### BUA Cement Plc RC 119 3879





Unaudited Financial Statements For the 9 months ended 30th September, 2022

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The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

### 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and relevant International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB).

These Financial Statements were prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of the Financial Statements are set out below. These policies have been applied to all the periods presented except for the adoption of new accounting policies.

### 2. **REVENUE**

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of value added tax, excise duty returns, customer discounts, and other sales related discounts.

Revenue from the sale of products is recognized in profit or loss when the contract has been approved by both parties, rights have been clearly identified, payment terms have been defined, the contract has commercial substance and collectability has been ascertained as probable. Collectability of customer payment is ascertained from the customers' historical records, guarantees provided and advance payments made, if any.

The four steps recognition process for revenue is listed below:

- Identify the contract with a customer
- Identify the performance obligation in the contract
- Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the price to the performance obligation
- Recognize revenue.

### 3. COST OF GOODS SOLD

These are the costs of internally produced goods sold. The cost of internally produced goods includes directly attributable costs such as the costs of direct materials, direct labor, and energy costs, as well as production overheads, including depreciation of production facilities. The costs of goods sold includes write-downs of inventories, where necessary.

#### 4. SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Comprises the cost of marketing, cost of organizing the sales process and distribution.

#### 5. FOREIGN CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate ('the functional currency'). The functional currency and presentation currency of the Company is the Nigerian Naira ( $\mathbb{N}$ ).

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of exchange rates of monetary assets and denominated in currencies other than the Company's functional currency are recognized in the foreign exchange gain or loss in profit or loss.

### 6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments represent the Company's financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These instruments are typically held for liquidity, investment, trading or hedging purposes. All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction cost except those carried at fair value through profit or loss where transaction cost is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments are recognized (derecognized) on the date the Company commits to purchase (sell) the instruments (trade date accounting).

### **Financial assets**

Financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances and certain other assets. Financial liabilities include term loans, bank overdraft, trade and certain other liabilities. The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the categories discussed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. The Company has not classified any of its financial assets as held to maturity.

#### Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial measurement, financial instruments are measured either at fair value or amortized cost, depending on their classifications below. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

### i. <u>Trade and Other Receivables</u>

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers, but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets. They are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue and are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

Impairment provisions are recognized when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty of default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the term's receivable. The amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable.

For trade receivables which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognized within administrative expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectable, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

### ii. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash.

### Impairment of financial assets carried at amortized cost

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that trade and other receivables are impaired. Trade and other receivable are impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after initial recognition and that loss event has a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the receivables that can be estimated reliably. Criteria that are used by the Company in determining whether there is objective evidence of impairment include:

- Known cash flow difficulties experienced by the customer
- A breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in repayment for goods and service
- breach of credit terms or conditions and
- It is becoming probable that the customer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization.

### **Financial liabilities**

These include the following items:

### i. <u>Bank borrowings</u>

Bank borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of any transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized costs; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### ii. Trade payables and other short-term monetary liabilities

These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### **Fair value**

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's-length transaction. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is the transaction price, i.e., the fair value of the consideration paid or received, unless the fair value is evidenced either by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument, without modification or repackaging or based on valuation techniques such as discounted cash flow models and option pricing models whose variables include only data from observable markets.

When such valuation models with only observable market data as inputs or the comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument indicate that the fair value differs from the transaction price, the initial difference will be recognized in the profit or loss immediately. The Company does not have any financial instruments (derivatives, etc.) that warrant such valuation method.

### **Derecognition of financial instruments**

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows on the financial assets such that it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, i.e., when the obligation is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same party on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, with the difference in the respective carrying amounts being recognized in profit or loss.

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right is not contingent on future events and is enforceable in the normal course of business, and in event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.

#### 7. RETIREMENT BENEFITS:

The Company operates two defined benefit schemes for its employees: Defined Contribution Scheme and Defined Benefit Scheme. The defined pension contribution plan is based on a percentage of pensionable earnings funded through contributions from the Company (10%) and employees (8%). The fund is administered by the pension fund administrators. Contributions to this plan are recognized as an expense in the profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit schemes also referred to as employee end of service gratuities are regarded as post-employment benefits.

### 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### Licenses

Licenses are shown at historical cost. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses.

#### Software

Cost associated with acquiring software programmes are capitalised at historical cost. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

#### **Exploration** assets

Exploration assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The accumulated capitalised costs from exploration assets are amortised using straight line method.

The Company also amortises other intangible assets with a limited useful life using the straight-line method over the following periods:

|                   | Useful life (years) |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Exploration asset | 7-40                |
| Licenses          | 2-5                 |
| Software          | 3                   |

#### 9. CURRENT TAXATION

The tax for the period comprises current, education and deferred taxes. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### **10. DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position differs from its tax base. Recognition of deferred tax is restricted to those instances where it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the difference can be utilized. The amount of the asset or liability is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax liabilities / (assets) are settled / (recovered).

### **11. DIVIDENDS**

Dividends are recognized when they become legally payable. Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved by the Company's shareholders at the AGM or when paid.

### 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component

accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance cost are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Capital work in progress is not depreciated. Depreciation of assets commences when assets are available for use. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using straight line method over their expected useful economic life as follows:

|                                | Useful life (years) |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Land                           | Not depreciable     |
| Quarry Equipment               | 6 - 25              |
| Buildings                      | 30 - 50             |
| Plant and Machinery            | 3 - 40              |
| Furniture and Fittings         | 5                   |
| Tools and Laboratory equipment | 5                   |
| Trucks                         | 4                   |
| Computer and Office Equipment  | 5                   |
| Motorvehicles                  | 4                   |
| Construction Work in Progress  | Not depreciable     |

These assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at end of the reporting year.

Property, plant, and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost to sell and value in use. Impairment losses and reversal of previously recognised impairment losses are recognised within administrative expenses in profit or loss.

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefit is expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income or other expenses-net in profit or loss.

Quarry exploration and evaluation expenditures are accounted for using the successful efforts method of accounting. Costs are accumulated on a quarry-by-quarry basis. Geological and geophysical costs are expensed as incurred. Costs directly associated with quarry and

exploration are capitalized until the determination of minable reserves is evaluated. If it is determined that commercial discovery has been achieved, these costs are charged as expenses.

Capitalisation is made with property, plants and equipment or intangible assets according to the nature of the expenditure. Once commercial reserves are found, exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment and transferred to development tangible or intangible assets. No depreciation and/or amortisation is charged during the exploration and evaluation period.

### **13. INVENTORIES**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for any obsolescence and damages determined by the management. Costs are those expenses incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition which are computed as follows:

- Raw materials, spare parts, and consumables: Actual costs include transportation, handling charges and other related costs
- Work in progress and finished goods: Cost of direct materials, direct labor and other direct cost-plus attributable overheads based on standard costing
- Finished Goods: Direct cost plus all production overheads.

Inventories are initially recognized at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated cost to sell.

Allowance is made for excessive, obsolete, and slow-moving items. Write-downs to net realizable value and inventory losses are expensed in the period in which the write-downs or losses occur.

### 14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include:

• Entities over which the Company exercises significant influence

- Shareholders and key management personnel of the Company
- Close family members of key management personnel
- Post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any entity that is a related party of the Company.

Key management personnel comprise the Board of Directors and key members of the management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company.

The Company enters into transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using the current market price or admissible valuation method.

### 15. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at the statement of financial position date.

### **16. PROVISIONS**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions for restructuring costs are recognised when the Company has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring that has been communicated to affected parties. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

### 17. BORROWING COSTS CAPITALISED

Borrowing costs that relate to qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period to get ready for their intended use or sale and which are not measured at fair value, are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss.

#### 18. RIGHT-OF-USEASSET

Rights-of-use assets are initially measured at cost comprising of the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability

- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received
- Any initial direct costs, and
- Restoration costs.

The Right-of-use and lease liability are presented separately from other non-lease assets and liability in the statement of financial position.

### 19. LEASES

The Company primarily leases building used as offices and warehouse. The lease terms are typically for fixed periods ranging from 1 to 2 years but may have extension options as described below. On renewal of lease, the terms may be renegotiated.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components but instead accounts for them as a single lease component. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions including extension and termination options. The lease agreement does not impose any covenants; however, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

### 20. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The latter who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the BUA Cement Leadership Team, which comprises of the Board of Directors and other Executive Officers.

### 21. GOVERNMENT GRANT

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the cost that they are intended to compensate.

### 22. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Where necessary, comparative figures with notes have been restated to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

### 23. SECURITIES TRADING POLICY

In compliance with Rule 17.15 Disclosure of Dealings in Issuers' Shares, Rulebook of the Exchange 2015 (Issuers' Rules), BUA Cement maintains a Security Trading Policy which guides Directors, Audit members, Employees and all individuals categorized as insiders as to their dealing in the Company's securities. The policy is periodically reviewed by the Board and updated. The Company has made specific inquiries of all its directors and other insiders and is not aware of any infringement of the policy during the period under review.

| Description   | 30/09/2022         |            | 30/09/2021         |            |
|---|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
|   | Units              | Percentage | Units              | Percentage |
| Issued Share Capital  | 33,864,354,060     | 100%       | 33,864,354,060     | 100%       |
| Details of Substantial Shareholdings (5% and above)   |                    |            |                    |            |
| Rabiu Alhaji Abdulsamad   | 19,044,995,225     | 56.24      | 19,044,995,225     | 56.24      |
| BUA Cement Manufacturing Company Limited  |                    |            | 11,490,595,760     | 33.93      |
| Rabiu Alhaji Isiaku   |                    |            | 2,072,085,309      | 6.12       |
| BUA Industries Limited  | 13,562,681,069     | 40.05      |                    |            |
| Total Substantial Shareholdings   | 32,607,676,294     | 96.29      | 32,607,676,294     | 96.29      |
| Directors' Shareholdings (direct and indirect),<br>excluding directors with substantial interests<br>Rabiu Alhaji Abdulsamad - Indirect | 645,665,918        | 1.91       | 680,784,918        | 2.01       |
|   |                    |            |                    |            |
| Binji Yusuf H- Direct<br>Jacques Piekarski- Direct  | 827,093<br>820,000 | 0.00       | 820,000<br>820,000 | 0.00       |
| Kabiru Isyaku Rabiu- Direct   | 820,000            | 0.00       | 820,000            | 0.00       |
| Kenneth Chimaobi Madukwe - Direct   | 820,000            | 0.00       | 820,000            | 0.00       |
| Finn Arnoldsen- Direct  | 820,000            | 0.00       | 820,000            | 0.00       |
| Shehu Abubakar- Direct  | 450,000            | 0.00       | 450,000            | 0.00       |
| Total Directors' Shareholdings  | 650,223,011        | 1.92       | 685,334,918        | 2.03       |
| Other Influential Shareholdings   | -                  | -          | -                  | -          |
| Total Other Influential Shareholdings   | -                  | -          | -                  |            |
| Free Float in Units and Percentage  | 606,454,755        | 1.79       | 571,342,848        | 1.69       |
| Free Float in Value   | 31,535,647,260     |            | 37,708,627,968     |            |

#### **Declaration:**

BUA Cement Plc with a free float value of  $\Re$ 31,535,647,260 as at 30 September 2022, is compliant with the Nigerian Exchange Group's "the Exchange" free float requirements for companies listed on the Main Board.

# **Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

|                                 |       | UNAUDITED         | UNAUDITED        |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------------|------------------|
|                                 |       | YTD Sept. 2022    | YTD Sept. 2021   |
|                                 | Notes | =N=               | =N=              |
| Revenue                         | 2     | 262,598,019,509   | 186,905,079,625  |
| Cost of Sales                   | 3     | (142,829,303,760) | (99,654,608,332) |
| Gross Profit                    |       | 119,768,715,749   | 87,250,471,293   |
| Other Income                    | 4     | 271,863,656       | 177,105,097      |
| Selling and Distribution Costs  | 5     | (12,613,456,879)  | (5,601,844,619)  |
| Administrative Expenses         | 6     | (8,182,362,416)   | (6,133,636,419)  |
| Operating Profit                |       | 99,244,760,110    | 75,692,095,352   |
| Net Finance Costs               | 7     | (9,724,572,439)   | (1,049,159,440)  |
| Minimum Tax                     |       | (708,691,067)     | (310,214,771)    |
| Profit Before Taxes             |       | 88,811,496,604    | 74,332,721,141   |
| Income and Deferred Taxes       | 8a    | (14,796,998,476)  | (8,426,509,871)  |
| Profit After Taxes              |       | 74,014,498,128    | 65,906,211,270   |
|                                 |       |                   |                  |
| Basic Earnings Per Share (Kobo) | 17    | 219               | 195              |

### **Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income** FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

|  | UNAUDITED        | UNAUDITED        |
|--|------------------|------------------|
|  | Q3 2022<br>=N=   | Q3 2021<br>=N=   |
|  | -14-             | -11-             |
| Revenue  | 74,036,514,122   | 62,627,087,936   |
| Cost of Sales  | (45,325,353,923) | (33,496,820,316) |
| Gross Profit   | 28,711,160,199   | 29,130,267,620   |
| Other Income   | 71,725,798       | 104,528,663      |
| Selling and Distribution Costs   | (4,553,222,460)  | (2,105,586,710)  |
| Administrative Expenses  | (2,721,415,881)  | (1,961,289,688)  |
| Operating Profit   | 21,508,247,656   | 25,167,919,885   |
| Net Finance Costs  | (6,879,298,688)  | (225,047,545)    |
| Minimum Tax  | (195,227,869)    | (176,898,805)    |
| Profit Before Taxes  | 14,433,721,099   | 24,765,973,535   |
| Income and Deferred Taxes  | (1,782,976,008)  | (2,255,751,510)  |
| Profit After Taxes   | 12,650,745,091   | 22,510,222,025   |
| <b>Other Comprehensive Income:</b><br>Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations (net of tax) | -                | -                |
| Total Comprehensive Income   | 12,650,745,091   | 22,510,222,025   |
|  |                  |                  |
| Basic Earnings Per Share (Kobo)  | 37               | 66               |

# **Statement of Financial Position**

AS AT 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

|                                |       | UNAUDITED       | AUDITED         |
|--------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                |       | 30 Sept. 2022   | 31 Dec. 2021    |
|                                | Notes | =N=             | =N=             |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS             |       |                 |                 |
| Property, Plant, and Equipment | 9     | 647,308,397,538 | 578,887,892,000 |
| Right of Use Assets            | 11a   | 55,373,734      | 76,848,000      |
| Intangible Assets              | 10    | 6,608,535,499   | 5,343,263,000   |
| Total Non-Current Assets       |       | 653,972,306,771 | 584,308,003,000 |
| CURRENT ASSETS                 |       |                 |                 |
| Inventories                    | 12    | 49,292,465,370  | 39,068,039,000  |
| Trade and Other Receivables    | 13    | 43,014,913,466  | 38,016,838,000  |
| Due from Related Companies     | 21a   | 4,586,771,285   | 4,776,195,000   |
| Cash and Short Term Deposits   | 14    | 30,760,351,981  | 62,338,398,000  |
| Total Current Assets           |       | 127,654,502,102 | 144,199,470,000 |
| Total Assets                   |       | 781,626,808,873 | 728,507,473,000 |
| EQUITY                         |       |                 |                 |
| Share Capital                  | 15    | 16,932,177,000  | 16,932,177,000  |
| Retained Earnings              | р. 16 | 167,887,926,572 | 181,920,749,000 |
| Reorganization Reserve         | 15.2  | 200,004,179,000 | 200,004,179,000 |
| Actuarial Reserves             | 15.3  | (740,357,000)   | (740,357,000)   |
| Total Equity                   |       | 384,083,925,572 | 398,116,748,000 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         |       |                 |                 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES        |       |                 |                 |
| Leases Liabilities             | 11b   | 20,690,639      | 39,595,000      |
| Long Term Borrowing            | 16a   | 39,328,926,464  | 43,685,460,000  |
| Debt Security Issued (bond)    | 16c   | 115,985,826,246 | 113,551,259,000 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities       | 8c    | 25,911,262,317  | 12,606,257,000  |
| Government Grant               | 22    | 3,721,262,000   | 3,721,262,000   |
| Employee Benefit Liability     | 18a   | 4,054,788,426   | 3,760,297,000   |
| Decommissioning Liability      | 20    | 8,273,012,000   | 7,671,475,000   |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities  |       | 197,295,768,092 | 185,035,605,000 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES            |       |                 |                 |
| Trade and Other Payables       | 19a   | 75,888,736,783  | 22,278,412,000  |
| Contract Liabilities           | 19b   | 50,884,991,719  | 78,586,238,000  |
| Due to Related Companies       | 21b   | 12,124,406,484  | 1,477,928,000   |
| Income Tax Liability           | 8b    | 2,304,241,803   | 1,697,203,000   |
| Short Term Borrowings          | 16b   | 58,133,977,324  | 39,810,241,000  |
| Government Grant               | 22    | 910,761,096     | 910,761,000     |
| Decommissioning Liability      | 20    | -               | 594,337,000     |
| Total Current Liabilities      |       | 200,247,115,209 | 145,355,120,000 |
| Total Liabilities              |       | 397,542,883,301 | 330,390,725,000 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity   |       | 781,626,808,873 | 728,507,473,000 |

The financial statements and notes on pages 14 - 30 were approved by the Board of Directors on 24th October, 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

from ney

ENGR. BINJI YUSUF Managing Director/CEO FRC/2013/NSE/0000001746



JACQUES PIEKARSKI Chief Finance Officer FRC/2021/003/00000023724

**CHIKE AJAERO** Finance Director FRC/2014/ICAN/00000010408

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

# FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

|                                      | Share<br>Capital | Reorganization<br>Reserve | Reserve on<br>Actuarial Valuation<br>of Define Benefit<br>Plan | ·                | Total<br>Equity  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|------------------|
|                                      | =N=              | =N=                       | =N=  | =N=              | =N=              |
| Balance at 1st Jan. 2022             | 16,932,177,000   | 200,004,179,000           | (740,357,000)  | 181,920,749,000  | 398,116,748,000  |
| Merger Shares                        | -                | -                         | -  | -                | -                |
| Profit for the period                | -                | -                         | -  | 74,014,498,128   | 74,014,498,128   |
| Other comprehensive income           | -                | -                         | -  | -                | -                |
| Transactions with owners             |                  |                           |  |                  |                  |
| Dividend                             | -                | -                         | -  | (88,047,320,556) | (88,047,320,556) |
| Balance at 30th Sept. 2022           | 16,932,177,000   | 200,004,179,000           | (740,357,000)  | 167,887,926,572  | 384,083,925,572  |
| Balance at 1st Jan. 2021             | 16,932,177,000   | 200,004,179,000           | (897,136,000)  | 150 015 500 000  | 375,954,728,000  |
| Balance at 1st Jan. 202 I            | 16,932,177,000   | 200,004,179,000           | (897,136,000)  | 159,915,508,000  | 375,954,728,000  |
| Profit for the period                | -                | -                         | -  | 90,079,011,000   | 90,079,011,000   |
| Other comprehensive income           | -                | -                         | 156,779,000  | -                | 156,779,000      |
| Transactions with owners             |                  |                           |  |                  |                  |
| Issue of shares for business combina | ation -          | -                         | -  | 1,926,230,000    | 1,926,230,000    |
| Dividend paid                        | -                | -                         | -  | (70,000,000,000) | (70,000,000,000) |
|                                      |                  |                           |  |                  |                  |
| Balance at 31 Dec. 2021              | 16,932,177,000   | 200,004,179,000           | (740,357,000)  | 181,920,749,000  | 398,116,748,000  |

# **Statement of Cashflows**

### FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

|   | Unaudited        | Audited           |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
|   | 30 Sept. 2022    | 31 December 2021  |
|   | = N =            | =N=               |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities                                  | 00 011 405 504   | 102 072 225 000   |
| Profit before income taxes  | 88,811,496,604   | 102,873,325,000   |
| Ion-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: |                  |                   |
| epreciation and impairment of PPE                                     | 15,396,418,057   | 15,344,074,000    |
| mortisation and impairment of intangible assets                       | 248,213,810      | 44,898,000        |
| Inrealised foreign exchange loss                                      | -                | 890,656,000       |
| let impairment of assets  | -                | (5,394,000)       |
| inance Income   | (1,713,410,727)  | (620,604,000)     |
| inance cost   | 6,174,877,150    | 1,705,833,000     |
| 1inimum Tax   | 708,691,067      | 266,088,000       |
| Pepreciation of right of use asset                                    | 55,512,204       | 82,486,000        |
| hare based payment  | -                | 1,926,230,000     |
| Provision for end of service benefit obligation                       | 377,114,151      | 359,983,000       |
| rovision for decommissioning liabilities                              | 7,200,000        |                   |
| mortisation of government grants                                      | -                | (900,695,000)     |
| <i>N</i> odification gain   |                  | (1,434,056,000)   |
| Operating profit before working capital changes                       | 110,066,112,316  | 120,532,824,000   |
| Vorking Capital Adjustments:  |                  |                   |
| Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables                     | (4,998,075,466)  | 45,296,543,000    |
| ncrease)/Decrease in inventories                                      | (10,224,426,789) | (7,562,841,000    |
| ncrease)/Decrease in due from related parties                         | 189,423,715      | (4,776,195,000)   |
| ncrease/(Decrease) in trade and other payables                        | 53,610,324,783   | (1,610,058,000)   |
| ncrease/(Decrease) in due to related parties                          | 10,646,478,484   | (33,349,968,000)  |
| ncrease(Decrease) in contract liabilities                             | (27,701,246,281) | 36,447,908,000    |
| Cash generated from operations  | 131,588,590,762  | 154,978,213,000   |
| efined benefit paid during the year                                   | (82,623,725)     | (106,132,000)     |
| ax paid   | (1,593,645,423)  | (863,321,000)     |
| let cash flow from operating activities                               | 129,912,321,614  | 154,008,760,000   |
| nvesting Activities   |                  |                   |
| urchase of property, plant and equipment                              | (78,299,537,407) | (57,613,850,000)  |
| light of Use Assets   | (34,037,938)     | -                 |
| ransfer of property, plant and equipment                              | 316,907,585      | -                 |
| nterest received  | 1,713,410,727    | 620,604,000       |
| ntangible assets  | (1,513,486,309)  | (1,103,175,000)   |
| let cash flows used in investing activities                           | (77,816,743,342) | (58,096,421,000)  |
| nancing Activities  |                  |                   |
| eased Liabilities decrease  | (18,904,361)     | (96,229,000)      |
| Inclaimed dividend received   | -                | 19,702,000        |
| ividend paid to equity holders  | (88,047,320,556) | (70,000,000,000)  |
| roceed from borrowings  | 15,001,388,777   | 30,044,560,000    |
| iterest repayment on debt security                                    | (4,312,500,000)  | (8,598,052,000)   |
| epayment of borrowings  | (2,815,181,713)  | (102,939,124,000) |
| nterest payment   | (3,481,107,509)  | (5,863,737,000)   |
| let cash flows used in financing activities                           | (83,673,625,362) | (157,432,880,000) |
|   |                  |                   |
| let increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                  | (31,578,046,019) | (61,520,541,000)  |
| ash and cash equivalents at Beginning                                 | 62,338,398,000   | 123,821,089,000   |
| ffect of exchange rate difference                                     |                  | 37,850,000        |
| Cash and cash equivalents at End (Note 14)                            | 30,760,351,981   | 62,338,398,000    |

Capitalised Interest cost of N5.8 billion has been adjusted from the value of Property, Plant, and Equipment purchased during the period.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 2. | NET REVENUE                                | YTD Sept. 2022  | YTD Sept. 2021  |
|----|--|-----------------|-----------------|
|    |  | =N=             | =N=             |
|    | Sale of Cement                             | 262,598,019,509 | 186,905,079,625 |
| 3. | COST OF SALES                              |                 |                 |
|    | Materials                                  | 43,037,108,128  | 30,081,149,320  |
|    | Consumables                                | 2,707,229,068   | 2,189,269,421   |
|    | Energy cost                                | 65,005,250,396  | 40,605,735,880  |
|    | Staff cost                                 | 3,123,395,254   | 2,251,646,331   |
|    | Repair and maintenance                     | 6,920,221,259   | 5,871,909,529   |
|    | Depreciation                               | 12,295,741,038  | 9,651,411,775   |
|    | Operations, maintenance and technical fees | 12,690,689,236  | 9,579,963,396   |
|    | Other production expenses                  | 2,072,876,988   | 724,252,740     |
|    | Stock Movement                             | (5,023,207,608) | (1,300,730,060) |
|    |  | 142,829,303,760 | 99,654,608,332  |
| 4. | OTHER INCOME                               |                 |                 |
|    | Sundry income                              | 90,331,532      | 119,221,246     |
|    | Insurance claims                           | 181,532,124     | 57,883,851      |
|    |  | 271,863,656     | 177,105,097     |
| 5. | SELLING & DISTRIBUTION COSTS               |                 |                 |
|    | Marketing expenses & other overheads       | 62,334,348      | 36,493,224      |
|    | Advertisement and promotion                | 11,738,238      | 19,499,228      |
|    | Cement handling charges                    | 202,963,688     | 183,409,744     |
|    | Printing and stationary                    | 14,340,805      | 11,411,423      |
|    | Distribution Costs                         | 8,478,798,723   | 2,818,148,368   |
|    | Depreciation                               | 2,730,633,491   | 1,629,949,293   |
|    | Salaries, Wages & Benefits                 | 776,853,258     | 848,963,161     |
|    | Others                                     | 335,794,328     | 53,970,178      |
|    |  | 12,613,456,879  | 5,601,844,619   |
| 6. | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                    |                 |                 |
|    | Depreciation (Admin.)                      | 681,830,867     | 470,868,758     |
|    | Staff cost                                 | 1,644,024,431   | 1,727,874,277   |
|    | Medical cost                               | 95,176,574      | 101,192,076     |
|    | Board of directors expenses                | 315,878,750     | 220,537,000     |
|    | Repair and maintenance cost                | 299,530,748     | 175,408,391     |
|    | Bank charges                               | 509,327,516     | 379,273,899     |
|    | Security expenses                          | 736,562,788     | 512,779,818     |
|    | Registration and listing fees              | 229,431,831     | 207,190,987     |
|    | Corporate Social Responsibility cost       | 763,056,431     | 606,115,000     |
|    | Legal and other professional fees          | 173,567,957     | 137,718,102     |
|    | Donation and Public relation               | 746,199,459     | 283,585,951     |
|    | Audit fees                                 | 114,931,111     | 114,798,000     |
|    | Commissioning expenses                     | 258,046,860     |                 |
|    | Other admin expenses                       | 1,614,797,092   | 1,196,294,161   |
|    |  | 8,182,362,416   | 6,133,636,419   |
|    |  | 0,102,302,410   | 0,155,050,419   |

### FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| NET FINANCE COST    | YTD Sept. 2022  | YTD Sept. 2021  |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                     | =N=             | =N=             |
| Interest expenses * | (6,174,877,151) | (1,196,655,480) |
| Exchange loss **    | (5,263,106,015) | (295,000,000)   |
| Interest income     | 1,713,410,727   | 442,496,040     |
|                     | (9,724,572,439) | (1,049,159,440) |

\* Discontinuance of capitalization of bond and loan interest on Sokoto line 4 accounted for interest expenses increase \*\* Increase in exchange loss from the wide margin between auction bid rates and the I & E rates

#### 8a. INCOME TAX CHARGE

7.

The major components of income tax expense for the nine months ended 30th September 2022 and 31st December 2021 are:

|                              | YTD Sept. 2022 | YTD Sept. 2021 |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| As Per Income Statement:     |                |                |
| Current Income Tax Charge:   |                |                |
| Minimum Tax                  | 708,691,067    | 310,214,771    |
|                              |                |                |
| Education Tax                | 1,487,517,103  | 766,976,025    |
| Police Trust Fund            | 4,476,056      | 1,697,936      |
|                              | 1,491,993,159  | 768,673,961    |
| Deferred Tax charge/(Credit) | 13,305,005,317 | 7,657,835,910  |
| Total All Taxes              | 14,796,998,476 | 8,426,509,871  |

| As Per Statement of Financial Position: |                 |               |
|---|-----------------|---------------|
| 8b. Current Income Tax Liabilities      | YTD Sept. 2022  | 31-Dec-21     |
| Acat Designing                          | 1 (07 202 000   | 000 400 000   |
| As at Beginning                         | 1,697,203,000   | 922,428,000   |
| Minimum tax and tertiary education tax  | 2,196,208,170   | 1,633,018,000 |
| Police trust fund                       | 4,476,056       | 5,078,000     |
|   | 3,897,887,226   | 2,560,524,000 |
|   |                 |               |
| Less: Payments during the year          | (1,593,645,423) | (863,321,000) |
| As at End                               | 2,304,241,803   | 1,697,203,000 |

| 8c. | Deferred Tax Liabilities                                     | YTD Sept. 2022 | 31-Dec-21      |
|-----|--|----------------|----------------|
|     | As at Beginning  | 12,606,257,000 | 1,120,222,000  |
|     | Deferred tax charge/(credit) for the period - profit or loss | 13,305,005,317 | 11,422,306,000 |
|     | Deferred tax credit for the year-OCI                         | -              | 63,729,000     |
|     | As at End  | 25,911,262,317 | 12,606,257,000 |

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements cont'd** -FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT    | rs            |                 |                               |                                |                             | Tools,<br>Computers,<br>Laboratory, |                         |                |                                    |                 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Cost / Valuation               | Land<br>=N=   | Building<br>=N= | Plant And<br>Machinery<br>=N= | Furniture &<br>Fittings<br>=N= | Quarry<br>Equipments<br>=N= | Office<br>Equipments<br>=N=         | Motor<br>Vehicle<br>=N= | Trucks<br>=N=  | Capital Work<br>In Progress<br>=N= | Total<br>=N=    |
| Balance as at 1st Jan. 2022    | 531,799,762   | 59,400,473,317  | 358,880,193,461               | 686,110,370                    | 8,274,109,000               | 1,333,324,194                       | 1,942,601,245           | 8,693,067,000  | 205,696,069,000                    | 645,437,747,349 |
| Addition                       | 70,000,000    | 517,873,261     | 666,104,738`                  | 141,777,688                    | 34,766,000                  | 155,117,472                         | 981,766,001             | 4,563,912,000  | 77,601,318,700                     | 84,732,635,860  |
| Disposals/Transfer             | -             | -               | (940,607,177)                 | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       |                | -                                  | (940,607,177)   |
| Reclassification               | -             | 786,295,095     | 199,812,574,460               | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | 14,954,177,000 | (215,553,046,555)                  | -               |
| Impairments                    | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Changes in Estimates           | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Balance at 30th September 2022 | 601,799,762   | 60,704,641,673  | 558,418,265,482               | 827,888,058                    | 8,308,875,000               | 1,488,441,666                       | 2,924,367,246           | 28,211,156,000 | 67,744,341,145                     | 729,229,776,032 |
| Balance as at 1st Jan. 2021    | 463,861,000   | 59,290,058,000  | 355,996,683,000               | 530,242,000                    | 9,820,977,000               | 1,250,044,000                       | 1,418,748,000           | 8,693,067,000  | 137,054,929,000                    | 574,518,609,000 |
| Addition                       | 226,981,150   | 384,504,508     | 2,349,074,372                 | 156,116,670                    | -                           | 184,336,404                         | 523,853,245             | -              | 68,641,141,000                     | 72,466,007,349  |
| Transfers                      | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Reclassification               | (159,042,388) | (274,089,191)   | 534,436,089                   | (248,300)                      | -                           | (101,056,210)                       | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Disposals                      | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Changes in Estimates           | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | (1,546,868,000)             | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021   | 531,799,762   | 59,400,473,317  | 358,880,193,461               | 686,110,370                    | 8,274,109,000               | 1,333,324,194                       | 1,942,601,245           | 8,693,067,000  | 205,696,070,000                    | 645,437,748,349 |
| Accumulated Depreciation       |               |                 |                               |                                |                             |                                     |                         |                |                                    |                 |
| Balance as at 1st Jan. 2022    | -             | 5,532,899,040   | 49,577,569,845                | 367,448,000                    | 2,910,001,000               | 716,748,000                         | 1,031,200,379           | 6,413,987,717  | -                                  | 66,549,853,981  |
| Charge for the period          | -             | 916,043,128     | 11,223,779,206                | 58,689,233                     | 56,835,195                  | 105,127,907                         | 305,309,901             | 2,730,633,487  | -                                  | 15,396,418,057  |
| Disposals                      | -             | -               | (24,894,592)                  | -                              |                             | -                                   | -                       |                | -                                  | (24,894,592)    |
| Impairments                    | -             | -               | -                             | -                              |                             | -                                   | -                       |                | -                                  | -               |
| Balance at 30th September 2022 | -             | 6,448,942,168   | 60,776,454,459                | 426,137,233                    | 2,966,836,195               | 821,875,907                         | 1,336,510,280           | 9,144,621,204  | -                                  | 81,921,377,446  |
| Balance as at 1st Jan. 2021    | -             | 4,373,856,000   | 38,631,595,000                | 307,685,000                    | 2,224,372,000               | 611,269,000                         | 816,281,000             | 4,240,722,000  | -                                  | 51,205,780,000  |
| Charge for the period          | -             | 1,159,043,040   | 10,945,974,845                | 59,763,000                     | 685,629,000                 | 105,479,000                         | 214,919,379             | 2,173,265,717  | -                                  | 15,275,354,242  |
| Reclassification               | -             | -               | -                             |                                | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -, -, ,         |
| Transfers                      | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Impairments                    | -             | -               | -                             | -                              | -                           | -                                   | -                       | -              | -                                  | -               |
| Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021   | -             | 5,532,899,040   | 49,577,569,845                | 367,448,000                    | 2,910,001,000               | 716,748,000                         | 1,031,200,379           | 6,413,987,717  | -                                  | 66,481,134,242  |
| Net Book Value                 |               |                 |                               |                                |                             |                                     |                         |                |                                    |                 |
| Balance at 30th September 2022 | 601,799,762   | 54,255,699,505  | 497,641,811,023               | 401,750,825                    | 5,342,038,805               | 666,565,759                         | 1,587,856,966           | 19,066,534,796 | 67,744,341,145                     | 647,308,397,538 |
| Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021   | 531,799,762   | 53,867,574,277  | 309,302,623,616               | 318,662,370                    | 5,364,108,000               | 616,576,194                         | 911,400,866             | 2,279,079,283  | 205,696,070,000                    | 578,887,894,368 |
|                                | ,,            |                 |                               |                                |                             |                                     |                         |                |                                    |                 |

9.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

#### 9.1 Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment

No recent revaluation has been done by the Company. The Directors are of the opinion that the carrying value of property, plant & machinery approximate its fair value.

Included in Quarry Equipment is cost relating to restoration of quarry site being mined by the Company as at 30 September 2022.

| 9.2 | Depreciation charged during the year are included in: | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|-----|---|----------------|----------------|
| 4   |   | =N=            | =N=            |
| -   | Cost of Sales   | 12,067,234,217 | 12,616,037,000 |
|     | Selling & Administrative Expenses                     | 3,329,183,840  | 2,549,540,000  |
|     |   | 15,396,418,057 | 15,165,577,000 |

| 10. | INTANGIBLE ASSETS                 | Licenses  | Exploration<br>Asset | Software   | Total         |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|------------|---------------|
|     | Cost                              | =N=       | =N=                  | =N=        | =N=           |
|     | Balance as at 1st Jan. 2022       | 3,025,000 | 5,875,945,000        | 86,570,000 | 5,965,540,000 |
|     | Additions                         | -         | 1,510,332,715        | 3,153,594  | 1,513,486,309 |
|     | Disposals/ Transfers              |           | -                    | -          | -             |
|     | Balance as at 30th September 2022 | 3,025,000 | 7,386,277,715        | 89,723,594 | 7,479,026,309 |
|     | Balance as at 1st Jan. 2021       | 3,025,000 | 4,775,603,000        | 83,737,000 | 4,862,365,000 |
|     | Addition                          | -         | 1,100,342,000        | 2,833,000  | 1,103,175,000 |
|     | Reclassification                  | -         | -                    | -          | -             |
|     | Write offs                        | -         | -                    | -          | -             |
|     | Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021      | 3,025,000 | 5,875,945,000        | 86,570,000 | 5,965,540,000 |
|     | Amortisation                      |           |                      |            |               |
|     | Balance as at 1st Jan. 2022       | 3,025,000 | 585,772,000          | 33,480,000 | 622,277,000   |
|     | Amortisation                      |           | 228,506,821          | 19,706,989 | 248,213,810   |
|     | Balance as at 30th September 2022 | 3,025,000 | 814,278,821          | 53,186,989 | 870,490,810   |
|     | Balance as at 1st Jan. 2021       | 3,025,000 | 565,277,000          | 9,077,000  | 577,379,000   |
|     | Amortisation                      | -         | 20,495,000           | 24,403,000 | 44,898,000    |
|     | Reclassification                  | -         | -                    | -          | -             |
|     | Write Offs                        | _         | -                    | -          | -             |
|     | Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021      | 3,025,000 | 585,772,000          | 33,480,000 | 622,277,000   |
|     | NET BOOK VALUE                    |           |                      |            |               |
|     | Balance as at 30th September 2022 | -         | 6,571,998,894        | 36,536,605 | 6,608,535,499 |
|     | Balance as at 31st Dec. 2021      | -         | 5,290,173,000        | 53,090,000 | 5,343,263,000 |
|     |                                   |           |                      |            |               |

Intangible assets represent cost of quarry deposits, software license.

#### **Software License**

The software license relates to cost of license on software used by the Company which is for the period of 5 years. Software license is shown at amortised cost. The license have been acquired with the option to renew at the end of the period.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 44-  |                                     | 20.0 22        | 24 D - 24      |
|------|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 11a. | RIGHTS OF USE ASSET                 | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|      |                                     |                |                |
|      | Opening balance building leases     | 76,848,000     | 70,490,000     |
|      | Additions                           | 34,037,938     | 88,844,000     |
|      | Depreciation of right of use assets | (55,512,204)   | (82,486,000)   |
|      | Closing balance                     | 55,373,734     | 76,848,000     |
| 11b. | Leases Liabilities                  |                |                |
|      | Opening balance                     | 39,594,000     | 37,317,000     |
|      | Additions                           | 34,006,695     | 88,844,000     |
|      | Interest expenses                   | 3,171,612      | 9,663,000      |
|      | Payments                            | (56,081,668)   | (96,230,000)   |
|      | Closing balance                     | 20,690,639     | 39,594,000     |
| 12.  | INVENTORIES                         |                |                |
|      | Fuel                                | 5,844,533,045  | 1,583,518,000  |
|      | Engineering Spares                  | 21,960,461,617 | 15,422,153,000 |
|      | Packing materials                   | 1,965,796,492  | 2,186,132,000  |
|      | Raw materials                       | 12,129,959,007 | 14,783,197,000 |
|      | Goods in transit                    | 2,177,170,512  | 2,555,596,000  |
|      | Work in progress                    | 3,216,667,356  | 2,196,854,000  |
|      | Finished goods                      | 1,997,877,341  | 340,589,000    |
|      |                                     | 49,292,465,370 | 39,068,039,000 |

There is no amount of write-down of inventories recognised as an expense during the period. None of the inventories of the Company were pledged as security for loans as at the reporting date.

#### 13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| Trade Receivables           | 199,159,959    | 118,985,000    |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Prepayments                 | 2,216,908,998  | 1,433,576,000  |
| Advance to sundry and staff | 381,972,195    | 53,253,000     |
| Other receivables *         | 40,216,872,314 | 36,411,024,000 |
|                             | 43,014,913,466 | 38,016,838,000 |

\* Other receivables include payments made to EPC contractors for new lines and advances for supplies

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The Company strictly deals on cash and carry basis with the exception of three corporate clients in the construction industry who have a corporate guaranteed bond in place with a spelt out pre-agreed credit terms. Trade Receivables are not interest bearing.

The average credit period of the Company's sales is 30 days. The Company has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all receivables are received within the pre-agreed credit terms.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 14. | CASH AND SHORT TERM DEPOSITS | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|-----|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|     |                              | =N=            | =N=            |
|     | Cash in Hand                 | 15,657,000     | 11,999,465     |
|     | Cash in Bank                 | 22,928,472,111 | 42,812,289,278 |
|     | Bond DSRA Account            | 4,686,143,630  | 4,447,782,559  |
|     | EOSB Fixed Deposit           | 2,551,797,182  | 2,125,786,202  |
|     | Fixed deposits               | -              | 12,466,025,000 |
|     | Unclaimed dividend           | 578,282,058    | 474,515,496    |
|     |                              | 30,760,351,981 | 62,338,398,000 |

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.

The Company has not pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil collateral requirements with any bank. Cash and Bank equivalent is exclusive of overdraft balance.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following as at:

|                | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                | =N=            | =N=            |
| Cash in Hand   | 15,657,000     | 11,999,000     |
| Cash in Bank   | 28,192,897,799 | 49,860,374,000 |
| Fixed Deposits | 2,551,797,182  | 12,466,025,000 |
|                | 30,760,351,981 | 62,338,398,000 |

#### 15. SHARE CAPITAL

| 15.1a Authorised                           | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | =N=            | =N=            |
| 40,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of 50k each | 20,000,000,000 | 20,000,000,000 |
|  |                |                |
| 15.1b Issued and fully paid                |                |                |
| 33,864,354,864 Ordinary shares of 50k each | 16,932,177,000 | 16,932,177,000 |

#### 15.1c Share Capital

In accounting for the merger between BUA Cement PLC and Cement Company of Northern Nigeria (CCNN) PLC in 2019, the balances in these financial statements including share capital were presented as though the merger took effect from when both entities came under common control. As a result, the changes in the share capital of BUA Cement with respect to the business combination were applied retrospectively in 2018 & 2019 financial statements.

|   | 30-Sep-22       | 31-Dec-21       |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 15.2. Reorganization Reserve                  | =N=             | =N=             |
| At the beginning and at the end of the period | 200,004,179,000 | 200,004,179,000 |

Reorganisation reserve consists of the Company's merger transactions with entities under common control.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

#### 15.3. Other Reserves

|      | Reserve on Actuarial Valuation of Defined Benefit Plan     | 30-Sep-22       | 31-Dec-21       |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
|      |  | =N=             | =N=             |
|      | Balance at the beginning of the year                       | (740,357,000)   | (897,135,700)   |
|      | Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plan (net of tax) | -               | 156,778,700     |
|      | Balance at the end of the year                             | (740,357,000)   | (740,357,000)   |
|      |  |                 |                 |
| 16.  | BORROWINGS   | 30-Sep-22       | 31-Dec-21       |
|      |  | =N=             | =N=             |
| 16a. | Long Term Loans  |                 |                 |
|      | Bank loans   | 39,328,926,464  | 43,685,460,000  |
| 16b  | Short term facilities                                      |                 |                 |
|      | Short term loans   | 58,133,977,324  | 39,810,241,000  |
|      |  |                 |                 |
|      | Total Borrowings   | 97,462,903,788  | 83,495,701,000  |
| 16c. | Debt Security Issued                                       |                 |                 |
|      | BUA Cement Series 1 Bond                                   | 115,985,826,245 | 113,551,259,000 |

The above borrowings are further classified based on average interest rate, maturity and provider of funds:

| Current                              | Average<br>Interest Rate | Maturity          | =N=            | =N=            |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Coronation Merchant - Bank Facility  | 14%                      | 31 October 2022   | 6,192,877      | 112,540,000    |
| Union Bank - Trade Line Facility     | 15%                      | 30 November 2022  | 6,126,651,641  | 13,837,805,000 |
| First Bank - Import Finance facility | 15.5%                    | 31 October 2022   | 39,658,452,291 | 16,951,141,000 |
| FCMB - Import Finance Facility       | 13.5%                    | 30 November 2022  | 954,592,135    | 925,878,000    |
| Fidelity Bank - RSSF loan            | 5% - 9%                  | 30 September 2030 | 2,500,000,000  | 625,000,000    |
| Union Bank - RSSF loan               | 5% - 9%                  | 11 June 2030      | 1,875,000,000  | 857,877,000    |
| First Bank - Term loan               | 15.5%                    | 30 June 2024      | 7,013,088,380  | 6,500,000,000  |
|                                      |                          |                   | 58,133,977,324 | 39,810,241,000 |
| Non- Current                         |                          |                   |                |                |
| First Bank - Term loan               | 15.5%                    | 30 June 2024      | 6,562,262,283  | 9,807,648,000  |
| Fidelity Bank - RSSF loan            | 5% - 9%                  | 30 September 2030 | 15,951,241,908 | 16,917,936,000 |
| Union Bank - RSSF loan               | 5% - 9%                  | 11 June 2030      | 16,815,422,273 | 16,959,876,000 |
|                                      |                          |                   | 39,328,926,464 | 43,685,460,000 |
|                                      |                          |                   |                |                |
| Total Borrowing                      |                          |                   | 97,462,903,788 | 83,495,701,000 |

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements cont'd** FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

Movement in borrowings are analysed as follows:

| Period Ended 30th September 2022                    | 30-Sep-2022       |  |
|---|-------------------|--|
|   | N                 |  |
| Opening amount as at 1st January 2022               | 83,495,702,000    |  |
| Additional borrowings                               | 15,001,388,777    |  |
| Repayments of borrowings                            | (2,815,181,713)   |  |
| Interest capitalised                                | 3,242,381,030     |  |
| Interest paid                                       | (1,461,386,306)   |  |
| Closing amount as at 30th September 2022            | 97,462,903,788    |  |
|   |                   |  |
| Year Ended 31st December 2021                       |                   |  |
| Opening amount as at 1st January 2021               | 156,097,899,000   |  |
| Additional drawdowns in the year                    | 30,044,560,000    |  |
| Principal repayments                                | (102,939,124,000) |  |
| Interest expenses                                   | 1,075,091,000     |  |
| Interest capitalised                                | 5,897,889,000     |  |
| Interest paid                                       | (5,863,737,000)   |  |
| Movement to Government Grant due to review of rates | (1,434,056,000)   |  |
| Exchange difference                                 | 617,180,000       |  |
| Closing amount as at 31st December 2021             | 83,495,702,000    |  |

#### 16d: Capitalised interest adjusted from value of Property, Plant and Equipment

|                           | 30-Sep-22       | 31-Dec-21        |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|                           | =N=             | =N=              |
| Additions in the period   | 84,732,635,860  | 72,466,006,000   |
| Capitalised interest cost | (5,834,293,453) | (14,852,156,000) |
|                           | 78,898,342,407  | 57,613,850,000   |

#### First Bank of Nigeria - Term Loan

The loan was for part finance of construction of cement plant, importation of spare parts and raw materials. The loan was secured with a debenture on fixed and floating assets of BUA Cement PLC, corporate guarantee of BUA International Ltd and personal guarantee of Mr. Abdulsamad Rabiu.

#### Union Bank - Trade Line

The facility was obtained as a trade line facility for importation of spares and other material such as coal. It is a USD 10 million facility covered by an All Asset Debenture of the Company and personal guarantee of Mr. Abdulsamad Rabiu.

#### Coronation Merchant Bank & First City Monument Bank - IFF - Forex

This is a clean line facility for offshore payment of letters of credit for future settlement.

#### Fidelity Bank - Real Sector Support Fund - Term Loan

This facility is a ₦20 billion loan for financing of capacity expansion. The loan is for 10 years inclusive of moratorium of 2 years on principal. It is covered by an All Assets Debenture on the assets of BUA Cement PLC. This is a CBN intervention facility through commercial banks.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

#### Fidelity Bank - SRF/CCL/ULC Facility

This facility is ₩15 billion for financing of purchase of raw materials priced at 15.5% per annum.

#### Union Bank - Real Sector Support Fund - Term Loan

This facility is a  $\aleph$  20 billion loan for financing of capacity expansion. The loan is for 10 years inclusive of moratorium of 2 years on principal. It is covered by an All Assets Debenture on the assets of BUA Cement PLC. This is a CBN intervention facility through commercial banks.

#### **BUA Cement Series 1 Bond**

The Company issued a N 115 billion semi-annual coupon bond at the rate of 7.5% per annum. The effective date of the bond is December 30, 2020. The Bond proceeds were used to reimburse the shareholder loan and for working capital finance.

#### 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at the end of reporting period.

|  | 30-Sep-22      | 30-Sep-21      |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | =N=            | =N=            |
| Net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders               | 74,014,498,128 | 65,906,211,270 |
|  |                |                |
|  | Number         | Number         |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares                       | 33,864,354,864 | 33,864,354,864 |
|  |                |                |
| Basic Earning Per Ordinary Shares (Kobo)                         | 219            | 195            |
|  |                |                |
|  | 30-Sep-22      | 30-Sep-21      |
|  | =N=            | =N=            |
| Net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders (3rd Quarter) | 12,650,745,091 | 22,510,222,025 |
|  |                |                |
|  | Number         | Number         |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares                       | 33,864,354,864 | 33,864,354,864 |
|  |                |                |
| Basic Earning Per Ordinary Shares (Kobo)                         | 37             | 66             |

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 18a. | Employee Benefits Obligation                                 | 30-Sep-22     | 31-Dec-21     |
|------|--|---------------|---------------|
|      |  | =N=           | =N=           |
|      | Present value of defined benefit plan                        | 4,054,788,426 | 3,760,298,000 |
|      |  |               |               |
|      | Reconciliation of change in Defined Benefit Obligation       |               |               |
|      | Defined Benefit Obligation opening                           | 3,760,298,000 | 3,645,893,000 |
|      | Current service cost   | 261,284,154   | 359,983,000   |
|      | Interest cost  | 115,829,997   | 81,061,000    |
|      | Actuarial (gains)/losses - Change in assumption - Net of tax | -             | (518,240,000) |
|      | Actuarial (gains)/losses - Experience adjustment- Net of tax | -             | 297,732,000   |
|      | Benefit Payment  | (82,623,725)  | (106,131,000) |
|      | As at Ending   | 4,054,788,426 | 3,760,298,000 |

Included in bank balance is N2,421,426,135 set aside in an End of Service Benefit account with Access Bank & Keystone to meet retirement commitments of the Company. The funded status of the Defined Benefit for the period in view is:

|                           | 1,502,991,244   | 1,580,511,985   |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Plan asset with banks     | (2,551,797,182) | (2,125,786,000) |
| Defined benefit liability | 4,054,788,426   | 3,706,297,985   |

#### 18b. Amounts Recognised in OCI

Actuarial loss/(gain) on defined benefit plan:

| Amount recognised in OCI (net of tax) | - | (156,778,700) |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Deferred tax credit                   |   | 63,729,300    |
|                                       | - | (220,508,000) |
| - Change in experience adjustment     | - | 297,732,000   |
| - Change in assumption                | - | (518,240,000) |

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme in line with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act 2004, with contributions based on the sum of employees' basic salary, housing and transport allowance in the ratio of 8% by the employee and 10% by the employer.

The Company's contributions to this scheme is charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate. Contributions to the scheme are managed by Stanbic IBTC pension manager and other appointed pension managers on behalf of the beneficiary staff in line with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act. Consequently, the Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the funds do not hold sufficient assets to meet the related obligations to employees.

The Company also has a retirement benefits policy (unfunded) for all its full-time employees who have served the Company for a minimum of 5 years and above. The Company has a post-retirement programme for any employee who has attained the terminal age limit of 60 years.

The above tables summarise the movement in the retirement benefit as recognised in the income statement and the funded status and amounts recognised in the statement of financial position.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 19a. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES                 | 30-Sep-22      | 31-Dec-21      |
|------|--|----------------|----------------|
|      |  | =N=            | =N=            |
|      | Trade payables                           | 16,665,062,548 | 3,480,385,000  |
|      | Other payables and accrued expenses *    | 42,252,806,986 | 2,789,997,000  |
|      | Unclaimed dividend                       | 578,282,058    | 474,742,000    |
|      | Statutory obligations and other accruals | 16,392,585,191 | 15,533,288,000 |
|      |  | 75,888,736,783 | 22,278,412,000 |

\* Other payables include ₦ 39bn retention charge payable on EPC contract of Sokoto Line 4.

#### 19b. Contract Liabilities

20.

The Company has recognised the following liabilities relating to contracts with customers:

| Customers deposits                                    | 50,884,991,719 | 78,586,238,000  |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
|   |                |                 |
| DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITY                             |                |                 |
| (Rehabilitation)                                      |                |                 |
| Opening balance as at 1st January 2022                | 8,265,812,000  | 9,291,470,000   |
| Additional provision made                             | 7,200,000      | -               |
| Increase/(Decrease) as a result of change in estimate | -              | (1,537,268,000) |
| Unwinding of interest                                 |                | 511,610,000     |
| Closing Balance                                       | 8,273,012,000  | 8,265,812,000   |

#### **Provision for decommissioning liabilities**

Quarry decommissioning provisions relates to expected cost of reclaiming excavated quarry sites into a habitable settlement for farming, local villagers settlement and other uses. It also includes provision for other environmental issues.

#### 21. RELATED PARTIES

|      | Names of related companies | Relationship   |               |
|------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|
|      | BUA International Ltd      | Sister company |               |
|      | PW Nigeria                 | Sister company |               |
|      | Outstanding Balances       |                |               |
| 21a. | Due from Related Companies |                |               |
|      | PW Nigeria                 | 4,586,771,285  | 4,776,195,000 |
|      |                            | 4,586,771,285  | 4,776,195,000 |
| 21b. | Due to Related Companies   |                |               |
|      | BUA International Ltd      | 12,124,406,484 | 1,477,928,000 |
|      |                            | 12,124,406,484 | 1,477,928,000 |

Dues to related parties represent the amount of money owed to related parties for services rendered to the Company.

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER 2022

| 22. | GOVERNMENT GRANT                                 | 30-Sep-22     | 31-Dec-21     |
|-----|--|---------------|---------------|
|     |  | =N=           | =N=           |
|     | Current  | 910,761,000   | 910,761,000   |
|     | NonCurrent                                       | 3,721,262,000 | 3,721,262,000 |
|     |  | 4,632,023,000 | 4,632,023,000 |
|     |  |               |               |
|     | Movement in Government Grants is analysed below: | 30-Sep-22     | 31-Dec-21     |
|     |  | =N=           | =N=           |
|     | Balance as at January 1                          | 4,632,023,000 | 5,532,718,000 |
|     | Additions during the year                        | -             | -             |
|     | Amount recognised in P&L                         | -             | (900,695,000) |
|     |  | 4,632,023,000 | 4,632,023,000 |

Government grants have been estimated from N40 billion Real Sector Support Fund provided by the Central Bank of Nigeria through listed commercial banks at rates of between 5% to 9%.

BUA Cement Plc RC 119 3879 BUA Towers 5th Floor PC 32, Churchgate Street P. O. BOx 70106, VIctoria Island Lagos T. +234 1 461 0069 - 70 E. info@buacement.com W. www.buacement.com