
Transfer from NCI due to acquisition of additional	-	-
Transfer to retained earnings due to additional st	-	-
Transfer from the profit or loss account	18,769	16,601
Closing balance	265,959	247,189

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INSURANCE RESULT

26 INSURANCE REVENUE

Amounts relating to the changes in the liability
for remaining coverage

	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue	5,281,083	3,921,635	5,281,083	3,921,635
Gross Direct premium	8,009,455	6,309,695	8,009,455	6,309,695
Inward reinsurance premium	32,146	19,821	32,146	19,821
Total premium	8,041,601	6,329,516	8,041,601	6,329,516
Add: Deferred acquisition cost	579,719	548,144	579,719	548,144
Increase in unearned premiums	(3,340,237)	(2,956,025)	(3,340,237)	(2,956,025)
Insurance Revenue	5,281,083	3,921,635	5,281,083	3,921,635

27 INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Gross claims paid during the year	1,178,179	707,911	1,178,179	707,911
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(8,638)	(13,006)	(8,638)	(13,006)
Incurred claims and other expenses	1,169,541	694,905	1,169,541	694,905
Changes in Outstanding claims	(63,783)	78,264	(63,783)	78,264
Changes in IBNR	(225,956)	(357,269)	(225,956)	(357,269)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(289,739)	(279,005)	(289,739)	(279,005)
Incurred claims and other expenses	1,169,541	694,905	1,169,541	694,905
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	1,038,653	597,728	1,038,653	597,728
Deferred acquisition cost	579,719	548,144	579,719	548,144
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(289,739)	(279,005)	(289,739)	(279,005)
Insurance service expenses	2,498,174	1,561,772	2,498,174	1,561,772

28 NET EXPENSE FROM REINSURANCE

	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
CONTRACTS HELD				
Prepaid reinsurance at the beginning of the year	1,245,024	584,242	1,245,024	584,242
Additions during the year	2,519,859	1,286,359	2,519,859	1,286,359
Total	3,764,883	1,870,601	3,764,883	1,870,601
Prepaid reinsurance at the end of the year	(2,724,094)	(1,235,570)	(2,724,094)	(1,235,570)
Loss Recovery Component	(11,556)	(11,476)	(11,556)	(11,476)
	1,029,233	623,555	1,029,233	623,555
Less: Commission earned from reinsurance contracts held(Note 30)	(108,499)	(99,879)	(108,499)	(99,879)
Amounts relating to the changes in the assets for remaining coverage	920,734	523,676	920,734	523,676
Mis reinsurance premiums adjustment	-	-	-	-
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	920,734	523,676	920,734	523,676
Amounts recoverable for claims and other expenses incurred in the period	(208,017)	(419,709)	(208,017)	(419,709)
Changes in amounts recoverable arising from changes in liability for incurred claims	212,731	201,815	212,731	201,815
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	4,714	(217,894)	4,714	(217,894)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	925,448	305,782	925,448	305,782
Recoverable from re-insurances				
Reinsurance share of claims paid during the year	(208,017)	(419,709)	(208,017)	(419,709)
Changes in the Reinsurance share of outstanding claims	(202)	(1,783)	(202)	(1,783)
Changes in Reinsurance share of IBNR	212,933	203,598	212,933	203,598
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	4,714	(217,894)	4,714	(217,894)

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INSURANCE RESULT - Summary	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue (Note 27)	5,281,083	3,921,635	5,281,083	3,921,635
Insurance Service Expenses (Note 28)	(2,498,174)	(1,561,772)	(2,498,174)	(1,561,772)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held (Note 29)	(925,448)	(305,782)	(925,448)	(305,782)
Insurance Service Result	1,857,461	2,054,081	1,857,461	2,054,081

29 COMMISSION INCOME	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Commission received	108,499	99,879	108,499	99,879
Unearned commission b/f	-	-	-	-
Less: Unearned commission c/f	-	-	-	-
Commission income	108,499	99,879	108,499	99,879

Commission income represents commission received on transactions ceded to reinsurance Companies during the year under review.

30 NET CLAIMS EXPENSES	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Claims paid during the period	1,178,179	707,911	1,178,179	707,911
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(8,638)	(13,006)	(8,638)	(13,006)
Net claims paid	1,169,541	694,905	1,169,541	694,905
Changes in Outstanding claims	(63,985)	78,264	(63,985)	78,264
Changes in IBNR	(13,023)	(357,269)	(13,023)	(357,269)
Total claims and loss adjustment expenses	1,092,533	415,900	1,092,533	415,900
Recoverable from re-insurance	(208,017)	(217,894)	(208,017)	(217,894)
Net Claims Expenses	884,516	198,006	884,516	198,006

31 UNDERWRITING EXPENSES

Underwriting expenses can be sub-divided into acquisition and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition expenses are those incurred in obtaining and renewing insurance contracts. They include commissions or brokerage paid to agents and brokers and indirect expenses. Other underwriting expenses are those incurred in servicing existing policies. These include processing costs, preparation of statistics and reports and other incidental costs attributable to maintenance.

	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Acquisition costs	800,324	474,999	800,324	474,999
Other underwriting expenses	238,329	122,729	238,329	122,729
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	1,038,653	597,728	1,038,653	597,728

32 NET INCOME FROM NON-INSURANCE COMPANIES

	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	6,676	5,175	6,676	5,175
Sunu Health Nigeria Limited	42,642	37,692	42,642	37,692
	49,318	42,867	49,318	42,867

33 INVESTMENT INCOME

	Group	Group	Group	Group
	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents interest income	377,901	219,014	377,901	219,014
Dividend income	-	-	-	-
Rental income	12,949	12,241	12,949	12,241
	390,850	231,255	390,850	231,255

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	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
The investment income comprises the following:				
Investment income attributable to shareholders	12,949	12,241	12,949	12,241
Investment income attributable to policyholders	377,901	219,014	377,901	219,014
	390,850	231,255	390,850	231,255
34 NET FAIR VALUE LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Net fair value (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
	2,323	21,789	2,323	21,789
35 OTHER OPERATING INCOME				
	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Profit/(loss) from sale of property, plant & equipment	1,459	16,142	1,459	16,142
Bank interest	21	1,109	21	1,109
Exchange gain	(39,365)	1,356,528	(39,365)	1,356,528
Other income	31,150	40,761	31,150	40,761
	(6,735)	1,414,540	(6,735)	1,414,540
36 IMPAIRMENT LOSS				
	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Impairment on trade receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss - on Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment loss - reinsurance receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on Treasury bills	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on placement	(67,026)	(8,822)	(67,026)	(8,822)
Impairment on placement	94,138	60,754	94,138	60,754
Impairment on Treasury bills	137	-	137	-
	27,249	51,932	27,249	51,932
37 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES				
	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Depreciation and amortization charges	99,625	60,897	99,625	60,897
Auditors remuneration	5,103	4,094	5,103	4,094
Directors expenses	26,497	20,733	26,497	20,733
Professional fees	19,562	12,417	19,562	12,417
Bank charges	15,346	10,525	15,346	10,525
Training expenses	4,164	3,878	4,164	3,878
Communication expenses	100,409	62,351	100,409	62,351
Marketing expenses	357,715	228,720	357,715	228,720
Statutory fees	75,875	66,624	75,875	66,624
Repairs and maintenance	53,315	45,856	53,315	45,856
Diesel and electricity	23,672	22,959	23,672	22,959
Rent and rates	7,761	8,152	7,761	8,152
Insurance expenses	8,604	9,101	8,604	9,101
Pension and gratuity	48,596	21,190	48,596	21,190
Printing and stationery	6,217	3,111	6,217	3,111
Travelling and accomodation	69,512	37,411	69,512	37,411
Branding	-	-	-	-
Other administrative expenses	26,054	17,274	26,054	17,274
	948,027	635,292	948,027	635,292

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38 FINANCE COSTS

	Group 12 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 12 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Interest on lease rental	1,416	961	1,416	961
Exchange difference on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Restructuring fees on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
	1,416	961	1,416	961

39 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(Loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Group 12 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 12 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Group 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
(Loss)/Profit attributable to the equity holders	735,657	2,440,052	735,657	2,440,052
Total number of ordinary shares of 50k each in issue	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	13	42	13	42
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	13	42	13	42

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INSURANCE RESULT

40 INSURANCE REVENUE

Amounts relating to the changes in the liability for remaining coverage

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue	4,590,259	3,322,414	4,590,259	3,322,414
Gross Direct premium	7,318,631	5,708,321	7,318,631	5,708,321
Inward reinsurance premium	32,146	19,821	32,146	19,821
Total premium	7,350,777	5,728,142	7,350,777	5,728,142
Add: Deferred acquisition cost	579,719	548,144	579,719	548,144
Increase in unearned premiums	(3,340,237)	(2,953,872)	(3,340,237)	(2,953,872)
Insurance Revenue	4,590,259	3,322,414	4,590,259	3,322,414

41 INSURANCE SERVICE EXPENSES

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Gross claims paid during the year	891,816	390,376	891,816	390,376
Less: Salvages & subrogation	(8,638)	(13,006)	(8,638)	(13,006)
Incurred claims and other expenses	883,178	377,370	883,178	377,370
Changes in Outstanding claims	(63,783)	78,264	(63,783)	78,264
Changes in IBNR	(225,956)	(357,269)	(225,956)	(357,269)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(289,739)	(279,005)	(289,739)	(279,005)
Incurred claims and other expenses	883,178	377,370	883,178	377,370
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows(Note 42)	941,773	571,770	941,773	571,770
Deferred acquisition cost	579,719	548,144	579,719	548,144
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	(289,739)	(279,005)	(289,739)	(279,005)
Insurance service expenses	2,114,931	1,218,279	2,114,931	1,218,279

42 NET EXPENSE FROM REINSURANCE CONTRACTS HELD

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Prepaid reinsurance at the beginning of the year	1,245,024	584,242	1,245,024	584,242
Additions during the year	2,519,859	1,286,358	2,519,859	1,286,358
Total	3,764,883	1,870,600	3,764,883	1,870,600
Prepaid reinsurance at the end of the year	(2,724,094)	(1,235,570)	(2,724,094)	(1,235,570)
Loss Recovery Component	(11,556)	(11,476)	(11,556)	(11,476)
	1,029,233	623,554	1,029,233	623,554
Less: Commission earned from reinsurance contracts held(Note 40)	(108,499)	(99,879)	(108,499)	(99,879)
Amounts relating to the changes in the assets for remaining coverage	920,734	523,675	920,734	523,675
Mis reinsurance premiums adjustment	-	-	-	-
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	920,734	523,675	920,734	523,675
Amounts recoverable for claims and other expenses incurred in the period	(208,017)	(419,709)	(208,017)	(419,709)
Changes in amounts recoverable arising from changes in liability for incurred claims	212,731	201,815	212,731	201,815
IFRS 17-Risk adjustment assets	-	-	-	-
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	4,714	(217,894)	4,714	(217,894)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held	925,448	305,781	925,448	305,781
Recoverable from re-insurances				
Reinsurance share of claims paid during the year	(208,017)	(419,709)	(208,017)	(419,709)
Changes in the Reinsurance share of outstanding claims	(202)	(1,783)	(202)	(1,783)
Changes in Reinsurance share of IBNR	212,933	203,598	212,933	203,598
IFRS 17-Risk adjustment assets	-	-	-	-
Increase in reinsurance share of recoverable on claims paid	-	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	4,714	(217,894)	4,714	(217,894)

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INSURANCE RESULT - Summary	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Insurance Revenue (Note 41)	4,590,259	3,322,414	4,590,259	3,322,414
Insurance Service Expenses (Note 42)	(2,114,931)	(1,218,279)	(2,114,931)	(1,218,279)
Net expenses from reinsurance contracts held (Note 43)	(925,448)	(305,781)	(925,448)	(305,781)
Insurance Service Result	1,549,880	1,798,354	1,549,880	1,798,354

43 COMMISSION INCOME	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Commission received	108,499	99,879	108,499	99,879
Unearned commission b/f	-	-	-	-
Less: Unearned commission c/f	-	-	-	-
Commission income	108,499	99,879	108,499	99,879

Commission income represents commission received on transactions ceded to reinsurance Companies during the year under review

44 NET CLAIMS EXPENSES	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Claims paid during the period	891,816	390,376	891,816	390,376
Less: Subrogation and salvages	(8,638)	(13,006)	(8,638)	(13,006)
Net claims paid	883,178	377,370	883,178	377,370
Changings in Outstanding claims	(63,985)	78,264	(63,985)	78,264
Changing in IBNR	(13,023)	(357,269)	(13,023)	(357,269)
Total claims and loss adjustment expenses	806,170	98,365	806,170	98,365
Recoverable from re-insurance	(208,017)	(217,894)	(208,017)	(217,894)
	-	-	-	-
Net Claims Expenses	598,153	(119,529)	598,153	(119,529)

45 UNDERWRITING EXPENSES

Underwriting expenses can be sub-divided into acquisition and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition expenses are those incurred in obtaining and renewing insurance contracts. They include commissions or brokerage paid to agents and brokers and indirect expenses. Other underwriting expenses are those incurred in servicing existing policies. These include processing costs, preparation of statistics and reports and other incidental costs attributable to maintenance.

	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Acquisition costs	622,043	474,999	622,043	474,999
Other underwriting expenses	114,625	96,771	114,625	96,771
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	736,668	571,770	736,668	571,770

46 NET INCOME FROM NON-INSURANCE COMPANIES

	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
EA Capital Management Limited	-	-	-	-
Sunu Health Limited	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

47 INVESTMENT INCOME

	Company	Company	Company	Company
	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended	3 Months ended
	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents interest income	372,446	217,230	372,446	217,230
Dividend income	-	-	-	-
Rental income	12,417	9,643	12,417	9,643
	384,863	226,873	384,863	226,873

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	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
The investment income comprises the following:				
Investment income attributable to shareholders	12,417	9,643	12,417	9,643
Investment income attributable to policyholders	372,446	217,230	372,446	217,230
	384,863	226,873	384,863	226,873

48 NET FAIR VALUE LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Net fair value (loss) on financial assets at fair value	2,323	21,789	2,323	21,789
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49 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Profit/(loss) from sale of property, plant & equipmen	-	16,142	-	16,142
Bank interest	21	7	21	7
Exchange gain	(39,365)	1,356,528	(39,365)	1,356,528
Other income	29,181	24,726	29,181	24,726
	-	10,163	(10,163)	1,397,403

50 IMPAIRMENT LOSS

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Impairment on Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on Treasury bills	-	-	-	-
Impairment no longer required on placement	(66,890)	8,657	(66,890)	8,657
Impairment on placement	94,003	60,589	94,003	60,589
Impairment on Treasury bills	137	-	137	-
	27,250	51,932	27,250	51,932

51 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Depreciation and amortization charges	62,207	42,726	62,207	42,726
Auditors remuneration	3,203	2,669	3,203	2,669
Directors expenses	19,684	11,658	19,684	11,658
Professional fees	15,595	4,224	15,595	4,224
Bank charges	14,282	9,383	14,282	9,383
Training expenses	2,593	1,863	2,593	1,863
Communication expenses	97,460	56,646	97,460	56,646
Marketing expenses	341,572	223,974	341,572	223,974
Statutory fees	75,860	60,525	75,860	60,525
Repairs and maintenance	34,202	25,878	34,202	25,878
Diesel and electricity	19,059	15,691	19,059	15,691
Rent and rates	7,316	6,822	7,316	6,822
Insurance expenses	8,604	5,426	8,604	5,426
Pension and gratuity	21,294	12,175	21,294	12,175
Printing and stationery	482	1,260	482	1,260
Travelling and accomodation	66,571	35,220	66,571	35,220
Branding	-	-	-	-
Other administrative expenses	23,243	14,316	23,243	14,316
	813,227	530,456	813,227	530,456

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52 FINANCE COSTS

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2024
Interest on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Exchange difference on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
Restructuring fees on Daewoo loan	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

53 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(Loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31 2024	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31, 2025	Company 3 Months ended Mar 31 2024
(Loss)/Profit attributable to the equity holders	691,068	2,396,566	691,068	2,396,566
Total number of ordinary shares of 50k each in issue	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800	5,810,800
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	11.9	41.2	11.9	41.2
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (kobo per share)	11.9	41.2	11.9	41.2

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1 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balances as as 1, January 2022 - Group

Effect of transition to IFRS

1st January, 2022

	NOTES	December 2021	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasure ments IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		3,108,858	-	-	3,108,858
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		98,437	-	-	98,437
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,483	-	-	1,483
- At Amortized Cost		209,071	-	-	209,071
Trade receivables		530,496	-	-	530,496
Insurance contract assets		-	-	-	-
Reinsurance assets		1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets	1.1 & 1.2	-	1,671,576	(71,786)	1,599,790
Deferred acquisition costs		224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		698,421	-	-	698,421
Investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Investment properties		403,491	-	-	403,491
Intangible assets		654,740	-	-	654,740
Property, plant and equipment		3,930,933	-	-	3,930,933
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		11,905,817	(283,311)	(71,786)	11,550,720
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	1.3 & 1.4	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,399
Trade payables		163,682	-	-	163,682
Other payables		723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051
Income tax liabilities		110,054	-	-	110,054
Deferred tax		119,790	-	-	119,790
		-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		4,577,194	(283,311)	93	4,293,976
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,258,875	-	-	1,258,875
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(282)	-	-	(282)
Retained earnings		385,485		(48,374)	337,111
Shareholders funds		7,065,893		(48,374)	7,017,519
Non controlling interest		262,730	-	(23,504)	239,226
Total equity		7,328,623		(71,878)	7,256,745
Total liabilities and equity		11,905,817	(283,311)	(71,786)	11,550,720

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Group

1st January, 2022

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificatio n IFRS 17	Remeasure ment IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
1 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Remeasurement			-	-
Closing balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)		

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	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
1 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
1 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	500,121		500,121
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		1,229,963		1,229,963
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(58,508)		(58,508)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(9,136)	(9,136)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			44,260	44,260
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			(106,909)	(106,909)
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			-	-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,671,576	(71,785)	1,599,791

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
1 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,217,055		(48,056)	1,168,999
Opening balance - LIC	2,243,054			2,243,054
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(224,803)	9,666	(215,137)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(15,915)	(15,915)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			54,397	54,397
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims				-
LoC - loss on onerous contract				-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,398

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
2 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	723,559	(58,508)	0	665,051
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
Retained earnings				
Retained earning - opening balance (IFRS 17)	361,447			361,447
Total Dividend paid	(42,439)			(42,439)
Dividend due to non-controlling shares	13,878			13,878
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(146,134)			(146,134)
Profit for the year	198,733			198,733
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets	-		(71,786)	(71,786)
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities	-		(93)	(93)
IFRS 17 impact - transfer to NCI	-		23,505	23,505
Closing balance - IFRS 17	385,485		(48,374)	337,111

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification n IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
Non-Controlling Interests (NCI) In Equity				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	241,791			241,791
Dividend received	(13,878)			(13,878)
Transfer from the profit or loss account	34,817			34,817
IFRS 17 impact - transfer from retained earnings	(23,504)		(23,504)	(23,504)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	239,226		(23,504)	239,226
Non-Controlling Interests (NCI)	34,817	(71,878)	(23,504)	239,226
	239,226			239,226

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
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2 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 Balances as as 1, January 2022 - Company
Effect of transition to IFRS

	NOTES	December 2021	Reclassification RS 17	IF Remeasurements IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan-22
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		2,890,949	-	-	2,890,949
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		40,465	-	-	40,465
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,483	-	-	1,483
- At Amortized Cost		209,071	-	-	209,071
Trade receivables		5,205	-	-	5,205
Insurance contract assets		-	-	-	-
Reinsurance assets		1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Reinsurance contract assets	2.1 & 2.2	-	1,671,576	(71,786)	1,599,790
Deferred acquisition costs		224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		443,500	-	-	443,500
Investment in subsidiaries		677,045	-	-	677,045
Investment properties		347,590	-	-	347,590
Intangible assets		617,005	-	-	617,005
Property, plant and equipment		3,429,197	-	-	3,429,197
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		10,931,398	(283,311)	(71,786)	10,576,301
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	2.3 & 2.4	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,399
Trade payables		163,682	-	-	163,682
Other payables		460,352	(58,508)	-	401,844
Deposit for shares		-	-	-	-
Borrowings		-	-	-	-
Income tax liabilities		76,078	-	-	76,078
Deferred tax		48,851	-	-	48,851
		-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		4,209,072	(283,311)	93	3,925,854
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,258,875	-	-	1,258,875
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(282)	-	-	(282)
Retained earnings		41,919	-	(71,878)	(29,959)
Shareholders funds		6,722,327	-	(71,878)	6,650,449
Non controlling interest		-	-	-	-
Total equity		6,722,327	-	(71,878)	6,650,449
Total liabilities and equity		10,931,398	(283,311)	(71,786)	10,576,301

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Company

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
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	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
1.1 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,730,084	(1,730,084)	-	-
1.2 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	224,803	(224,803)	-	-
1.3 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	500,121		500,121
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		1,229,963		1,229,963
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(58,508)		(58,508)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(9,136)	(9,136)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			44,260	44,260
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			(106,909)	(106,909)
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			-	-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,671,576	(71,785)	1,599,791
1.4 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,217,055		(48,056)	1,168,999
Opening balance - LIC	2,243,054			2,243,054
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(224,803)	9,666	(215,137)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(15,915)	(15,915)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			54,397	54,397
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims				-
LoC - loss on onerous contract				-
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,460,109	(224,803)	93	3,235,398
1.5 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	723,559	(58,508)	0	665,051
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	723,559	(58,508)	-	665,051
1.6 Retained earnings				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	61,278	-	0	61,278
Total Dividend paid				
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(146,134)			(146,134)
Profit for the year	126,775			126,775
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			(71,786)	(71,786)
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			(93)	(93)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	41,919	-	(71,879)	(29,960)

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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IN THOUSANDS OF NIGERIAN NAIRA

3 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Group

Effect of transition to IFRS

31st December, 2022

	NOTES	December 2022	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasuram ents IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 31/12/2022
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		4,506,236	-	-	4,506,236
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		89,303	-	-	89,303
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,251	-	-	1,251
- At Amortized Cost		-	-	-	-
Trade receivables		852,201			852,201
Insurance contract assets		-			-
Reinsurance assets	3.1 & 3.2	1,526,736	(1,526,736)		-
Reinsurance contract assets			1,472,392	(17,461)	1,454,932
Deferred acquisition costs		285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		543,061	-	-	543,061
Investment in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
Investment properties		410,870	-	-	410,870
Intangible assets		606,503	-	-	606,503
Property, plant and equipment		3,914,049	-	-	3,914,049
Right of use asset		16,696	-	-	16,696
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		13,067,041	(339,479)	(17,461)	12,710,102
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	3.3 & 3.4	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,365)	3,698,691
Trade payables		62,720	-	-	62,720
Other payables		1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279
Income tax liabilities		113,572	-	-	113,572
Deferred tax		119,714	-	-	119,714
			-	-	-
Total liabilities		5,345,820	(339,479)	(13,365)	4,992,976
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,432,092	-	-	1,432,092
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(439)	-	-	(439)
Retained earnings		588,041	-	(2,757)	585,284
		7,441,509	-	(2,757)	7,438,752
Non controlling interest		279,712	-	(1,339)	278,373
Total equity		7,721,221	-	(4,096)	7,717,125
Total liabilities and equity		13,067,041	(339,479)	(17,461)	12,710,102

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Group

31st December, 2022

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasuram ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (Cont'd)
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	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	592,870		592,870
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		933,867		933,867
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(54,344)		(54,344)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(66,484)	(66,484)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			9,124	9,124
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims		-	39,335	39,335
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			564	564
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,472,393	(17,461)	1,454,932

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
3 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,617,336		-	1,617,336
Opening balance - LIC	2,379,855			2,379,855
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(285,135)	-	(285,135)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(235,164)	(235,164)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			56,347	56,347
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			160,724	160,724
LoC - loss on onerous contract			4,728	4,728
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,364)	3,698,691

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	0	998,279
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Retained earnings				
Retained earning - opening balance (IFRS 17)	385,485		(48,374)	337,111
Total Dividend paid	(84,879)			(84,879)
Dividend due to non-controlling shares	27,755			27,755
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(173,217)			(173,217)
Profit for the year	432,897		-	432,897
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			54,324	54,324
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			13,458	13,458
IFRS 17 impact - transfer to NCI			(22,165)	(22,165)
Closing balance - IFRS 17	588,041		(2,757)	585,284

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassificati on IFRS 17	Remeasur em ent IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1- Jan-22
4 Non-Controlling Interests (NCI) In Equity				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	262,730		(23,504)	239,226
Dividend received	(27,755)			(27,755)
Transfer from the profit or loss account	44,737			44,737
IFRS 17 impact - transfer from retained earnings			22,165	22,165
Closing balance - IFRS 17	279,712		(1,339)	278,373
Non-Controlling Interests (NCI)	44,737	(4,096)	(1,339)	
	477,634			

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
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4 Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Company
Effect of transition to IFRS

	NOTES	December 2022	ReclassificationIF RS 17	Remeasurements IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 31/12/2022
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		3,732,292	-	-	3,732,292
Financial assets					
- At fair value through profit or loss		35,933	-	-	35,933
- At fair value through Other Comprehensive Income		1,251	-	-	1,251
- At Amortized Cost		-	-	-	-
Trade receivables		64,769			64,769
Insurance contract assets		0			-
Reinsurance assets		1,526,736	(1,526,736)		
Reinsurance contract assets	4.1 & 4.2		1,472,392	(17,461)	1,454,932
Deferred acquisition costs		285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Prepayments and other receivables		431,577	-	-	431,577
Investment in subsidiaries		677,045	-	-	677,045
Investment properties		354,969	-	-	354,969
Intangible assets		579,740	-	-	579,740
Property, plant and equipment		3,418,692	-	-	3,418,692
Statutory deposit		315,000	-	-	315,000
Total assets		11,423,140	(339,479)	(17,461)	11,066,201
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	4.3 & 4.4	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,365)	3,698,691
Trade payables		62,720	-	-	62,720
Other payables		207,681	(54,344)	-	153,337
Income tax liabilities		54,572	-	-	54,572
Deferred tax		48,775	-	-	48,775
			-	-	
Total liabilities		4,370,939	(339,479)	(13,365)	4,018,095
EQUITY					
Paid up share capital		2,905,400	-	-	2,905,400
Share premium		2,453,326	-	-	2,453,326
Contingency reserves		1,432,092	-	-	1,432,092
Revaluation reserves		63,089	-	-	63,089
Fair value reserve		(439)	-	-	(439)
Retained earnings		198,733	-	(4,095)	194,638
		7,052,201	-	(4,095)	7,048,106
Non controlling interest		-	-	-	-
Total equity		7,052,201	-	(4,095)	7,048,106
Total liabilities and equity		11,423,140	(339,479)	(17,461)	11,066,201

Trade Receivables

These represent receivables from Agents and Brokers at transition year end.

SUNU ASSURANCES NIGERIA PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (Cont'd)
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NOTE TO:

Reconciliation of IFRS 4 to IFRS 17 (Statement of Financial Position) - Explanatory Notes support Reconciliation) - Company

	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
4 Reinsurance assets				
Reinsurance contract assets-Opening balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-
Remeasurement		-	-	-
Closing balance	1,526,736	(1,526,736)	-	-
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
4 Deferred acquisition costs				
Deferred acquisition costs - Opening balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
Remeasurement	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	285,135	(285,135)	-	-
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
4 Reinsurance contract assets				
Opening balance - ARC reclassified IFRS 4	-	592,870		592,870
Opening balance - AIC reclassified IFRS 4		933,867		933,867
Deferred commission income reclassified - ARC		(54,344)		(54,344)
AIC - IBNR derecognised		-	(66,484)	(66,484)
AIC - risk adjustment recognised			9,124	9,124
AIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			39,335	39,335
Recovery on LoC - loss on onerous contract			564	564
Closing balance - IFRS 17	-	1,472,393	(17,461)	1,454,932
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
4 Insurance contract liabilities				
Opening balance - LRC	1,617,336		-	1,617,336
Opening balance - LIC	2,379,855			2,379,855
Opening balance - LoC				-
Deferred acquisition cost - reclassified to LRC		(285,135)	-	(285,135)
Remeasurements:				-
LIC - IBNR derecognised			(235,164)	(235,164)
LIC - risk adjustment recognised			56,347	56,347
LIC- experience adjustment to incurred claims			160,724	160,724
LoC - loss on onerous contract			4,728	4,728
Closing balance - IFRS 17	3,997,191	(285,135)	(13,364)	3,698,691
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
5 Other payables				
Other payables - Opening balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	0	998,279
Remeasurements				
Closing balance	1,052,623	(54,344)	-	998,279
	December 2021 IFRS 4	Reclassification IFRS 17	Remeasurement IFRS 17	IFRS 17 Balances 1-Jan- 22
5 Retained earnings				
Retained earnings - opening balance (IFRS 17)	41,919	-	(71,878)	(29,959)
Total Dividend paid				
Transfer to contingency reserves (Note 26)	(173,217)			(173,217)
Profit for the year	330,031			330,031
IFRS 17 impact - reinsurance contract assets			54,324	54,324
IFRS 17 impact - insurance contract liabilities			13,458	13,458
Closing balance - IFRS 17	198,733	-	(4,096)	194,637