

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

for the period ended June 30, 2024

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Index

The reports and statements set out below comprise the consolidated and separate financial statements presented to the shareholders:

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Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile	Nigeria
Nature of business and principal activities	Refining of raw sugar into edible sugar and selling of refined sugar
Chairman Group Managing Director/CEO Executive Director Director Director Director Director Director Director Director	Alh. Aliko Dangote (GCON) Mr. Ravindra Singhvi Hajiya Mariya Dangote Mr. Olakunle Alake Mr. Uzoma Nwankwo Ms. Bennedikter Molokwu Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi Alh. Abdu Dantata Ms. Maryam Bashir Mrs. Yabawa Lawan Wabi
Registered office	GDNL Administrative Building Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex Apapa Lagos
Holding company	Dangote Industries Limited, incorporated in Nigeria
Ultimate holding company	Greenview International Corp. Cayman Island
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers (Chartered Accountants) Landmark Towers Plot 5B, Water Corporation Road Victoria Island Lagos
Bankers	Access Bank Plc Coronation Merchant Bank Ecobank Plc Fidelity Bank Plc First Bank of Nigeria Limited First City Monument Bank Plc FSDH Merchant Bank Globus Bank Ltd Guaranty Trust Bank Plc Greenwich Merchant Bank Jaiz Bank Plc Providus bank Plc Keystone bank Limited Rand Merchant Bank Sterling Bank Plc Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc Standard Chartered Bank Nigeria Limited United Bank for Africa Plc Union Bank of Nigeria Plc Union Bank of Nigeria Plc Wema Bank Plc Zenith Bank Plc
Company Secretary/Legal Adviser	Mrs. Temitope Hassan 3rd Floor, GDNL Administrative Building Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex Apapa Lagos
Registrars	Veritas Registrars Limited Plot 89A Ajose Adeogun Street Victoria Island Lagos

Dangote Sugar Refinery PIc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Consolidated and separate statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

				GROUP					COMPANY		
	Note(s)	Qtr2, 2024 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	Qtr2, 2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	F/Yr, 2023 N'000	Qtr2, 2024 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	Qtr2, 2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	F/Yr, 2023 N'000
Continuing operations											
Revenue	5	172,897,105	295,624,440	100,558,942	202,783,679	441,452,953	172,897,105	295,624,440	100,558,942	202,783,679	441,452,953
Cost of sales	6	(163,509,074)	(277,485,650)	(68,121,459)	(144,595,049)	(355,149,111)	(163,509,074)	(277,485,650)	(68,121,459)	(144,595,049)	(355,149,111)
Gross profit		9,388,031	18,138,790	32,437,483	58,188,630	86,303,842	9,388,031	18,138,790	32,437,483	58,188,630	86,303,842
Other income	11	163,197	215,681	71,746	144,889	1,233,279	116,003	168,287	71,746	144,889	1,233,163
Selling and distribution expenses	7	(159,104)	(310,317)	(128,992)	(303,554)	(644,496)	(159,104)	(310,317)	(128,992)	(303,554)	(644,496)
Administrative expenses	7	(4,249,805)	(7,751,590)	(3,081,948)	(5,831,622)	(13,280,725)	(4,001,931)	(7,250,552)	(2,832,991)	(5,322,309)	(12,210,566)
Impairment gains/(losses)	23.3	(111,250)	33,972	-	-	(926,288)	(111,250)	33,972	-	-	(926,288)
Operating profit	14	5,031,069	10,326,536	29,298,289	52,198,343	72,685,612	5,231,749	10,780,180	29,547,246	52,707,656	73,755,655
Finance income	8	2,349,966	4,242,606	2,266,799	4,848,263	10,559,617	2,349,966	4,242,605	2,266,800	4,848,263	10,559,616
Finance cost	10	(111,662,553)	(234,186,558)	(82,599,629)	(90,658,318)	(201,663,325)	(111,700,379)	(233,881,794)	(82,168,919)	(90,277,005)	(200,972,519)
	10								(79,902,119)		
Finance costs - net		(109,312,587)	(229,943,952)	(80,332,830)	(85,810,055)	(191,103,708)	(109,350,413)	(229,639,189)	(79,902,119)	(85,428,742)	(190,412,903)
Change in fair value adjustment	9	(280,420)	8,197,785	1,135,304	2,246,664	9,495,990	(280,420)	8,197,785	1,135,304	2,246,664	9,495,990
(Loss)/Profit before tax		(104,561,938)	(211,419,631)	(49,899,237)	(31,365,048)	(108,922,106)	(104,399,084)	(210,661,224)	(49,219,569)	(30,474,422)	(107,161,258)
Taxation	12.1	29,547,308	67,411,592	9,108,549	3,377,568	35,161,798	29,547,308	67,411,592	9,108,549	3,377,568	35,161,798
(Loss)/Profit for the period		(75,014,630)	(144,008,039)	(40,790,688)	(27,987,480)	(73,760,308)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
(Loss)/Profit attributable to:											
Owners of the parent		(75,013,002)	(144,000,455)	(40,783,892)	(27,978,574)	(73,742,699)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
Non-controlling interest		(1,628)	(7,584)	(6,796)	(8,906)	(17,608)	-	-	-	-	-
		(75,014,630)	(144,008,039)	(40,790,688)	(27,987,480)	(73,760,308)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	e										,
for the period		(75,014,630)	(144,008,039)	(40,790,688)	(27,987,480)	(73,760,308)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	e										
attributable to:											
Owners of the parent		(75,013,002)	(144,000,455)	(40,783,892)	(27,978,574)	(73,742,699)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
Non-controlling interest		(1,628)	(7,584)	(6,796)	(8,906)	(17,608)	-	-	-	-	-
		(75,014,630)	(144,008,039)	(40,790,688)	(27,987,480)	(73,760,308)	(74,851,776)	(143,249,632)	(40,111,020)	(27,096,854)	(71,999,460)
Earnings per share											
Per share information	<i>.</i> –		// · · · ·		<i>/~~~</i>	(a ar		··· ===		(a. a.c.)	/=
Basic earnings per share (Naira)	15	(6.17)	(11.85)	(3.35)	(2.30)	(6.07)	(6.16)	(11.79)	(3.30)	(2.23)	(5.93)
Diluted earnings per share (Naira)	15	(6.17)	(11.85)	(3.35)	(2.30)	(6.07)	(6.16)	(11.79)	(3.30)	(2.23)	(5.93)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at June 30, 2024

		GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Assets							
Non-current assets							
Property, plant and equipment	16	175,092,833	167,082,812	162,311,318	108,548,809	101,177,856	97,416,022
Deferred tax assets	13	102,509,375	33,145,294	-	102,509,373	33,145,294	-
Investment in subsidiaries	20	-	-	-	297,000	297,000	297,000
Deposit for shares	21	-			70,022,964	67,035,291	65,421,332
Total non-current assets	-	277,602,208	200,228,106	162,311,318	281,378,146	201,655,441	163,134,354
Current assets							
Inventories	22	133,259,129	47,916,853	85,103,600	132,347,831	47,061,249	83,867,130
Biological assets	17	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904
Trade and other receivables	23	85,173,121	131,804,186	148,739,709	84,494,946	131,569,672	148,060,074
Other assets	18	16,270,205	745,008	3,240,595	16,267,158	743,612	3,234,378
Asset held for sale	19	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642
Cash and cash equivalents	24	183,129,283	204,762,703	157,856,886	182,958,676	204,677,479	157,579,408
Total current assets	_	437,051,354	400,561,819	403,687,336	435,288,227	399,385,081	401,487,536
Total assets	=	714,653,562	600,789,925	565,998,654	716,666,373	601,040,522	564,621,890
Equity							
Attributable to owners of Parent	company						
Share capital	25	6.073.439	6.073.439	6,073,439	6.073.439	6,073,439	6,073,439
Share premium	25	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524
Retained earnings	26	(77,118,235)	66,882,220	112,641,414	(73,833,687)	69,415,945	114,318,549
ő	-	(64,724,272)	79,276,183	125,035,377	(61,439,724)	81,809,908	126,712,512
Non-controlling interest	27	(37,982)	(30,398)	(21,696)	<u> </u>	-	-
	=	(64,762,254)	79,245,785	125,013,681	(61,439,724)	81,809,908	126,712,512
Liabilities							
Non-Current Liabilities							
Deferred tax liabilities	13	-	-	(2,286,475)	-	-	(2,286,475)
Lease liability	31.1	2,140,714	83,948	722,315	2,140,714	83,948	-
Borrowings	28	309,082	246,109	394,315	309,082	246,109	394,315
		2,449,796	330,057	(1,169,845)	2,449,796	330,057	(1,892,160)
Current Liabilities	-		,			,	
Current tax liabilities	12.3	12,338,533	14,445,581	29,877,947	12,343,462	14,450,510	29,875,510
Lease liability	31.1	2,001,372	116,260	339,220	1,923,956	61,932	963,241
Borrowings	28	85,236	285,454	263,466	85,236	285,454	263,466
Trade and other payables	30	572,114,007	487,862,445	400,328,121	570,876,775	485,598,318	397,353,257
Commercial paper	30.1	141,337,390		-	141,337,390		-
Bank overdraft	30.2	25,358,704	-	-	25,358,704	-	-
Employee benefits	29	710,828	712,047	758,932	710,827	712,047	758,932
	31	23,019,951	17,792,296	10,587,132	23,019,951	17,792,296	10,587,132
Other liabilities			, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Other liabilities Total current liabilities	-	776,966,020	521,214,083	442,154,818	775,656,301	518,900,557	439,801,538
	-	776,966,020 779,415,816	521,214,083 521,544,140	442,154,818 440,984,973	775,656,301 778,106,097	518,900,557 519,230,614	439,801,538 437,909,378

The consolidated and separate financial statements on pages 2 to 39, were approved by the board on July 29, 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

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Alh. Aliko Dangote, GCON Chairman FRC/2013/IODN/0000001766

Mr. Ravindra Singh Singhvi Group Managing Director/CEO FRC/2021/003/000000/22565

Mr. Oscar Mbeche Group Chief Finance Officer FRC* * "Waiver granted by FRCN"

The accompanying notes on pages 6 to 39 form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements.

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity

Company	Note	Share Capital	Share Premium N'000	Retained Earnings N'000	Total
Belence on et 1. January 2022		N'000			N'000
Balance as at 1 January 2023		6,073,439	6,320,524	159,635,720	172,029,683
Loss for the period			-	(27,096,854)	(27,096,854)
Total comprehensive income/(Loss) for the period		-	-	(27,096,854)	(27,096,854)
Dividend paid			-	(18,220,314)	(18,220,314)
Balance as at 30 June 2023		6,073,439	6,320,524	114,318,552	126,712,512
Balance as at 1 July 2023		6,073,439	6,320,524	114,318,552	126,712,512
Loss for the period		-	-	(44,902,606)	(44,902,606)
Balance as at 31 December 2023		6,073,439	6,320,524	69,415,940	81,809,908
Loss for the period Balance as at June 2024		6,073,439	6,320,524	(143,249,632) (73,833,692)	(143,249,632) (61,439,724)

Group	Share Capital	Share Premium	Retained Earnings	Attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interest	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000	company N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance as at 1 January 2023	6,073,439	6,320,524	158,845,237	171,239,200	(12,790)	171,226,410
Loss for the period	-	-	-27,983,503	-27,983,503	(8,906)	-27,992,409
Total comprehensive income/(Loss) for the period	-	-	(27,983,503)	(27,983,503)	(8,906)	(27,992,409)
Transaction with owners:						
Dividend paid	-	-	(18,220,314)	(18,220,314)	-	(18,220,314)
Balance as at 30 June 2023	6,073,439	6,320,524	112,641,420	125,035,383	(21,696)	125,013,681
Balance as at 1 July 2023	6,073,439	6,320,524	112,641,420	125,035,383	(21,696)	125,013,681
Loss for the period	-	-	(45,759,196)	(45,759,196)	(8,702)	(45,767,898)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	6,073,439	6,320,524	66,882,223	79,276,186	(30,398)	79,245,785
Loss for the period	-	-	(144,000,455)	(144,000,455)	(7,584)	(144,008,039)
Balance as at June 2024	6,073,439	6,320,524	(77,118,232)	(64,724,269)	(37,982)	(64,762,254)

The accompanying notes on pages 6 to 39 form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements.

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc. Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Consolidated and separate statements of cash flows

	Note(s)	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Cash flows for operating activities							
(Loss) before taxation		(211,419,631)	(108,922,106)	(31,365,048)	(210,661,224)	(107,161,258)	(30,474,422)
Adjustments for non-cash income and expenses: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	16	6,101,322	10,268,323	4,899,386	5,628,322	9,245,056	4,393,986
Depreciation written off			(343,233)	-		(343,233)	
Impairment of financial assets	16	(33,972)	926,288		(33,972)	926,288	
	23.3	(16,468)	(43,719)	-	(16,468)	(43,719)	-
Government grant	11	(10,400)			(10,400)		
Impairment of CWIP	16 16	- 7,192,648	268,623	- 138,776	7,192,648	268,623	- 138,776
Property, plant and equipment impaired and written off Interest income	9	(4,242,606)	(10,559,617)	(4,848,263)	(4,242,605)	(10,559,616)	(4,848,263)
Interest expense	9 10	40,247	279,756	80,393	(4,242,003) 40,247	(10,339,010) 279,756	(4,848,203) 97,304
Exchange loss	10.1		148,328,367	-		148,328,367	-00,004
Fair value loss/(gain) on biological assets	17	(8,197,785)	(9,495,990)	(2,246,664)	(8,197,785)	(9,495,990)	(2,246,664)
Changes in working capital							
(Increase) in Inventory		(85,342,276)	(3,652,785)	(40,839,530)	(85,286,582)	(3,674,199)	(40,480,080)
Net (additon)/usage of biological assets		4,311,237	1,974,223	1,311,420	4,311,237	1,974,223	1,311,420
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		46,665,037	(25,295,583)	(41,304,818)	47,108,698	(25,698,604)	(41,262,718)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(15,525,197)	(440,829)	(2,936,415)	(15,523,546)	(445,683)	(2,936,449)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		5,227,655	11,591,534	4,425,639	5,227,655	11,591,534	4,425,639
Increase in trade payables		88,152,112	70,336,793	126,578,865	89,179,007	70,242,426	125,826,184
Cash generated from operations	-	(167,087,677)	85,176,325	13,893,739	(165,274,369)	85,433,971	13,944,711
Tax paid	12.3	(4,059,534)	(22,318,629)	(7,814,110)	(4,059,534)	(22,313,700)	(7,814,110)
Gratuity paid	29	(1,220)	(50,520)	(3,635)	(1,220)	(50,520)	(3,635)
Net cash generated from operating activities	-	(171,148,432)	62,807,179	6,075,994	(169,335,123)	63,069,750	6,126,962
Cash flows from investing activities							
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	16.1	(21,303,991)	(19,514,894)	(9,587,847)	(20,191,922)	(16,652,286)	(8,252,766)
Interest received	9	4,242,606	10,559,617	4,848,263	4,242,605	10,559,616	4,848,263
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(17,061,385)	(8,955,277)	(4,739,584)	(15,949,317)	(6,092,670)	(3,404,503)
Cash flows from financing activities							
Dividends paid	26	-	(18,220,317)	(18,220,317)	-	(18,220,317)	(18,220,317)
Unclaimed dividend received	24.1	-	39,268	-	-	39,268	
Deposit for shares	21	-	-	-	(2,987,673)	(3,010,223)	(1,396,264)
Commercial paper	30.1	141,337,390	-	-	141,337,390	-	-
Bank overdraft	30.2	25,358,704	-	(447 504)	25,358,704	-	-
Interest paid	28	(23,761)	(67,473)	(117,501)	(23,761)	(67,473)	(36,654)
Lease Liabilities paid - Interest	31.1 31.1.0	150,284	(51,102)	-	147,368	(51,102)	(7,119)
Lease Liabilities paid - Principal Repayment of borrowings	28	(92,488) (153,731)	(1,746,939) (287,438)	-	(112,660) (153,731)	(1,746,939) (287,438)	- (140,813)
Repayment of bollowings	20	166,576,397	(20,334,001)	(18,337,818)	163,565,636	(23,344,224)	(140,813)
		100,010,001	(=0,004,001)				
-	-	(04.000.463)	00 547 004				
Net cash used in financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	(21,633,420)	33,517,901	(17,001,409)	(21,718,803)	33,632,855	(17,078,709)
-	-	(21,633,420) 204,762,703	33,517,901 174,858,294 (3,613,492)	(17,001,409) 174,858,294 -	(21,718,803) 204,677,479 -	33,632,855 174,658,116 (3,613,492)	(17,078,709) 174,658,116 -

The accompanying notes on pages 6 to 39 form an integral part of the consolidated and separate financial statements.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

1 General information

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc (the Company) was incorporated as a Public Limited Liability company on 4 January 2005, commenced operation on 1 January 2006 and became quoted on the Nigerian Stock Exchange in March 2007. Its current shareholding is 68% by Dangote Industries Limited and 32% by the Nigerian public.

The ultimate controlling party is Greenview International Corporation, Cayman Island

The registered address of the Company is located at GDNL Administrative Building, Terminal E, Shed 20 NPA Apapa Wharf Complex, Apapa, Lagos

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Period ended 30 June comprise the Company and its subsidiaries -Taraba Sugar Company Limited, Adamawa Sugar Company Limited and Nasarawa Sugar Company Limited.

1.1 The principal activity

The principal activity of the Group is the refining of raw sugar into edible sugar and the selling of refined sugar. The Group's products are sold through distributors across the country.

Going Concern status

The Group has consistently been making profits. The Directors believe that there is no intention or threat from any party to curtail significantly its line of business in the foreseeable future. Thus, these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3 Operating environment

Emerging markets such as Nigeria are subject to different risks than more developed markets, including economic, political and social, and legal legislative risks. As has happened in the past, actual or perceived financial problems or an increase in the perceived risks associated with investing in emerging economies could adversely affect the investment climate in Nigeria and the country's economy in general. The global financial system continues to exhibit signs of deep stress and many economies around the world are experiencing lesser or no growth than in prior years. These conditions could slow or disrupt Nigeria's economy, adversely affecting the Group's access to capital and cost of capital for the Group and more generally, its business, result of operation, financial condition and prospects.

1.4 Financial period

These financial statements cover the financial period from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2024 with comparatives for the year ended 31 December 2023 and period ended 30 June 2023.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) of IASB (together "IFRS") that are effective at 31 March 2022 and requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria and the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) Act 2011 of Nigeria.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for biological assets which is measured at fair value less cost to sell. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Naira unless otherwise stated. The principal accounting policies are set out below:

2.3 Consolidation of subsidiaries

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation. The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the Group statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal as appropriate.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less any impairment that has been recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Revenue recognition

a) Accounting policy

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods or services, in the ordinary course of the Group's activities and it is stated net of value added tax (VAT), rebates and returns. A valid contract is recognised as revenue after;

- The contract is approved by the parties.
- · Rights and obligations are recognised.
- · Collectability is probable.
- The contract has commercial substance.
- The payment terms and consideration are identifiable.

The probability that a customer would make payment is ascertained based on the evaluation done on the customer as stated in the credit management policy at the inception of the contract. The Group is the principal in all of its revenue arrangement since it is the primary obligor in all of the revenue arrangements, has inventory risk and determines the pricing for the goods and services.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the control of the goods and service are transferred to the customer. This occurs when the goods are delivered to the customer and customer's acceptance is received or when goods are picked up by the customers.

Revenue from sale of sugar and molasses is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated rebates and returns. Rebates are estimated at the inception of the contract except where the time lag between the recognition of revenue and granting rebates is within one month. Returns on goods are estimated at the inception of the contract except where the timing between when the revenue is recognised and when the returns occur is considered immaterial. In these instances, the returns are accounted for when they occur.

The delivery service provided by the Group is a sales fulfilment activity and the income earned is recognised at the point in time when the goods are delivered to the customer.

Delivery occurs when the goods have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and when the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Contract liability is recognised for consideration received for which the performance obligation has not been met.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Revenue recognition (continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers

The Group recognises revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following product lines. The Group derives revenue from the sale of sugar, molasses and freight services.

	Freight services	Sale of sugar	Sale of molasses	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Revenue from contract with customers	267,819	292,797,753	2,558,868	295,624,440

2.5 Interest income Recognition

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset's to that assets's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.6 Pensions and Other post-employment benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution based retirement benefit scheme for its staff, in accordance with the amended Pension Reform Act of 2014 with employee contributing 8% and the employer contributing 10% each of the employee's relevant emoluments. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense in statement of profit or loss when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contributions.

2.7 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statements of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted.

Current income tax is the expected amount of income tax payable on the taxable profit for the year determined in accordance with the Companies Income Tax Act (CITA) using statutory tax rates of 30% at the reporting sheet date. Education tax is calculated at 2.5% of the assessable profits in accordance with the Tertiary Education Tax Act.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.7 Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax and deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Company losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with IAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Company account for all amounts previously recognized in other income in relation to that associate on the associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets and liabilities, the Company reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustments) when it loses significant influence over the associate.

When the company transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's financial statements only to the extent of interest in the associates that are not related to the Company.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control those policies.

Deferred tax

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net current and deferred tax are recognised in profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax and deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

i. Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Property, plant and equipment under construction are disclosed as capital work-in-progress. The cost of construction recognised includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and borrowing costs on qualifying assets.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of the equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

ii. Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment which reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term in which case the assets are depreciated over the useful life.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Depreciation method	Average useful life		
Straight line	50 years		
Straight line	15 -50 years		
Straight line	5 years		
Straight line	4 years		
Straight line	4 years		
Straight line	3 years		
Straight line	25 years		
Straight line	6 years		
	Straight line Straight line Straight line Straight line Straight line Straight line Straight line		

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress is not depreciated. The attributable cost of each asset is transferred to the relevant asset category immediately the asset is available for use and depreciated accordingly.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating-unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.10 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised when an employee has rendered services for benefits to be paid in the future, and an expense when the entity consumes the economic benefit arising from the service provided by the employee.

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

Long-term employee benefits (Defined contribution plan)

Employees are members of defined contribution plans. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

The group makes provision for retirement benefits in accordance with the Pension Reform Act 2014. The employees contribute 8% of their gross salary (basic, housing and transport) while the Group contributes 10% on behalf of the employees to the same plan.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.10 Employee benefits (continued)

Long-term employee benefits (Defined benefit plan)

For defined benefit plans, the Group's contributions were based on the recommendations of independent actuaries and the liability measured using the projected unit credit method, up to the date of cessation of the scheme on 30 September, 2013.

Under the plan, the employees were entitled to retirement benefits which vary according to length of service. Actuarial gains and losses were recognised in the income statement. These gains or losses were recognised over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans.

Past-service costs were recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits became vested. If the benefits vested immediately following the introduction of, or changes to, a defined benefit plan, the past-service cost was recognised immediately.

2.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that:

- i) the group will comply with the conditions attaching to them; and
- ii) the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs that they are intended to compensate. Grants related to income are presented as a credit in the profit or loss (separately).

2.12 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset - this may be specified explicitly or implicitly. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;

- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and - the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Group has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset if either:

- the Group has the right to operate the asset; or

- the Group designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

The Group primarily leases land and building (used as office space, outlets, warehouse and residential use). The lease terms are typically for fixed periods ranging from 2 years to 25 years but may have extension options. On renewal of a lease, the terms may be renegotiated.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group has elected to separate lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions, including extension and termination options. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, however, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases in which the Group is a lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Leases in which the Group is a Lessor

(i) Operating lease

When assets are subject to an operating lease, the assets continue to be recognised as property and equipment based on the nature of the asset. Lease income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Lease incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) Finance lease

When assets are held subject to a finance lease, the related asset is derecognised and the present value of the lease payments (discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease) is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method (before tax), which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.13 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of raw materials, packaging materials, engineering spares and consumable stock is determined on a weighted average basis. Cost of finished goods is determined on the basis of standard costs adjusted for variances. Standard costs are periodically reviewed to approximate actual costs.

Goods in transit are valued at the invoice price. Cost of inventory includes purchase cost, conversion cost (materials, labour and overhead) and other costs incurred to bring inventory to its present location and condition. Finished goods, which include direct labour and factory overheads, are valued at standard cost adjusted at year-end on an actual cost basis.

Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory, with the majority being valued on an average cost basis. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation (when the time value of money is material).

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

2.15 Financial instruments

a) Financial instruments accounting policy

IFRS 9 replaces the provisions of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities; derecognition of financial instruments; impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 also significantly amends other standards dealing with financial instruments such as IFRS 7 Financial Instruments disclosures.

i) Classification and measurement

Financial assets

It is the Company's policy to initially recognise financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss which are expensed in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement is dependent on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cashflow characteristics of the asset. On this basis, the Company may classify its financial instruments at amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The business models applied to assess the classification of the financial assets held by the company are;

• Hold to collect: Financial assets in this category are held by the Company solely to collect contractual cash flows and these cash flows represents solely payments of principal and interest. Assets held under this business model are measured at amortised cost

• Fair value through other comprehensive income: Financial assets in this category are held to collect contractual cash flows and sell where there are advantageous opportunities. The cash flows represents solely payment of principal and interest. These financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

• Fair value through profit or loss: This category is the residual category for financial assets that do not meet the criteria described above. Financial assets in this category are managed in order to realise the asset's fair value.

The financial assets of Dangote Sugar are held to collect contractual cashflows that are solely payments of principal (for non-interest bearing financial assets) or solely payments of principal and interest ((for interest bearing financial assets)

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.15 Financial instruments (continued)

The Company's financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date. Interest income from these assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in finance income/cost.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Company are classified and measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently at amortised cost net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and interest bearing loans and borrowings.

Impairment of financial assets

Recognition of impairment provisions under IFRS 9 is based on the expected credit loss (ECL) model. The ECL model is applicable to financial assets measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The measurement of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes, time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date, about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The simplified approach is applied for trade receivables while the general approach is applied to staff loans, amounts due from related parties that are not trade related, balances with banks.

The simplified approach requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised on initial recognition of the receivables. This involves determining the expected loss rates using a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical default rates observed over the expected life of the receivable and adjusted for forward-looking estimates. This is then applied to the gross carrying amount of the receivable to arrive at the loss allowance for the period.

The three-stage approach assesses impairment based on changes in credit risk since initial recognition using the past due criterion and other qualitative indicators such as increase in political concerns or other macroeconomic factors and the risk of legal action, sanction or other regulatory penalties that may impair future financial performance. Financial assets classified as stage 1 have their ECL measured as a proportion of their lifetime ECL that results from possible default events that can occur within one year, while assets in stage 2 or 3 have their ECL measured on a lifetime basis.

Under the three-stage approach, the ECL is determined by projecting the probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD) for each ageing bucket and for each individual exposure. The PD is based on default rates determined by external rating agencies for the counterparties. The LGD is determined based on management's estimate of expected cash recoveries after considering the historical pattern of the receivable, and assessing the portion of the outstanding receivable that is deemed to be irrecoverable at the reporting period. The EAD is the total amount outstanding at the reporting period. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for forward looking information, such as the gross domestic product (GDP) in Nigeria, inflation and exchange rate, to arrive at an ECL which is then discounted back to the reporting date and summed. The discount rate used in the ECL calculation is the original effective interest rate or an approximation thereof.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the related financial assets and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Significant increase in credit risk and default definition

The Company assesses the credit risk of its financial assets based on the information obtained during periodic review of publicly available information, industry trends and payment records. Based on the analysis of the information provided, the Company identifies the assets that require close monitoring.

Furthermore, financial assets that have been identified to be more than 30 days past due on contractual payments are assessed to have experienced significant increase in credit risk. These assets are grouped as part of Stage 2 financial assets where the three-stage approach is applied.

In line with the Company's credit risk management practices, a financial asset is defined to be in default when contractual payments have not been received at least 90 days after the contractual payment period. Subsequent to default, the Company carries out active recovery strategies to recover all outstanding payments due on receivables. Where the Company determines that there are no realistic prospects of recovery, the financial asset and any related loss allowance is written off either partially or in full.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.15 Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. Gains or losses on derecognition of financial assets are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right is not contingent on future events and is enforceable in the normal course of business, and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.16 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held, if any. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2.17 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated and separate financial statements of each of the Group entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency).

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Naira which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions and translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities in a foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the transaction date and are not restated.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates prevailing at the dates the fair value was determined and are not restated.

2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

2.19 Segment information

An operating segment is a component of an entity:

- that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity);

- where operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance;

- for which discrete information is available. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Managing Director of Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc

2.20 Biological assets

A biological asset is defined as a living animal or plant while biological transformation comprises the processes of growth, degeneration, production and procreation that cause qualitative or quantitative changes in biological asset.

Recognition of assets

The Group recognises biological assets or agricultural produce when, and only when, all of the following conditions are met:

- the Group controls the asset as a result of past events;
- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group; and
- the fair value or cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Biological asset consists of growing cane which are yet to be harvested as at year end, and these are measured at fair value less cost to sell.

The basis of fair value determination of growing canes have been included in Note 17.

2.21 Business combination under common control

Business combinations under common control occur when combining entities/businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party(ies) both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory.

The Group applies the "predecessor method" of accounting for business combinations under common control because such transactions are outside the scope of the reporting standard on Business Combinations (IFRS 3). The assets and the liabilities of the acquiree are recorded at the predecessor carrying values from the financial statements of the highest entity that has common control for which financial statements are prepared. Therefore, no goodwill is recorded in the consolidated financial statements of the acquirer.

Any difference arising between the acquirer's cost of investment and the acquiree's net assets is recorded directly in equity. Any non-controlling interest is measured as a proportionate share of the book values of the related assets and liabilities. Comparative amounts are not restated but the transaction is accounted for prospectively, i.e., from the effective date of the transaction (transfer of control). Any expenses incurred as a result of the combination are written off immediately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3 Critical judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

i) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default, expected loss rates and maximum contractual period. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in note 32.

Sensitivity of estimates used in IFRS 9 ECL

Estimation uncertainty in measuring impairment loss

In establishing sensitivity to ECL estimates for trade receivables and related parties receivables, two variables (GDP growth rate and Inflation rate) were considered. The Company's receivables portfolio reflects greater responsiveness to both variables considered.

ii) Fair values of biological assets

The directors have developed a model using the multi-period excess earnings method (MPEEM) under the income approach for the valuation of sugar cane. In order to generate a stream of cash flows to be used in this model, the directors calculate tonnage using information on hectares of farmland planted, the age of growing cane per hectare and the yield rate per hectare.

The cane price is then applied on the tonnage and discounted to arrive at the fair value of the sugar cane. The cane price is based on the industry out-grower price.

The directors exercise significant judgement in determining the yield rate per hectare, the discount rate, cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses, administrative expenses and contributory assets charges.

4 New Standards and Interpretations

i) Standards and interpretations effective and adopted in the current year

There are no new standards applicable to annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2024 which are expected to have a material impact on the group:

ii) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2022 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the group. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

5	Revenue	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Revenue from the sale of sugar - 50kg	284,193,427	426,446,502	194,191,169	284,193,427	426,446,502	194,191,169
	Revenue from the sale of sugar - Retail	8,604,326	11,463,163	5,864,052	8,604,326	11,463,163	5,864,052
	Revenue from the sale of molasses	2,558,868	2,287,502	1,539,388	2,558,868	2,287,502	1,539,388
	Freight income	267,819	1,255,786	1,189,070	267,819	1,255,786	1,189,070
		295,624,440	441,452,953	202,783,679	295,624,440	441,452,953	202,783,679

6.0 Segment information

Segment information is presented in respect of the group's reportable segments. For management purpose, the Group is organised into business units by geographical areas in which the group operates and the locations that comprise such regions represent operating segments.

The Group has 4 reportable segments based on location of the principal operations as follows: Northern Nigeria, Western Nigeria, Eastern Nigeria and Lagos.

6.1 Segmental revenue and results

Revenue from external customers by region of operations is listed below.

	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Nigeria:						
Lagos	180,148,380	204,537,432	92,662,741	180,148,380	204,537,432	92,662,741
North	82,402,196	182,681,754	83,491,727	82,402,196	182,681,754	83,491,727
West	24,013,195	38,563,925	19,007,531	24,013,195	38,563,925	19,007,531
East	9,060,669	15,669,842	7,621,680	9,060,669	15,669,842	7,621,680
	295,624,440	441,452,953	202,783,679	295,624,440	441,452,953	202,783,679
					0	Des Cit

	Segment R	evenue	Segment Cos	st of Sales	Segment Gro	ss Profit
Group	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000
Nigeria:						
Lagos	180,148,380	92,662,741	(164,612,998)	(62,599,296)	15,535,382	30,063,445
North	82,402,196	83,491,727	(81,247,003)	(62,506,385)	1,155,193	20,985,342
West	24,013,195	19,007,531	(22,727,833)	(13,675,971)	1,285,362	5,331,560
East	9,060,669	7,621,680	(8,897,816)	(5,813,397)	162,853	1,808,283
	295,624,440	202,783,679	(277,485,650)	(144,595,049)	18,138,790	58,188,630
	Segment R	evenue	Segment Cos	st of Sales	Segment Gro	ss Profit
Company	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000
Nigeria:						
Lagos	180,148,380	92,662,741	(164,612,998)	(62,599,296)	15,535,382	30,063,445

	295,624,440	202,783,679	(277,485,650)	(144,595,049)	18,138,790	58,188,630
East	9,060,669	7,621,680	(8,897,816)	(5,813,397)	162,853	1,808,283
West	24,013,195	19,007,531	(22,727,833)	(13,675,971)	1,285,362	5,331,560
North	82,402,196	83,491,727	(81,247,003)	(62,506,385)	1,155,193	20,985,342
Lagos	180,148,380	92,662,741	(164,612,998)	(62,599,296)	15,535,382	30,063,445

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

6.1 Segment information (Continued)

6.2 Segment assets and liabilities

The amount provided to the chief operating decision maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the of the segment and the physical location of the asset.

Investments in shares held by the Group and deferred tax assets are not considered to be segment assets and are not allocated to segments.

Capital expenditure reflects additionals to non-current assets, other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets, post employment benefit assets and rights arising under insurance contracts.

The amounts provided to the chief operating decision maker with respect to the total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. These liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment.

The Group's interest-bearing liabilities are not considered to be segment liabilities but rather are managed by the Group's treasury function.

The table below provides information on the segment assets and liabilities as well as a reconciliation to total assets and liabilities as per the balance as at 30 June 2023;

	Tota	al Segment Asset	S	Total	Segment liabiliti	es	
	30/6/2024 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	
Group							
Nigeria:							
Lagos	520,994,022	419,905,295	395,808,452	549,305,997	393,320,471	322,079,564	
North	193,659,540	180,884,630	170,190,198	127,600,444	128,223,670	121,191,879	
Sub-total	714,653,562	600,789,925	565,998,650	676,906,441	521,544,141	443,271,443	
Unallocated deferred tax	-	-	-	102,509,375	-	(2,286,475)	
Total	714,653,562	600,789,925	565,998,650	779,415,816	521,544,141	440,984,968	
	Tota	al Segment Asset	ts Total Segment liabilities				
	30/6/2024 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	30/6/2024 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000	
Company Nigeria:	NUUU	N 000	14 000	1000	1000	N 000	
Lagos	592,049,542	487,969,369	462,256,143	550,046,579	394,057,187	322,806,493	
North	124,616,831	113,071,155	102,365,746	125,550,145	125,173,427	117,389,360	
Sub-total	716,666,373	601,040,524	564,621,889	675,596,724	519,230,614	440,195,853	
Unallocated deferred tax	-	-	-	102,509,373	-	(2,286,475)	
Total	716,666,373	601,040,524	564,621,889	778,106,097	519,230,614	437,909,378	

Included in the Lagos segment is asset held for sale of N868.6 million (2023: N868.6 million).

Information about major customers

The company has one Customer(NBC) whose Sales make up 37.3% of total revenue. The revenue from the customer within the second Quarter 2024 is 62.7 billion and the revenue from the Customer is included in Lagos Region.

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

6 Segment information (Continued)

Distributors

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The Group sells unfortified sugar mainly to pharmaceutical, food and beverage manufacturers, while Vitamin A-fortified sugar is sold to distributors who sell to small wholesalers, confectioners and other smaller value-adding enterprises who provide the distribution network to the Nigerian retail market. The Group sells a small amount of sugar directly to retail customers. Retail packaging comes in various sizes of 250g, 500g, and 1kg under the brand name "Dangote Sugar". Sales to distributors account for 65% of the Group's revenue.

The Group provides a delivery service to customers by transporting refined sugar to other destinations. Freight income represents revenue earned in this respect during the period. The associated cost of providing this service is included in Cost of sales.

7 Cost of sales	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Raw material	239,560,921	296,027,663	116,895,525	239,560,921	296,027,663	116,895,525
Direct labour cost	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216
Direct overheads	21,006,709	29,776,344	13,432,265	21,006,709	29,776,344	13,432,265
Depreciation	4,350,358	5,908,006	2,740,280	4,350,358	5,908,006	2,740,280
Freight expenses	7,770,484	16,095,846	8,205,763	7,770,484	16,095,846	8,205,763
	277,485,650	355,149,111	144,595,049	277,485,650	355,149,111	144,595,049

Included in freight expenses is the depeciation charge on the company's fleet of trucks . The amount so included is as stated below:

Depreciation charge on trucks	1,052,132	2,795,204	1,396,110	1,052,132	2,795,204	1,396,110
Administrative expenses						
Management fees	1,053,224	1,465,659	676,631	1,053,224	1,465,659	676,631
Assessment rates and municipal charges	32,874	55,043	19,232	32,874	55,043	19,232
Auditors Fees and remuneration	73,623	120,000	52,608	69,331	112,015	48,998
Cleaning and fumigation	39,055	85,301	34,537	39,055	85,301	34,537
Legal, consulting and professional fees	310,097	258,643	113,981	310,097	258,044	113,981
Consumables	10,493	13,154	3,832	10,493	13,154	3,832
Depreciation	698,831	1,221,880	762,996	225,831	198,612	257,596
Donations	122,975	228,740	111,592	122,975	191,165	111,592
Scholarship and Sponsorships	-	65,725	-	-	65,725	-
Employee costs (note 36)	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240
Entertainment	18,609	10,282	2,752	18,609	10,282	2,752
Insurance	332,147	536,765	189,240	332,147	536,765	189,240
Bank charges	357,154	365,886	151,164	356,911	365,154	150,861
Magazines, books, print and periodicals	25,038	40,621	15,828	25,038	40,621	15,828
Utilities	166,018	284,451	157,800	166,018	284,451	157,800
Petrol and oil	81,382	113,385	42,430	81,382	113,385	42,430
Repairs and maintenance	320,052	968,296	125,084	296,550	968,296	125,084
Secretarial fees	34,000	43,415	20,915	34,000	43,415	20,915
Security expense	238,873	479,878	225,868	238,873	479,878	225,868
Staff welfare	40,986	72,196	37,091	40,986	72,196	37,091
Subscriptions	6,824	18,574	5,603	6,824	18,574	5,603
Sustainability Expenses	10,750	18,381	11,065	10,750	18,381	11,065
Telephone and fax	106,173	159,906	75,092	106,173	159,906	75,092
Training	25,992	111,840	52,290	25,992	111,840	52,290
Travel-local	395,039	1,009,366	356,527	395,039	1,009,366	356,527
Travel-overseas	127,881	225,057	43,224	127,881	225,057	43,224
_	7,751,590	13,280,725	5,831,622	7,250,552	12,210,566	5,322,309
Selling and Distribution expenses Selling and marketing expenses	310,317	644,496	303,554	310.317	644.496	303,554
	310,317	644,496	303,554	310,317	644,496	303,554 303,554

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

		GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Finance income						
	Interest income on bank deposits	4,242,606 4,242,606	10,559,617 10,559,617	4,848,263 4,848,263	4,242,605	10,559,616 10,559,616	4,848,263 4,848,263
	Interest is earned on bank deposits at an average rate of				4,242,003	10,339,010	4,040,20
0	Finance cost						
	Exchange loss in the ordinary course of business	193,681,261	172,197,942	83,096,260	193,379,412	171,507,136	82,714,94
	Finance cost on Letter of Credit	32,162,605	29,185,627	7,464,755	32,162,605	29,185,627	7,464,75
	Interest on lease payments	150,284	51,102	37,337	147,368	51,102	37,33
	Interest on bank loan	40,247	111,192	59,966	40,247	111,192	59,96
	Interest - Commercial Paper	5,551,769	-	-	5,551,769	-	
	Issuance cost – Commercial Paper	74,202	-	-	74,202	-	
	Interest on overdraft	2,526,190	-	-	2,526,190	-	
	Interest on intercompany loan	-	117,462	-	-	117,462	
		234,186,558	201,663,325	90,658,318	233,881,794	200,972,519	90,277,00
).1	The exchange loss above is analysed below:						
	Realised	8,162,511	23,869,575	83,096,260	7,888,608	23,178,769	82,714,947
	Unrealised	185,518,750	148,328,367	-	185,490,804	148,328,367	-
		193,681,261	172,197,942	83,096,260	193,379,412	171,507,136	82,714,947
1	Other income						
	Insurance claim income	94,120	331,216	48,308	94,120	331,216	48,308
	Sale of scrap	56,283	656,600	14,984	8,888	656,600	14,984
	Grant income	16,468	43,719	23,313	16,468	43,719	23,313
	Rental income	48,810	188,064	50,270	48,810	188,064	50,27
	Provision no longer required	-	13,564	8,014	-	13,564	8,014
	inventory adjustment variance	-	116	-	-	-	
		215,681	1,233,279	144,889	168,287	1,233,163	144,889
2	Taxation						
2.1	Major components of the tax expense						
	Current Tax						
	Income tax based on profit for the year	1,952,486	9,900,487	11,212,598	1,952,486	9,900,487	11,212,598
	Education tax expense	-	1,321,083	934,383	-	1,321,083	934,383
		1,952,486	11,221,570	12,146,981	1,952,486	11,221,570	12,146,981
	Deferred tax Deferred tax expense/(credit) recognised in the current period	(69,364,078)	(46,370,624)	(15,524,549)	(69,364,078)	(46,370,624)	(15,524,549)
		(03,304,078)	(+0,070,024)	(10,024,048)	(03,304,070)	(+0,570,024)	(10,024,049
	Adjustments recognised in the current period in relation to the deferred tax of prior periods	-	(12,744)	-	-	(12,744)	-
		(67,411,592)	(35,161,798)	(3,377,568)	(67,411,592)	(35,161,798)	(3,377,568)

The tax rates used in the above comparative figures are the corporate tax rate of 30% (2023: 30%) payable by corporate entities in Nigeria. Education tax rate is also payable at 3% of assessable profit (2022: 2.5% of assessable profit) while Police trust fund is 0.005% (2022: 0.005%) of the net profit of the companies operating business in Nigeria.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

12.2	Reconciliation of the tax expense Reconciliation between accounting profit and tax expense	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Accounting profit before tax	(211,419,631)	(108,922,106)	(31,365,048)	(210,661,224)	(107,161,258)	(30,474,422)
	Income tax expense calculated at 30% of PBT	1,952,486	24,572,124	11,212,598	1,952,486	24,572,124	11,212,598
	Tertiary education tax expense calculated at 2.5% of assessable profits	-	2,162,675	934,383	-	2,162,675	934,383
	Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	-	(450,746)	-	-	(450,746)	-
	Effect of investment allowance Effect of expenses that are not deductible in	-	(59,506)	-	-	(59,506)	-
	determining taxable profit	-	292,468	-	-	292,468	-
	Effect of tax adjustments (police trust fund levy)	-	4,095	-	-	4,095	-
	Adjustments recognised in the current period in relation to the deferred tax of prior periods	(15,524,549)	973,632	-	(15,524,549)	973,632	-
	Adjustment recognised due to difference in tax rate	-	65,943		-	65,943	-
	Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(13,572,063)	27,560,686	12,146,981	(13,572,063)	27,560,686	12,146,981
12.3	Current tax liabilities						
		GROUP 30/6/2024	GROUP 31/12/2023	GROUP 30/6/2023	COMPANY 30/6/2024	COMPANY 31/12/2023	COMPANY 30/6/2023
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	At January 1	14,445,581	25,542,640	25,542,640	14,450,510	25,542,640	25,542,640
	Acquired during the year	-	(4,929)		-	-	
	Charge for the period	1,952,486	11,221,570	12,149,417	1,952,486	11,221,570	12,146,981
	Payment made during the period	(4,059,534)	(22,313,700)	(7,814,110)	(4,059,534)	(22,313,700)	(7,814,110)
	Balance end of the period	12,338,533	14,445,581	29,877,947	12,343,462	14,450,510	29,875,511
	=						

13 Deferred tax balances

Deferred income taxes are calculated on all temporary differences under the liability method using an effective tax rate of 30% (2022: 30%). The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liability relate to income tax in the same jurisdiction and the law allows net settlement.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets /(iabilities)

Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:						
Property plant and equipment @ 30%	(13,667,444)	(13,667,444)	2,658,340	(13,667,444)	(13,667,444)	2,658,340
Property plant and equipment @ 10%	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)	(121,878)
Provisions	1,123,365	1,123,365	(1,077,483)	1,123,365	1,123,365	(1,077,483)
Exchange difference @ 32%	118,309,009	48,944,928	-	118,309,009	48,944,928	-
Fair value adjustment	(3,133,677)	(3,133,677)	827,496	(3,133,679)	(3,133,677)	827,496
	102,509,375	33,145,294	2,286,475	102,509,373	33,145,294	2,286,475

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

13 Deferred tax balances (Continued) Deferred income tax charged in profit or loss ("P/L) are attributable to the following items:

13.1	Deferred tax reconciliation	Opening balance	Movement recognised in the year-SPL	Movement recognised in the equity	Closing balance
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	Group as at 31 December 2023				
	Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:				
	Property, plant and equipment @ 30%	12,866,209	801,235	-	13,667,444
	Property, plant and equipment @ 10%	121,878		-	121,878
	Provisions	(827,496)	(295,869)	-	(1,123,365)
	Exchange difference	-	(48,944,928)	-	(48,944,928)
	Fair value adjustment	1,077,483	2,056,194	-	3,133,677
		13,238,074	(46,383,368)	-	(33,145,294)

Company as at 31 December 2022 Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:

Property, plant and equipment @ 30%	11,913,613	952,596	-	12,866,209
Property, plant and equipment @ 10%	121,878	-	-	121,878
Exchange rate	(870,036)	42,540	-	(827,496)
Fair value adjustment	(802,447)	802,447	-	-
Provisions	68,956	1,008,527	-	1,077,483
	10,431,964	2,806,110	-	13,238,074

14 Operating profit

Profit for the period is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

			GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 16)		5,628,322	10,268,323	2,079,987	5,628,322	9,245,056	2,079,986
	Defined contribution plans -direct employee cost (note 36)		172,933	312,622	154,392	172,933	312,622	154,392
	Defined contribution plans -indirect employee cost (note 36)		103,143	191,595	94,260	103,143	191,595	94,260
	Auditors remuneration		73,623	120,000	52,608	69,331	112,015	48,998
14.1	Operating profit is arrived at as below:							
	Gross profit		18,138,790	86,303,842	58,188,630	18,138,790	86,303,842	58,188,630
	Other income	11	215,681	1,233,279	144,889	168,287	1,233,163	144,889
	Selling and distribution expenses	8	(310,317)	(644,496)	(303,554)	(310,317)	(644,496)	(303,554)
	Administrative expenses	8	(7,751,590)	(13,280,725)	(5,831,622)	(7,250,552)	(12,210,566)	(5,322,309)
	Impairment (losses)/gains on financial assets	23	33,972	(926,288)	-	33,972	(926,288)	
		_	10,326,536	72,685,612	52,198,343	10,780,180	73,755,655	52,707,656

15 Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity holders by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of earnings per share are as follows:

	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Profit for the period Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share from continuing operations	(144,000,455) (144,000,455)	(73,742,699) (73,742,699)	(27,978,574) (27,978,574)	(143,249,632) (143,249,632)	(71,999,460) (71,999,460)	(27,096,854) (27,096,854)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,146,878	12,146,878
Basic and diluted earnings per share from continuing operations (Naira)	(11.85)	(6.07)	(2.30)	(11.79)	(5.93)	(2.23)

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

16. Property, Plant and Equipment

Group	Bearer Plant	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Aircraft	Tools & Equipment	Capital Work In Progress	Total
COST:	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance, 1/1/2023	14,779,032	5,751,213	25,249,400	47,385,811	440,700	34,470,662	435,903	899,828	9,332,902	83,072,956	221,818,407
Additions during the year	33,274	475,499	53,073	1,279,768	77,483	485,106	129,659	-	99,877	16,881,155	19,514,894
Reclassifications	5,171,903	-	26,389	2,274,771	1,752	1,021	- 1	-	31,502	(7,507,338)	-
Adjustment (Note 16.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(268,623)	(268,623)
Balance, 31/12/2023	19,984,209	6,226,712	25,328,862	50,940,349	519,936	34,956,790	565,562	899,828	9,464,280	92,178,150	241,064,678
Addition-BIP	-	-	29,424	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,082,645	1,112,069
Additions-Apapa and Numan	7,192,648	-	4,425,721	1,076,723	12,649	84,921	35,777	-	126,516	7,236,967	20,191,922
Reclassifications	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,192,648)	(7,192,648)
Balance, 30/6/2024	27,176,857	6,226,712	29,784,007	52,017,072	532,585	35,041,711	601,339	899,828	9,590,796	93,305,114	255,176,021
DEPRECIATION:	9 4 2 7 6 0 4	90,758.54	6 620 440	20 406 005	202 455	10 000 785	224 447	226 907	0 720 525		64 056 776
Balance, 1/1/2023	8,137,694	,	6,639,149	20,406,095	383,455	19,002,785	331,417	326,897	8,738,525	-	64,056,776
Charge for the year	2,629,974	24,514	1,274,650	2,265,650	64,453	3,405,079 (342,330)	75,674	35,993	492,336	-	10,268,323
Written off	10,767,668	115,272	7,913,799	22,671,745	447,908	22,065,533	(903) 406,188	362,890	9,230,861	-	(343,233) 73,981,866
Balance, 31/12/2023		115,272	1,176,513	22,671,745 816,415	447,906 18,621	1,393,000	400,100 42,878	362,890 17,997	216,564	-	5,628,322
Charge for the period Charge-BIP	1,946,336	- 12,257	72,432	190,208	15,185	178,058	42,878	17,997	3,188	-	473,000
Balance, 30/6/2024	12,714,004	127,529	9,162,744	23,678,368	481,714	23,636,591	450,738	380,886	9,450,613		80,083,188
	12,114,004	121,020	0,102,144	20,010,000		20,000,001	-100,100	000,000	0,100,010		00,000,100
NET BOOK VALUE:											
Balance, 31/12/2023	9,216,541	6,111,440	17,415,063	28,268,604	72,027	12,891,257	159,374	536,938	233,419	92,178,150	167,082,812
Balance, 30/6/2024	14,462,853	6,099,183	20,621,263	28,338,704	50,871	11,405,119	150,601	518,942	140,183	93,305,114	175,092,833

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

16. Property, Plant and Equipment

Bearer Plant	Land	Building	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Aircraft	Tools & Equipment	Capital Work In Progress	Total
N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
14,779,032	5,146,460	19,160,729	38,811,125	440,908	32,653,164	421,357	899,828	7,507,559	35,954,821	155,774,983
33,274	475,499	51,805	1,279,768	60,619	472,329	122,083	-	99,877	14,057,033	16,652,286
5,171,903	-	26,389	2,274,771	1,752	1,021	- (-	31,502	(7,507,338)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	(268,623)	(268,623)
19,984,209	5,621,959	19,238,923	42,365,664	503,279	33,126,514	543,440	899,828	7,638,938	42,235,893	172,158,647
7,192,648	-	4,425,721	1,076,723	12,649	84,921	35,777	-	126,516	7,236,967	20,191,922
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,192,648)	(7,192,648)
27,176,857	5,621,959	23,664,644	43,442,387	515,928	33,211,436	579,216	899,828	7,765,454	42,280,212	185,157,921
8,137,694	66,245	6,223,027	21,226,322	379,465	19,047,843	320,750	326,897	6,350,725	-	62,078,968
2,629,974	-	1,119,370	1,883,144	31,939	2,996,551	70,168	35,993	477,917	-	9,245,056
-	-	-	-	-	(342,330)	(903)	-	-	-	(343,233)
10,767,668	66,245	7,342,397	23,109,466	411,404	21,702,064	390,015	362,890	6,828,642	-	70,980,791
1,946,336	-	1,176,513	816,415	18,621	1,393,000	42,878	17,997	216,564	-	5,628,322
12,714,004	66,245	8,518,910	23,925,881	430,024	23,095,063	432,893	380,886	7,045,205	-	76,609,112
9,216,541	5,555,714	11,896,526	19,256,198	91,875	11,424,450	153,425	536,938	810,296	42,235,893	101,177,856
14,462,853	5,555,715	15,145,735	19,516,506	85,903	10,116,372	146,323	518,942	720,248	42,280,212	108,548,809
	N'000 14,779,032 33,274 5,171,903 - 19,984,209 7,192,648 - 27,176,857 8,137,694 2,629,974 - 10,767,668 1,946,336 12,714,004 9,216,541	N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 33,274 475,499 5,171,903 - - - 19,984,209 5,621,959 7,192,648 - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 8,137,694 66,245 2,629,974 - - - 10,767,668 66,245 1,946,336 - 12,714,004 66,245 9,216,541 5,555,714	N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 33,274 475,499 51,805 5,171,903 - 26,389 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 - - - 10,767,668 66,245 7,342,397 1,946,336 - 1,176,513 12,714,004 66,245 8,518,910 9,216,541 5,555,714 11,896,526	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 - - - - 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 - - - - 10,767,668 66,245 7,342,397 23,109,466 1,946,336 - 1,176,513 816,415 12,714,004 66,245 8,518,910 23,925,881 9,216,541 5,555,714 11,896,526 19,256,198 <td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 - - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 379,465 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 - - - - - 10,767,668 66,245 7,342,397 23,109,466 411,404 1,946,336 - 1,176,513 816,415 18,621 12,714,004<td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 - - - - - - - 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 - - - - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 379,465 19,047,843 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551</td><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 421,357 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 122,083 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 543,440 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 35,777 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 579,216 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551 70,168 - - - - - (342,330) (903) - 10,767,668 66,245</td><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft N'000 Item State Item State<td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft Equipment N'000 Status <t< td=""><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Plant & Machinery Furniture & Fittings Motor Vehicles Computer Equipment Aircraft Tools & Equipment In Progress N'000 N'000</td></t<></td></td></td>	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 - - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 379,465 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 - - - - - 10,767,668 66,245 7,342,397 23,109,466 411,404 1,946,336 - 1,176,513 816,415 18,621 12,714,004 <td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 - - - - - - - 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 - - - - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 379,465 19,047,843 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551</td> <td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 421,357 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 122,083 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 543,440 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 35,777 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 579,216 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551 70,168 - - - - - (342,330) (903) - 10,767,668 66,245</td> <td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft N'000 Item State Item State<td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft Equipment N'000 Status <t< td=""><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Plant & Machinery Furniture & Fittings Motor Vehicles Computer Equipment Aircraft Tools & Equipment In Progress N'000 N'000</td></t<></td></td>	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 - - - - - - - 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 - - - - - - - 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 8,137,694 66,245 6,223,027 21,226,322 379,465 19,047,843 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 N'000 14,779,032 5,146,460 19,160,729 38,811,125 440,908 32,653,164 421,357 33,274 475,499 51,805 1,279,768 60,619 472,329 122,083 5,171,903 - 26,389 2,274,771 1,752 1,021 19,984,209 5,621,959 19,238,923 42,365,664 503,279 33,126,514 543,440 7,192,648 - 4,425,721 1,076,723 12,649 84,921 35,777 27,176,857 5,621,959 23,664,644 43,442,387 515,928 33,211,436 579,216 2,629,974 - 1,119,370 1,883,144 31,939 2,996,551 70,168 - - - - - (342,330) (903) - 10,767,668 66,245	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft N'000 Item State Item State <td>Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft Equipment N'000 Status <t< td=""><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Plant & Machinery Furniture & Fittings Motor Vehicles Computer Equipment Aircraft Tools & Equipment In Progress N'000 N'000</td></t<></td>	Bearer Plant Land Building Machinery Fittings Vehicles Equipment Aircraft Equipment N'000 Status Status <t< td=""><td>Bearer Plant Land Building Plant & Machinery Furniture & Fittings Motor Vehicles Computer Equipment Aircraft Tools & Equipment In Progress N'000 N'000</td></t<>	Bearer Plant Land Building Plant & Machinery Furniture & Fittings Motor Vehicles Computer Equipment Aircraft Tools & Equipment In Progress N'000 N'000

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements 16. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

The following Right-of Use assets have been included in the property, plant and equipment movement schedules above:

	GROUP Land N'000	GROUP Building N'000	GROUP Total N'000	COMPANY Land N'000	COMPANY Building N'000	GROUP Total N'000
COST:						
Balance, 31/12/2023	228,865	3,773,973	4,002,838	306,725	3,672,879	3,979,604
Reclassification	77,860	(77,860)	-	-	-	-
Reasseement	23,395	4,402,326	4,425,721	23,395	4,402,326	4,425,721
Additions during the period		29,424	29,424		-	-
Balance, 30/6/2024	330,120	8,127,863	8,457,983	330,120	8,075,205	8,405,325
DEPRECIATION:						
Balance, 31/12/2023	232,194	3,551,432	3,783,626	232,194	3,379,099	3,611,293
Depreciation charge for the period	23,517	971,012	994,529	23,517	953,058	976,575
Balance, 30/6/2024	255,711	4,522,444	4,778,155	255,711	4,332,157	4,587,868
NET BOOK VALUE:						
Balance, 31/12/2023	3,329	222,541	219,213	74,531	293,780	368,311
Balance, 30/6/2024	74,410	3,605,419	3,679,829	74,410	3,743,048	3,817,458
	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
Biological assets	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Cost						
Carrying value at the beginning of the period	14,464,427	6,942,660	6,942,660	14,464,427	6,942,660	6,942,660
Net (usage)/addtion	(4,311,237)	(1,974,223)	(1,311,420)	(4,311,237)	(1,974,223)	(1,311,420)
Fair value adjustments	8,197,785	9,495,990	2,246,664	8,197,785	9,495,990	2,246,664
Carrying amount at the end of the period	18,350,975	14,464,427	7,877,904	18,350,975	14,464,427	7,877,904
Current Non-current	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904
Non-ourient	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904	18,350,974	14,464,427	7,877,904

Description of biological assets and activities

Biological assets comprise of growing cane. The growing cane represents biological assets which are expected to be harvested as agricultural produce, intended for production of sugar. The biological assets have been measured at fair value less cost to sell. As at 30 Jun, 2024, the group has a total of 8,612 hectares of growing canes.

Basis for measurement of fair value

17

The Group adopted the multi-period excess earnings method (MPEEM) under the income approach to estimating the fair value of the Biological Assets. The MPEEM estimates the fair value of an asset based on the cash flows attributable to the asset after deducting the cash flows attributable to other assets (contributory assets). This approach is commonly used for sugarcane considering that land, plant and machinery and the bearer plant are accounted as PPE in line with IAS 16 and considered as contributory assets for the purpose of MPEEM valuation.

The fair value of biological assets are determined based on unobservable inputs, using the best information available in the circumstances and therefore falls within the level 3 fair value category. Growing cane were valued using the income approach.

Key assumptions and inputs	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
Industry out-grower price. (N per ton)	44,041	34,899	21,713	44,041	17,874	21,713
Average yield per hectare (tonnes)	82.62	83.44	82.74	82.62	81.90	82.74
Discount rate (%)	14.99%	15.01%	14.29%	14.99%	15.46%	14.29%

Changes in fair value of the biological asset are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial risk management strategies for biological assets

The group is exposed to risks arising from environmental and climatic changes, commodity prices and financing risks. The group has strong environmental policies

		GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
18	Other assets						
	Prepaid rent	162,671	-	944,461	162,671	-	944,461
	Prepaid insurance	233,136	91,753	126,464	230,089	90,357	120,247
	Prepaid housing allowances	943,901	42,269	652,476	943,901	42,269	652,476
	Prepaid medicals	22,517	32,126	16,204	22,517	32,126	16,204
	Prepaid discount on commercial paper	13,714,442	-	-	13,714,442	-	-
	Others	1,193,538	578,860	1,500,990	1,193,538	578,860	1,500,990
		16,270,205	745,008	3,240,595	16,267,158	743,612	3,234,378
	Current	16,270,205	745,008	3,240,595	16,267,158	743,612	3,234,378
	Non-current portion		-	-	-	-	-
		16,270,205	745,008	3,240,595	16,267,158	743,612	3,234,378

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

		GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
19	Asset held for sale	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642	868,642

The asset is a large expanse of land at Plot 23 Division 9, W110 Road, Kolai'a Local Government, Tipaza Province, Algeria. It is currently covered with light green vegetations, with delineating boundaries/paths partly marked with wire-mesh fitted to steel poles. The immediate neighbourhood features both industrial and agricultural uses and notable landmarks in the vicinity of the property include SPA Société Des Tabacs Algero-Emirate (STAEM) and Zone Industrielle Mazafran. Based on land survey plan, the site extends to c.6 Hectares 22 Yards 29 Centiyard.

The Management of DSR assess that the land's value has not been impaired or diminished since the last valuation carried out on 19th August 2021 by international Land Economists, KNIGHT FRANK LLP, as the opportunities presented in the valuation remain valid. The threat of Corona virus and political stability of the country, Algeria, where the land is located has also improved since the valuation. The DSR Management therefore assess the fair value of the land remains the same as the value presented in the valuation report by KNIGHT FRANK LLP.

20 Investment in subsidiaries

The following table lists the entities which are controlled by the Group, either directly or indirectly through subsidiaries.

Company					
Name of Company	Held by	% interest	30/6/2024 N'000 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000 N'000
Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000	99,000
Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000	99,000
Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc	99	99,000	99,000	99,000
			297,000	297,000	297,000

21 Deposit for shares

The Board of Directors of Dangote Sugar Refinery PIc (DSR) resolved that the total funding of its Backward Integrated Project entities (Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd, Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd and Nasarawa Sugar Company Limited) shall be converted to deposit for shares or equity contribution in the books of both DSR and the respective entities and same shall thereafter be converted to equity in future.

Total funding to date	30/6/2024 N'000	31/12/2023 N'000	30/6/2023 N'000
Nasarawa Sugar Company Limited	41,395,331	38,501,929	36,991,981
Dangote Adamawa Sugar Ltd	26,727,469	26,633,922	26,530,996
Dangote Taraba Sugar Ltd	1,900,164	1,899,440	1,898,355
	70,022,964	67,035,291	65,421,332

22	Inventories	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Raw materials	25,104,654	3,883,257	36,189,080	24,996,597	3,775,950	36,079,415
	Raw material in transit	44,903,053	33,361	8,844	44,903,053	33,361	8,844
	Work-in-process	8,020,638	5,255,524	2,663,134	8,020,638	5,255,524	2,663,134
	Finished goods	5,422,610	9,758,308	5,384,837	5,422,610	9,758,308	5,384,837
	Finished goods in transit	5,983,701	2,158,972	1,738,215	5,983,701	2,158,972	1,738,215
	Production supplies	35,146,723	20,823,332	33,990,472	34,369,765	20,051,519	33,197,064
	Chemicals and consumables	7,832,573	5,551,692	4,784,639	7,806,290	5,575,208	4,451,243
	Packaging materials	1,189,253	796,483	688,455	1,189,253	796,483	688,455
		133,603,205	48,260,929	85,447,676	132,691,907	47,405,325	84,211,207
	Allowance for obsolete inventory	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)
		133,259,129	47,916,853	85,103,600	132,347,831	47,061,249	83,867,131
	Movement in provision for obsolete inventory						
	As at 1 January	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)
	Charge for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
	As at 30 June	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)	(344,076)
	Amount of inventory charged as expense in the period:						

No inventory was pledged as security for any liability.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Trade and other receivables	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Trade receivables	8,360,382	5,911,204	7,244,152	8,360,382	5,911,204	7,244,152
Allowance for doubtful debts and impairments	(195,176)	(435,350)	(131,462)	(195,176)	(435,350)	(131,462)
	8,165,207	5,475,854	7,112,690	8,165,206	5,475,854	7,112,690
Staff loans and advances	406,763	431,210	463,215	402,895	426,254	457,203
Allowance for impaired Staff advances	(108,749)	(51,513)	(69,289)	(108,749)	(51,513)	(69,289)
Allowance for impaired staff loans (Note 23.2)	(37,752)	(37,752)	(23,950)	(37,752)	(37,752)	(23,950)
Other financial assets	57,701,685	99,821,153	133,061,482	57,690,100	99,783,327	132,566,766
Advance payment to contractors	7,778,166	3,499,078	1,749,104	7,598,606	3,307,346	1,570,197
Insurance claim receivable	856,550	373,388	373,388	373,388	373,388	373,388
Allowance for impaired Insurance claim	(373,388)	(373,388)	(373,388)	(373,388)	(373,388)	(373,388)
Negotiable Duty Credit Certificates (Note 23.1)	623,592	623,592	623,592	623,592	623,592	623,592
Other receivables	5,269,556	16,713,881	1,729,182	5,269,556	16,713,881	1,729,182
Receivable from Olam Group	-	-	602,997	-	-	602,997
Allowance for impaired receivables from Olam Group	-	-	(602,997)	-	-	(602,997)
Amount due from related parties (Note 35)	5,944,705	6,175,692	4,332,095	5,944,705	6,175,692	4,332,095
Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade(Note 23.2)	(429,805)	(79,396)	-	(429,805)	(79,396)	-
Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(Note 23.2)	(623,408)	(767,613)	(238,412)	(623,408)	(767,613)	(238,412)
	85,173,121	131,804,186	148,739,709	84,494,946	131,569,672	148,060,074

Other financial asset is in respect of the deposit for open Letters of Credit with the banks.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts (see note 32 for aged analysis) that are past due more than 30 days as at the reporting date for which the company has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable.

23.1 Negotiable duty credit certificate

The Company has received certificates for N707 million termed as Negotiable Duty Credit Certificate (NDCC). However, N83.5 Million matured during the year 2022 which reduced the balance to N623.6 Million. The NDCC is an instrument of the government for settling of the EEG receivables. The NDCC is used for the payment of Import and Excise duties in lieu of cash. The recently issued Government promissory notes that relates to the last tranches of export carried out by the company are being converted to cash based on the maturity dates indicated on the instruments. However, the old NDCC which ought to be utilized for payment of import and exercise duty in lieu of cash is yet to be enjoyed just like other players within the industry

23.2 Allowance for impairment of financial assets

Company and Group	Other Receivables	Trade	Related Trade-related	party Non-trade related	Staff loans	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance as at 1/1/2023	373,388	131,462		238,412	23,950	767,212
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the period	-	303,889	79,396	529,201	13,802	926,288
Balance as at 31/12/2023	373,388	435,351	79,396	767,613	37,752	1,693,500
Net impact on retained earnings in prior period	-	303,889	79,396	529,201	13,802	926,288
Balance as at 1/1/2024	373,388	435,351	79,396	767,613	37,752	1,693,500
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for credit losses for the period	-	(240,175)	350,409	(144,205)	-	(33,972)
Balance as at 30/6/2024	373,388	195,176	429,805	623,408	37,752	1,659,528
Net impact on retained earnings in current period		(240,175)	350,409	(144,205)		(33,972)
23.3 Provision for impairment (gain)/loss on financial assets	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,370,210	1,433,747	1,370,210	1,370,210	1,433,747	1,370,210
Impairment (gain)/loss recognised in profit or loss	(33,972)	(63,537)	-	(33,972)	(63,537)	-
Balance at the end of the period	1,336,238	1,370,210	1,370,210	1,336,238	1,370,210	1,370,210

24 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks and short term deposits with 30 days tenure. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash in hand	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000 4,675	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000 4,541	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000 3,677	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000 3,150	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000 2,400	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000 2,400
Bank balances	34,407,924	39,898,646	30,942,732	34,238,842	39,815,563	30,666,531
Short term deposits	145,716,684	161,859,516	126,870,477	145,716,684	161,859,516	126,870,477
Nigerian Treasury bill	3,000,000	3,000,000	40,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	40,000
	183,129,283	204,762,703	157,856,886	182,958,676	204,677,479	157,579,408

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

25 Share capital and Premium

The balance in the share capital account was as follows:

	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Authorised:						
Balance at January 1 (15,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of N0.50 each)	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439
Balance at end of period	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439
Allotted, called up issued and fully paid:						
12,146,878,239 Ordinary shares issued at N0.5 each	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439
Balance at end of period	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439	6,073,439
Share premium 12,000,000,000 ordinary shares of N0.5 each issued at N0.5267	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524	6,320,524

Share premium represents the excess of the shareholders' value over the nominal share capital at the point of the commencement of operations in January 2006.

26	Retained earnings	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Balance at January 1	66,882,220	158,845,237	158,845,237	69,415,945	159,635,722	159,635,722
	Prior year tax adjustment			(4,929)			-
	(Loss)/Profit for the period	(144,000,455)	(73,742,700)	(27,978,577)	(143,249,632)	(71,999,460)	(27,096,856)
	Dividend paid during the period	-	(18,220,317)	(18,220,317)	-	(18,220,317)	(18,220,317)
	Balance at June 30	(77,118,235)	66,882,220	112,641,414	(73,833,687)	69,415,945	114,318,549
27	Non-controlling interest Balance brought forward Share of Profit/(loss) for the period Balance at June 30	(30,398) (7,584) (37,982)	(12,790) (17,608) (30,398)	(12,790) (8,906) (21,696)	-	- 	- - -

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

		GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
28 Borrowin	gs						
Held at an	nortised cost						
Bank loan		394,318	531,563	657,781	394,318	531,563	657,781
		394,318	531,563	717,508	394,318	531,563	657,781
Non-curre	nt liabilities	309,082	246,109	394,315	309,082	246,109	394,315
Current lia	bilities	85,236	285,454	263,466	85,236	285,454	263,466
		394,318	531,563	657,781	394,318	531,563	657,781
Movemen	t of borrowings						
Balance b	rought forward	531,563	775,282	775,282	531,563	775,282	775,282
Accrued in	terest	40,247	111,192	59,966	40,247	111,192	59,966
Interest pa	lyment	(23,761)	(67,473)	(36,654)	(23,761)	(67,473)	(36,654)
Principal r	epayment	(153,731)	(287,438)	(140,813)	(153,731)	(287,438)	(140,813)
		394,318	531,563	657,781	394,318	531,563	657,782

In 2016, the Group received a 10-year loan of N2 Billion from Zenith Bank Plc, with two years moratorium on principal, at an interest of 9% per annum payable quarterly. It is secured on fixed and floating assets of Savannah Sugar Limited.

29 Employee benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Group operated a defined benefit plan for all qualifying employees up till 30 September 2013. Under the plan, the employees were entitled to retirement benefits which vary according to length of service. At the date of discontinuation, qualified staff as at this date are to be paid their retirement benefit at the point of exit hence the recognition as a current liability as it is payable on demand. The amounts stated in the financial statement as at 2013 are based on actuarial valuation carried out in 2013. For the purpose of comparison the present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost stated in the books up till 30 September 2013 was measured using the Project Unit Credit Method.

The most recent Actuarial Valuation was carried out in 2013 using the staff payroll of 30 September 2013.

Movement in gratuity	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Balance as at 1 January	712,047	762,567	762,567	712,047	762,567	762,567
Benefits paid from plan	(1,220)	(50,520)	(3,635)	(1,220)	(50,520)	(3,635)
Balance as at June 30	710,828	712,047	758,932	710,827	712,047	758,932

Defined contribution plan

The Group operates a defined contribution retirement benefit plan for all qualifying employees. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees.

The employees contribute 8% of their gross salary (basic, housing and transport) while the Group contributes 10% on behalf of the employees to the same plan.

30	Trade and other payables	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Trade payables	26,284,670	13,608,715	7,207,450	25,679,040	12,973,473	6,720,511
	Letters of Credit	472,842,910	411,735,375	337,467,900	472,759,215	410,980,514	336,228,534
	Dividend Payable	1,634,780	1,634,780	1,595,512	1,634,780	1,634,780	1,595,512
	Accruals and sundry creditors	48,313,261	34,276,333	23,271,290	48,122,198	34,109,875	23,076,130
	Other credit balances	9,527,433	6,605,632	16,135,772	9,279,313	6,571,090	16,110,099
	Due to related parties (Note 35)	13,510,953	20,001,610	14,650,197	13,402,229	19,328,586	13,622,471
		572,114,007	487,862,445	400,328,121	570,876,775	485,598,318	397,353,257
	Commercial paper Bank overdraft	141,337,390 25,358,704	-	-	141,337,390 25,358,704	-	-

Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

31	Other Liabilities	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Advance payment for goods	23,019,951	17,792,296	10,587,132	23,019,951	17,792,296	10,587,132
31.1	Lease Liability	4,142,086	200,208	1,061,535	4,064,670	145,880	963,241
	Lease liabilities						
		GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
		30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	Opening balance as at 1 January	200,208	981,142	981,142	145,880	933,022	933,022
	Modifications/reassessments during the period	3,884,082 150,284	100,719 51,102	- 87,512	3,884,082 147,368	100,719 51,102	- 37,338
	Interest expense Exchange Difference	150,264	865,286	07,512	147,300	859.078	37,330
	Payments made during the period	(92,488)	(1,798,041)	(7,119)	(112,660)	(1,798,041)	(7,119)
	Closing balance as at 30 June	4,142,086	200,208	1,061,535	4,064,670	145,880	963,241
		.,,		.,	.,	,	
	Current	2,001,372	116,260	339,220	1,923,956	61,932	963,241
	Non-current	2,140,714	83,948	722,315	2,140,714	83,948	-
		4,142,086	200,208	1,061,535	4,064,670	145,880	963,241
31.2	Amounts recognised in the statement of profit or	loss					
		GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
		30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	Depreciation charge on right of use assets						
	Land	23,517	53,123	-	23,517	53,123	14,194
	Buildings	971,012	788,267	432,229	953,058	742,676	392,868
		994,529	841,390	432,229	976,575	795,799	407,062
	Interest expense (included in finance cost)	150,284	51,102	37,337	147,368	51,102	37,337
	Foreign exchange difference	-	865,286	-	-	859,078	-

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

31.4 Leases where the Group is a lessor.

The Group has leased one of its buildings to a related party. These are classified as operating leases.

Lease rental recognised in profit or loss as rental income in which the Group acts as a lessor is as shown below:

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
<u>Other income</u> Rental income on operating lease (Note 11)	48,810	188,064	50,270	48,810	188,064	50,270

32 Risk management

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The capital structure of the Group is made up of equity comprising issued capital, share premium and retained earnings. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group's risk management committee reviews the capital structure of the Group on an annual basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group is not geared as at 30 June 2024 (see below).

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio.

This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown as at 30 June 2024 plus net debt.

The gearing ratio at 2024 and 2023 respectively were as follows:

	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Total borrowings						
Borrowings (Note 28)	394,318	531,563	717,508	394,318	531,563	657,781
Less: Cash and cash equivalent (Note 24)	183,129,283	204,762,703	157,856,886	182,958,676	204,677,479	157,579,408
Net Cash	182,734,965	204,231,140	157,139,378	182,564,358	204,145,916	156,921,627
Total Equity	(64,762,254)	79,245,785	125,013,681	(61,439,724)	81,809,908	126,712,512
Gearing ratio	-1%	1%	1%	-1%	1%	1%

Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the board. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

Liquidity risk management

The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds by maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. To manage liquidity risk, our allocation of Letters of Credit on raw sugar and spares/chemicals are spread over dedicated banks. Therefore, the establishment of these Letters of Credit which are commitments by the banks provide security to our funds placed on deposit accounts. In other words our funds placed are substantially tied to our obligations on raw sugar and spares.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

32 Risk management (continued)

Group	Less than one	More than one	Total
Gloup	vear	vear	Total
At 30 June 2024	N'000	N'000	N'000
Borrowings	85,236	309,082	394,318
Letters of Credit	472,842,910	-	472,842,910
Lease liability	2,001,372	2,140,714	4,142,086
Trade and other payables	99,271,097		99,271,097
	574,200,615	2,449,796	576,650,411
At 31 December 2023			
Borrowings	285,454	246,109	531,563
Letters of Credit	411,735,375	,	411,735,375
Lease liability	116,260	-	116,260
Trade and other payables	76,127,070	-	76,127,070
	488,264,158	246,109	488,510,267
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At 30 June 2023	202.400	204.245	057 704
Borrowings Letters of Credit	263,466	394,315	657,781
	337,467,900	-	337,467,900
Lease liability	339,220	722,315	1,061,535
Trade and other payables	<u>62,860,221</u> 400,930,807	1 116 620	62,860,221
	400,930,807	1,116,630	402,047,437
Company	Less than one	More than one	Total
Company	Less than one year	More than one year	Total
Company At 30 June 2024			Total N'000
	year	year	
At 30 June 2024	year N'000	year N'000	N'000
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings	year N'000 85,236	year N'000	N'000 394,318.00
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215	year N'000	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956	year N'000	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560	year N'000 309,082.00 - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - 309,082	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454	year N'000 309,082.00 - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514	year N'000 309,082.00 - - 309,082 246,109 -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - 309,082	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - 309,082 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932	year N'000 309,082.00 - - 309,082 246,109 -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - 309,082 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 30 June 2023	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805 485,945,705	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805 486,275,762
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 30 June 2023 Borrowings	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805 485,945,705 263,466	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - 309,082 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805 486,275,762 657,781
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 30 June 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805 485,945,705 263,466 336,228,534	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805 486,275,762 657,781 336,228,534
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 30 June 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805 485,945,705 263,466 336,228,534 963,241	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805 486,275,762 657,781 336,228,534 963,241
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 31 December 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit Lease liability Trade and other payables At 30 June 2023 Borrowings Letters of Credit	year N'000 85,236 472,759,215 1,923,956 98,117,560 572,885,967 285,454 410,980,514 61,932 74,617,805 485,945,705 263,466 336,228,534	year N'000 309,082.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	N'000 394,318.00 472,759,215 1,923,956.00 98,117,560 573,195,049 531,563 410,980,514 145,880 74,617,805 486,275,762 657,781 336,228,534

Financial liabilities that can be repaid at any time have been assigned to the earliest possible time period. It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Group is exposed to credit risk from its investing activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and other financial institutions. The Group has a credit management committee that is responsible for carrying out preliminary credit checks, review and approval of bank guarantees to credit customers. A credit controller also monitors trade receivable balances and resolves credit related matters.

Before accepting any new customer to buy on credit, the customer must have purchased goods on cash basis for a minimum period of six months in order to test the financial capability of the customer. Based on good credit rating by the credit committee of the Company, the customer may be allowed to migrate to credit purchases after the presentation of an acceptable bank guarantee which must be valid for one year.

Concentration of risk

The company supply Sugar on Cash & Credit basis. Customers pay before Supply is made and Trade Receivables of Q2 is sales of Sugar on credit to our Customers #9,653,407,145.65

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

32 Risk management (continued)

Deposits with banks and other financial institutions

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group's treasury department in accordance with its corporate treasury policy that spells out counterparty limits, lists of financial institutions that the Group deals with and the maximum tenure of fixed term funds. Surplus funds are spread amongst these institutions and funds must be within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Corporate Treasurer periodically and may be updated throughout the year. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through the potential counterparty's failure.

Maximum exposure to credit risks

The carrying value of the Group's financial assets represents its maximum exposure to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

Financial instrument	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Trade receivables	8,165,207	5,475,854	7,112,690	8,165,206	5,475,854	7,112,690
Other receivables	6,386,367	17,429,214	2,472,546	5,899,338	17,424,258	2,466,534
Deposit for open Letters of Credit with the banks	57,701,685	99,821,153	133,061,482	57,690,100	99,783,327	132,566,766
Amount due from related party	4,891,492	5,328,683	4,093,683	4,891,492	5,328,683	4,093,683
Cash and cash equivalents	183,129,283	204,762,703	157,856,886	182,958,676	204,677,479	157,579,408
	260,274,034	332,817,607	304,597,287	259,604,812	332,689,601	303,819,081

Excluded from the other receivables balance shown above are the VAT, advance to vendors, Withholding tax receivable and NDCC receivables, these are not financial instruments.

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates on its borrowings. The Group pays fixed/floating rate interest on its borrowings. The company actively monitors interest rate exposures on its investment portfolio and borrowings so as to minimise the effect of interest rate fluctuations on the income statement. The risk on borrowings is managed by the company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings. All loans, cash and cash equivalent are fixed interest based and therefore the company does not have any exposure to the risk of changes in market rates.

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

33 Financial assets by category

The accounting policies for financial instruments have been applied to the line items below

	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
Assets						
Trade and other receivables	77,144,751	128,054,904	146,740,401	76,646,136	128,012,122	146,239,673
Cash and cash equivalents	183,129,283	204,762,703	157,856,886	182,958,676	204,677,479	157,579,408
	260,274,034	332,817,607	304,597,287	259,604,812	332,689,601	303,819,081
34 Financial liabilities by category						
	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Liabilities						
Borrowings	394,318	531,563	657,781	394,318	531,563	394,315
Lease liabilities	4,142,086	200,208	1,061,535	4,064,670	145,880	963,241
Trade and other payables	572,114,007	487,862,445	400,328,121	570,876,775	485,598,318	397,353,257
	576,650,411	488,594,216	402,047,437	575,335,763	486,275,761	398,710,813

35 Related party information

35.1 Related parties and Nature of relationship and transactions

Related parties	Nature of relationship and transactions
NASCON Allied Industries PLC	Fellow subsidiary from which the Company purchases raw salt as input in the production process
Bluestar Shipping line Limited	Fellow subsidiary Company that provides clearing and stevedoring services
Taraba Sugar Company Limited	Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Adamawa Sugar Company Limited	Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Nassarawa Sugar Company Limited	Subsidiary- Backward integrated project
Dangote Global Services Limited (UK)	Fellow subsidiary- Payment for foreign procurements
Dangote Oil and Gas Company Limited	Fellow subsidiary - Supply of AGO and LPFO
Dangote Industries Limited	Parent company that provides management support and receives 7.5% of total reimbursables as management fees
Dancom Technologies Limited	Fellow subsidiary - Supply of IT services
MHF Properties Limited	Fellow subsidiary - Property rentals.
Greenview Development Company Limited	Fellow subsidiary - Property rentals.
Kura Holdings Limited	Fellow subsidiary - Travel services
Aliko Dangote Foundation	Under common control- Incures expenses on each other's behalf
Dangote Sinotrucks west Africa Limited	Fellow subsidiary- Supply of fleet trucks
Dangote Cement Plc	Fellow subsidiary - Supply of Diesel and LPFO
Dangote Packaging Limited	Fellow subsidiary- Supplies empty for bagging of finished sugar

1000 Dangote Sugar Refinery PIc Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related party information (continued)

iv)	Amount owed by related parties	GROUP 30/6/2024 N'000	GROUP 31/12/2023 N'000	GROUP 30/6/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2024 N'000	COMPANY 31/12/2023 N'000	COMPANY 30/6/2023 N'000
	Dangote Global Services Limited	330,477	614,158	698,607	330,477	614,158	698,607
	NASCON Allied Industries Plc	590,893	209,735	27,399	590,893	209,735	27,399
	Greenview Development Nig. Limited	-	1,407,175	754,232	-	1,407,175	754,232
	Bluestar Shipping Lines Limited	185,712	-	-	185,712	-	-
	Dangote Oil and Gas Company Limited	1,072,386	458,176	458,176	1,072,386	458,176	458,176
	Kura Holdings Limited	12,343	1,792	-	12,343	1,792	-
	MHF Properties Limited	309	309	-	309	309	-
	Dangote Fertilizer Limited	97,807	-	-	97,807	-	-
	AG Dangote Construction Limited	959,130	959,130	961,383	959,130	959,130	961,383
	Aliko Dangote Foundation	91,200	72,000	92,803	91,200	72,000	92,803
	Dangote Cement PLC	2,604,447	2,453,217	1,339,495	2,604,447	2,453,217	1,339,495
	Gross amount due from related parties (Note 23)	5,944,705	6,175,692	4,332,095	5,944,705	6,175,692	4,332,095
	Allowance for impaired -related parties Trade (Note 23.2)	(429,805)	(79,396)	-	(429,805)	(79,396)	-
	Allowance for impaired -related parties Non-Trade(Note 23.2)	(623,408)	(767,613)	(238,412)	(623,408)	(767,613)	(238,412)
	Net amount due from related parties	4,891,492	5,328,683	4,093,683	4,891,492	5,328,683	4,093,683
v)	Amount owed to related parties						
	Dangote Cement PLC	8,313,822	12,055,635	8,824,931	8,208,328	11,385,841	7,800,436
	Dangote Packaging Limited	21,724	632,036	149,726	21,724	632,036	149,726
	Kura Holdings Limited	-	-	7,200	-	-	7,200
	Dangote Fertilizer Limited	-	176,812	31,888	-	176,812	31,888
	Bluestar Shipping line Limited	-	24,327	16,657	-	24,327	16,657
	Greenview Development Nig. Limited	1,696,741	-	-	1,696,741	-	-
	Dangote Oil Refinery Company	-	-	11,894	-	-	11,894
	Dancom Technologies Limited	51,970	32,124	23,474	48,740	28.894	20,243
	Dangote Sinotruck west Africa Limited	452	452	,	452	452	
	Dangote Industries Limited	3,426,244	7,080,224	5,584,426	3,426,244	7,080,224	5,584,426
	=	13,510,953	20,001,610	14,650,196	13,402,229	19,328,586	13,622,470

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related party information (continued)

35.3 Sales of goods to related parties were made at the Company's usual market price without any discount to reflect the quantity of goods sold to related parties. Purchases were made at market price and there was no discount on all purchases.

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received.

Dangote Industries Limited (DIL) in recognition of the requirement of transfer pricing regulations that all transactions between connected taxable persons shall be carried out in a manner that is consistent with arm's length principle has come up with basis of computing its management fees and royalty taking into cognizance certain principles. Royalty payment shall be made in addition to management fees payable from 1 January 2015 at the rate of 0.5% of the total revenue.

35.4 Loans to and from related parties

There are no related party loans as at 30 June 2024

35.5 Key Management Personnel

List of Directors of Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc

1 Alh. Aliko Dangote (GCON) Chairman Board Member (Group Managing Director/CEO) 2 Mr. Ravindra Singhvi 3 Hajiya Mariya Dangote Board Member (Executive Director) 4 Mr. Olakunle Alake Board Member (Director) 5 Mr. Uzoma Nwankwo Board Member (Director) 6 Ms. Bennedikter Molokwu Board Member (Director) 7 Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi (SAN) Board Member (Director) 8 Alh. Abdu Dantata Board Member (Director) 9 Ms. Maryam Bashir Board Member (Director) 10 Mrs. Yabawa Lawan Wabi Board Member (Director)

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List of key management staff

1 Group Managing Director/CEO	Mr. Ravindra Singhvi
2 Executive Director	Hajiya Mariya Dangote
3 Group Chief Finance Officer	Mr. Oscar Mbeche
4 Chief Finance Officer	Dr. Isiaka Bello
5 Company Secretary/Legal Adviser	Mrs. Temitope Hassan
6 General Manager, Refinery	Mr. Christopher Okoh
7 Chief Internal Auditor	Mr.Babafemi Gbadewole
8 General Manager, Sales and marketing	Mr. Saddiq Bello
9 General Manager, Human Resources	a Mr. Hassan Salisu
10 Head, Risk Management	Mr. Ayokunle Ushie
11 Head, Supply Chain	Mr. Ganiyu Bakare
12 Chief Executive Numan	Mr. Chinnaya Sylvian
13 GGM Operational Services- Numan	Mr Bello Dan-Musa Abdullahi
14 Head, DSR Logistics and Transport	Mr. Rasheed Azeez
15 Head, HSSE	Mr. Itoro Unaam
16 Head, Internal Control	Mr. Godfrey Ojo
17 Head, Corporate Affairs	Ms. Ngozi Ngene

Mr. Ravindra Singhvi
Hajiya Mariya Dangote
Mr. Oscar Mbeche
Dr. Isiaka Bello
Mrs. Temitope Hassan
Mr. Christopher Okoh
Mr.Babafemi Gbadewole
Mr. Saddiq Bello
Mr. Hassan Salisu
Mr. Ayokunle Ushie
Mr. Ganiyu Bakare
Mr. Chinnaya Sylvian
Mr Bello Dan-Musa Abdullahi
Mr. Olusegun Idowu
Mr. Itoro Unaam
Mr. Godfrey Ojo

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2023

Ms. Ngozi Ngene

Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements for the Period Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

35 Related parties (Cont'd)

35.6 Compensation to key management staff

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Short-term employee benefits	-	1,882,261	-	-	1,882,261	-
	-	1,882,261	-	-	1,882,261	-

36 Employee costs

The following items are included within employee benefits expenses:

	GROUP	GROUP	GROUP	COMPANY	COMPANY	COMPANY
Direct employee costs	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
Direct employee costs	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Basic	1,153,854	3,569,217	1,039,199	1,153,854	3,569,217	1,039,199
Medical claims	115,505	184,057	99,913	115,505	184,057	99,913
Leave allowance	124,049	287,765	109,239	124,049	287,765	109,239
Short term benefits	2,860,905	1,558,170	1,593,041	2,860,905	1,558,170	1,593,041
Other short term costs	369,932	1,428,973	325,432	369,932	1,428,973	325,432
Pension	172,933	312,622	154,392	172,933	312,622	154,392
Termination benefits	-	448		-	448	
	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216
Indirect employee costs	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023	30/6/2024	31/12/2023	30/6/2023
Basic	N'000 681,382	N'000 1,282,399	N'000 628,862	N'000 681,382	N'000 1,282,399	N'000 628,862
Medical claims and allowance	29,683	57.235	33,917	29,683	57,235	33,917
NSITF and ITF levies	58,853	185.113	56,830	58,853	185.113	56,830
Short term benefits	1,522,127	2.415.016	933,781	1,522,127	2.415.016	933,781
Other short term costs	727.514	1,176,923	795,642	727.514	1,176,923	795.642
Pension	103,143	191,595	94,260	103,143	191,595	94,260
Termination benefit	798		948	798	-	948
	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240
Total employee costs						
Direct employee cost	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216	4,797,178	7,341,252	3,321,216
Indirect employee cost	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240	3,123,500	5,308,281	2,544,240
	7,920,678	12.649.533	5.865.456	7.920.678	12.649.533	5.865.456

Average number of persons employed during the period was:

	30/6/2024 Number	31/12/2023 Number	30/6/2023 Number	30/6/2024 Number	31/12/2023 Number	30/6/2023 Number
Management	153	159	154	146	148	142
Senior Staff	600	588	602	589	574	589
Junior Staff	2,188	2,209	2,274	2,156	2,176	2,240
	2,941	2,956	3,030	2,891	2,898	2,971

Notes to the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

37 Free Float Computation

Company Name:	Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc
Board Listed:	Main Board
Year End:	December
Reporting Period:	Period Ended 30 June 2024(Q2)
Share Price at end of reporting period: N43	.00 (2023:N25.00)

Shareholding structure/Free Float Status

Shareholding structure/Free Float Status	30-Ju	n-24	30-Jun-2	3
Description	Unit	Percentage	Unit	Percentage
Issued Share Capital	12,146,878,241	100%	12,146,878,241	100%
Substantial Shareholdings (5% and above):				
Dangote Industries Limited	8,122,446,281	66.87%	8,122,446,281	66.87%
Dangote Aliko	653,095,014	5.38%	653,095,014	5.38%
Total Substantial Shareholdings	8,775,541,295	72.25%	8,775,541,295	72.25%
Mr. Olakunle Alake (Direct) Ms Benedicta Molokwu (Direct) Alhaji Abdu Dantata (Direct) Mr. Uzoma Nwankwo (Direct) Dr. Konyinsola Ajayi (SAN) Ms. Maryam Bashir	7,194,000 1,483,400 1,044,400 384,692	0.06% 0.01% 0.01% 0.00%	7,194,000 1,483,400 1,044,400 384,692 -	0.06% 0.01% 0.01% 0.00%
Mr. Ravindra Singhvi		_		
Total Directors' Shareholdings	10,106,492	0.08%	10,106,492	0.08%

Free Float in Units and Percentage

Free Float in Value (N)

Declaration: (A) Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc with a free float percentage of 27.67% as at 30 June 2024, is compliant with The Exchange's free float requirements for companies listed on the

3,361,230,454

144,532,909,522

27.67%

3,361,230,454

84,030,761,350

27.67%

(B) Dangote Sugar Refinery Plc with a free float value of N84,030,761,350.00 as at 30 June 2023, is compliant with The Exchange's free float requirements for companies listed

38 Securities Trading Policy

In compliance with Rule 17.15 Disclosure of Dealings in Issuers' Shares, Rulebook of The Exchange 2015 (Issuers' Rule), Dangote Sugar Refinery PIc maintains a Security Trading Policy (Policy) which guides Directors, Audit Committee members, employees and all individuals categorized as insiders in relation to their dealings in the Company's shares. The Policy undergoes periodic review by the Board and is updated accordingly. The Company has made specific inquiries of all its directors and other insiders and is not aware of any infringement of the Policy during the period.