

PHARMA DEKO PLC

..... Providing Healthy Solutions

PHARMA-DEKO PLC

**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT FOR HALF YEAR
ENDED 30TH JUNE 2020**

Prepared in accordance with IFRS & IAS 34

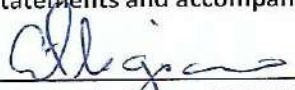
TABLE OF CONTENT

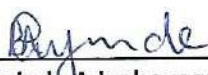
Page 2	TABLE OF CONTENT
Page 3	FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
Page 4	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
Page 5	STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
Page 6	STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
Page 7	STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW.
Page 8-19	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial Highlights of Pharma-Deko PLC for the Half Year Ended 30th Jun. 2020:

Description	As At 30th Jun. 2020		As At 30th Jun. 2019		Diff	Diff
	N'000	% Revenue	N'000	% Revenue	N'000	%
1 Revenue	138,639		273,897		(135,258)	
2 Cost of sales	(127,156)	-92%	(163,896)	-60%	36,740	
3 Loss before taxation	(177,338)		(205,511)		28,173	
4 Taxation	-		-		-	
5 Loss after taxation	(177,338)		(205,511)		28,173	
6 Issued Share Capital	108,466		108,466		0	0%
7 Total Equity	1,134,135		1,311,474		(177,339)	-14%
8 Total Non Current Assets	1,700,206		1,733,933		(33,727)	-2%
9 Total Current Assets	507,689		463,469		44,220	10%
10 Total Assets	2,207,895		2,197,402		10,493	0%
11 Total Non Current Liabilities	256,435		246,887		9,548	4%
12 Total Current Liabilities	817,325		639,041		178,284	28%
13 Total Equity and Liabilities	2,207,895		2,197,402		10,493	0%

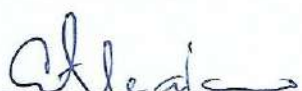
The financial statements and accompanying notes were approved by Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

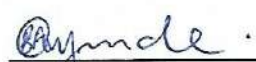

 Mr. G. A. Alegbeun- DIRECTOR
 (FRC/2014/ICAN/00000007613)


 Ayinde Adegboyega – CFO (Ag.)
 (FRC/2016/ICAN/00000013996)

IFRS Financial Statements of Financial Position As At Jun. 30th, 2020.				
S/N	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		Unaudited AS AT Jun. 2020	Audited AS AT Dec. 2019
	ASSET	NOTE	N''000	N''000
1	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	6	1,700,205	1,733,933
2	Intangible assets	6.2	-	-
			1,700,205	1,733,933
	CURRENT ASSETS			
3	Stocks(Inventories)	7	302,830	293,330
4	Trade Receivables	8	144,372	116,401
5	Other Receivables and prepayments	9	57,127	47,575
6	Cash and bank balances	10	3,361	6,163
			507,690	463,469
	Total Assets		2,207,895	2,197,402
	Equity and liabilities			
7	Share capital	17	108,466	108,466
8	Share premium	18	380,009	380,009
9	Revaluation reserve	19	1,365,223	1,365,223
10	Retained (loss)/earnings	20	(719,563)	(542,225)
	Total Equity		1,134,135	1,311,473
11	Employee Benefits	11	238,364	228,816
12	Deferred Tax Liability	16	18,071	18,071
	Total Non Current Liabilities		256,435	246,887
13	Loans and Borrowings (Private Placement)	10.2	15,000	15,000
14	Trade Payables	12	96,102	40,853
15	Other Payables	13	585,196	459,739
16	Tax Payable	15	121,027	123,450
	Total Current Liabilities		817,325	639,042
	Total Liabilities		1,073,760	885,929
	Total Equity and Liabilities		2,207,895	2,197,402

The financial statements and accompanying notes were approved by Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

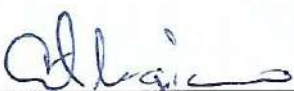

 Mr. G. A. Alegieuno- DIRECTOR
 (FRC/2014/ICAN/00000007613)

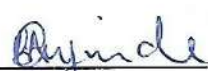

 Ayinde Adegboyega – CFO (Ag.)
 (FRC/2016/ICAN/00000013996)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME JANUARY – JUNE 2020:

DESCRIPTION	Note	3 months Apr-Jun 2020 N'000	3 months Apr-Jun 2019 N'000	6 months Jan-Jun 2020 N'000	6 months Jan-Jun 2019 N'000	12 months Jan-Dec 2019 N'000
Turnover	4	47,450	166,093	138,639	273,897	484,574
Cost of sales		(57,361)	(93,741)	(127,156)	(163,895)	(312,617)
Gross Margin		(9,911)	72,352	11,483	110,002	171,957
Other operating Income	5.2	-	20	36	1,406	90,668
Other operating gains (losses)		-	-	-	-	764
		(9,911)	72,372	11,519	111,408	263,389
Selling and distribution expenses		(6,285)	(31,845)	(29,721)	(53,300)	(87,837)
Administration expenses		(72,098)	(132,795)	(156,768)	(257,994)	(444,561)
Impairment of Asset		-	-	-	-	-
Operating (Loss)/profit	5.1	(88,294)	(92,268)	(174,970)	(199,886)	(269,009)
Finance cost		(1,875)	(2,813)	(2,369)	(5,625)	(7,451)
Loss after Finance cost		(90,169)	(95,080)	(177,338)	(205,511)	(276,460)
Taxation		-	-	-	-	(2,423)
Loss from Continuing Operation		(90,169)	(95,080)	(177,338)	(205,511)	(278,883)
Loss from discontinuing Operation		-	-	-	-	-
Loss for the period		(90,169)	(95,080)	(177,338)	(205,511)	(278,883)
Per share data (50 kobo ordinary share):						
Profit per share-Kobo (Note: the number of shares as at Jun.'20, 217million shares. (See note 20 of Note to Account)		(41.6)	(43.8)	(81.7)	(94.7)	(129.0)

The financial statements and accompanying notes were approved by Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:


Mr. G. A. Alegbejumo- DIRECTOR
(FRC/2014/ICAN/00000007613)


Ayinde Adegboyega – CFO (Ag.)
(FRC/2016/ICAN/00000013996)

IFRS Financial Statements As At 30th June, 2020

Statement of Changes in Equity	Share Capital N''000	Share Premium N''000	Revaluation Reserve N''000	Retained Earnings N''000	Total N''000
Balance as at January 1, 2020	<u>108,466</u>	<u>380,009</u>	<u>1,365,223</u>	<u>(542,225)</u>	<u>1,311,473</u>
Total Comprehensive income of the Period					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(177,338)	(177,338)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income			-	(177,338)	(177,338)
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend written back	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of company recognised directly in equity.	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30th June 2020	<u>108,466</u>	<u>380,009</u>	<u>1,365,223</u>	<u>(719,563)</u>	<u>1,134,135</u>
Balance as at January 1, 2019	<u>108,466</u>	<u>380,009</u>	<u>1,365,223</u>	<u>(263,342)</u>	<u>1,590,356</u>
Total Comprehensive income of the Period					
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(278,883)	(278,883)
Other comprehensive income			-		0
Total comprehensive income			-	(278,883)	(278,883)
Dividend paid	-	-	-	0	0
Unclaimed dividend written back	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of company recognised directly in equity.	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st December 2019	<u>108,466</u>	<u>380,009</u>	<u>1,365,223</u>	<u>(542,225)</u>	<u>1,311,473</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 30TH JUNE 2020		AS AT Jun.'20 N"000	AS AT Dec.'19 N"000
	Note		
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(470)	10,161
Finance costs		(2,368)	(7,451)
Tax received (paid)		-	-
Net cash provided by operating activities		(2,838)	2,710
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Purchase of intangible asset		-	-
Interest received and similar income	5.2	36	-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		36	-
Cash flow from financing activities			
Loans and borrowings	10.2	-	(35,000)
Repayment of borrowings		-	-
Dividend Paid		-	-
Net cash from financing activities		-	(35,000)
Total cash movement for the year		(2,802)	(32,290)
Cash at the beginning of the year		6,163	37,688
Effect of exchange rate movement on cash balances		-	765
Total cash at end of the period	10	3,361	6,163

Notes to the Financial Statement

1. Nature of Operations

The company's principal activities include the marketing, manufacturing of high quality pharmaceutical and consumer products. The consumer and pharmaceutical products share the same production utilities and the company leverages on this to ensure efficiency and effectiveness in its production process.

The company is also engaged in the canning of high quality beverages for other companies in the beverages – Brewers/distillers sector. Adequate investment is being made in this line to ensure that the company becomes the number one canning choice for beverages.

2. General information and statement of compliance with IFRS

The 2011 IFRS financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

An explanation of how the transition to IFRSs has affected the reported financial position of the company is provided in the notes. The financial statement is presented in the functional currency, Nigerian Naira rounded up to the nearest thousand.

The 2011 IFRS financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors in July 2012.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3.1. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are tangible assets that can span more than one accounting period. These items are stated at their original cost or fair value less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Land and Building is measured at fair value which is determined every two years. The fair value is determined by engaging the services of an external professional valuer.

Any increase as a result of the revaluation of Land and Building is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of revaluation surplus. However, the increase is recognized in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease previously recognized in profit or loss. If the revaluation results to a decrease in the carrying amount of Land and Building, the decrease is recognized in profit or loss. However, the decrease is recognized in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of the asset. Any revaluation surplus remaining in equity on disposal of the asset is transferred to retained earnings.

Plant and Machinery, Furniture and Fittings, Motor Vehicles and Computer Equipment are measured at cost.

The initial cost of these assets comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation.

The capitalized value of plant and machinery acquired via finance lease is also included within property, plant and equipment.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

3.2 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is charged over the estimated useful live of the assets when available for use and is calculated at the following rates per annum on cost or valuation:

	%
Buildings	2
Plant and Machinery	10
Furniture and Fittings	15
Motor Vehicles	20
Motor Bike/Tricycle	50
Computer Equipment	33'1/3
Computer Software	33'1/3

The useful lives and methods of depreciation of the assets are reviewed at each reporting period and adjusted prospectively if appropriate.

Impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of an asset and its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Impairment is tested for when there is an indication of impairment such as:

- Decline in the market value of an asset;
- Changes in the technological, economic or legal environment resulting in an adverse effect on our activities;
- Obsolescence or damage of assets;
- Worsening performance of assets.

When there is an objective evidence of impairment, the loss is recognized in profit or loss except when there has been a previous upward revaluation in which case the impairment loss is recognized directly in equity.

Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognized in profit or loss within 'other income' or 'other expenses'.

3.3. Fair Value

Land and Building are measured at fair value by reference to market based evidence (Level 1 Fair Value Measurement). The fair value measurement is carried out every two years to ensure that the carrying amount of Land and Building is not materially different from its market value.

3.4. Lease Assets

In accordance with *IAS 17 Leases*, the economic ownership of a leased asset is transferred to the lessee if the Lessee bears substantial all the risks and rewards related to the ownership of the leased asset. The related asset is then recognized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the lease payments plus incidental payments, if any. A corresponding amount is recognized as a finance leasing liability, irrespective of whether some of these lease payments are payable upfront at the date of inception of the lease.

Depreciation methods and useful lives of assets held under finance lease agreements correspond to those Applied to comparable assets which are owned by Pharma Deko PLC. The corresponding finance leasing liability is reduced by lease payments less finance charges, which are expensed as part of finance costs.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to income statement over the period of the lease.

3.5. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value after making adequate provision for obsolete, slow moving and damaged items. In case of good manufactured by the company, cost includes production overheads. Stock is valued at weighted average and goods in transit at the invoice price. Work in progress is stated at cost. Cost in this case consists of direct labour and materials plus appropriate proportion of factory overheads.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

3.6. Financial Instruments

a. Non Derivative Financial Assets

i. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are financial assets measured at amortized cost less any impairment losses. Credit sales are rarely done and the effect of discounting is immaterial hence they are stated at their invoice price.

Trade receivables are assessed annually to determine if there is an objective evidence of impairment. The impairment loss is determined by splitting the receivables into groups of trade receivables that share similar credit risk characteristics. The credit risk groups are to be assessed for impairment using historical loss experience for each group. Such historical loss experience would be adjusted to reflect the effects of current conditions.

Staff Receivables, which are interest free and for a tenor of less than twelve months, is also measured at amortised cost. In this case it is the face value of the loan.

ii. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

b. Non Derivative Financial Liabilities

The company has the following non-derivative financial liabilities: loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts, and trade and other payables.

Trade payables are measured at amortized cost. They are shown at face value because they do not carry any interest and usually have a tenor of two to three months.

Loans and Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

3.7. Taxation

Income tax and education tax payable are provided on taxable and assessable profits respectively at the current statutory rates.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred Taxation, which arises from timing differences in the recognition of items for accounting and tax purposes, is calculated using the liability method. Based on the IFRS provisions, IAS 12, liability method recognizes all timing differences as temporary differences. Temporary differences are differences between the tax base of an asset or liability and its carrying amount in the statement of financial position. The tax base of an asset or liability is the amount attributed to that asset or liability for tax purposes.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets shall reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which Pharma Deko Plc expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date. Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is considered probable (more likely than not) that those assets will be recovered.

3.8. Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Naira at the ruling rates of exchange at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported at the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates is charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

3.9. Employee Benefits

The company provides a contributory pension fund scheme which is funded by contributions from employees at 8% and employer at 10% based on basic salary, housing and transport in line with the Pension Reform Act of 2004. The employers' contribution is charged to the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income. Contributions are expensed in the period they are payable and any unpaid contribution at the end of the period are recognised as a liability.

The company also operates an unfunded retirement benefit scheme. The benefits are based on the employers' year of service and terminal salary. They are yet to be measured in accordance with IAS 19 *Employee Benefits*.

3.10. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation, whether legal or constructive, as a result of past events for which it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation in accordance with IAS 37 *Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets*.

3.11. Operating Segments

An operating segment is a component of the company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses. All operating segment operating results are reviewed from time to time by the management of the company to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise all assets, liabilities and income tax assets and liabilities.

3.12. Revenue

Sales of Goods

The sales of good comprise of pharmaceutical goods and consumer goods. Revenue from the sale of these Goods in the course of ordinary activities are measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts, sales tax and volume rebates. Revenue is recognized when the Risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer. This occurs when the buyer has taken delivery of the goods. Revenue is recognized when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, the collection is probable and the costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Rendering of Services

The rendering of services involves the canning of consumer beverages. Revenue is recognized when the The amount of revenue can be measured reliably, the collection is probable, costs incurred and cost to complete can be measured reliably and stage of completion can be ascertained at the end of the reporting period. The stage of completion is determined by using the surveys of work completed.

3.13. Discontinued Operations

A discontinued operation represents a component of the company's principal business that is a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations that has been disposed of or is held for sale. Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier.

Profit or loss from discontinued operations is presented in a single amount in the income statement. This amount is the post-tax profit or loss of discontinued operations.

3.14. Earnings per Share

The company presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. The Basic EPS is determined by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

3.15. Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Though the company collects rent from a portion of its warehouse, it is not considered an investment property because the portion used for production or supply of goods and services is significant compared to the portion used for rent.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

3.16. Significant Management Judgment in applying Accounting Policies and Estimation Uncertainty

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgments, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Below is the significant management judgment in applying the accounting policies of Pharma Deko PLC that has the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Taxation on Discontinued Operations

IFRS 5 requires that the post-tax profit/(loss) of discontinued operations be shown as a single line item the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

However, in these financial statements, the result of the discontinued operations is shown as the pre-tax loss. This is because of the complexity of separating assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations from the entire continuing operations of the company. This has prompted management to exercise significant judgment to disclose the result of discontinued operations on a pre-tax basis.

4. Revenue by business segment

Business	6 months	6 months	12 months
	2020	2019	2020
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Pharma	21,549	26,332	70,245
Consumer	117,090	247,565	414,329
Contract	-	-	-
TOTAL	138,639	273,897	484,574

5. Operating Segment

Pharma Deko Plc is engaged in the manufacturing and marketing of high quality pharmaceutical and marketing products. The company has three reportable segments which serve as the company's strategic business units. These operating segments are assessed and strategic decisions are made on the basis of operating segment results. The following summary describes the operations in each of the reportable segments:

Pharma: This refers to the pharmaceutical products of the company;

Consumer: This refers to non alcoholic drink products of the company (Sans cream soda and Bien mineral waters).

Life Style: This refers to hygienic mouth washes and hand sanitizers.

Due to the nature of the company's operations and the relationship among the above segments (sharing of production lines), the assets and the liabilities of the company cannot be determined on a segmental basis and does not form part of the information provided to management for segmental review. Hence, such information is not disclosed as part of operating segments.

Notes to the Financial Statement (continued)

5.1 Summary of operating segments

Also, Cost of Sales, Selling and Distribution Costs, Administrative Expenses and Interest Expenses are distributed evenly to all segments due to the reason mentioned above.

Summary of Operating Segment-Jan-Jun.'20	Pharma	Consumer	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Segment Revenue	21,549	117,090	138,639
Cost of Good Sold	(25,523)	(73,935)	(99,458)
Depreciation	(5,401)	(22,297)	(27,698)
Total Cost of sales	(30,924)	(96,232)	(127,156)
Selling and Distr.	(2,510)	(27,211)	(29,721)
Admin. Exp.	(61,450)	(95,318)	(156,768)
Interest Exp.	(2,368)	-	(2,368)
	(97,252)	(218,761)	(316,013)
Segment Profit after Extra-Ordinary	(75,703)	(101,671)	(177,374)

Summary of Operating Segment-Jan-Jun.'19	Pharma	Consumer	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000
Segment Revenue	26,332	247,565	273,897
Cost of Good Sold	(11,042)	(125,156)	(136,198)
Depreciation	(5,401)	(22,297)	(27,698)
Total Cost of sales	(16,443)	(147,453)	(163,896)
Selling and Distr.	(8,935)	(44,365)	(53,300)
Admin. Exp.	(100,485)	(157,466)	(257,951)
Interest Exp.	(5,625)	-	(5,625)
	(131,488)	(349,284)	(480,771)
Segment Profit after Extra-Ordinary	(105,156)	(101,719)	(206,875)

5b. Reconciliation of operating segment profit before other income

Description	Jan-Jun.'20	Jan-Jun.'19
	N'000	N'000
Total Profit for Segments	(177,374)	(206,875)
Discontinued Operations	-	-
	(177,374)	(206,875)
Add: Unallocated Amount		
Other operating Income	36	1,407
Company Profit before Income Tax	(177,338)	(205,468)
Details of Other Income	N'000	N'000
Foreign Exchange difference		
Write-back of provision		
Miscellaneous Income		
Interest Income & Similar		1,361
Sales os scrap	36	46
Net Arbitration Award	-	-
	36	1,407

Other Income represents interest income, sales from used kegs, drums, caps and nylons.

Note of Account.

AS AT JUN. 2020 ENDING.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Note	Land	Building	Plant and	Furniture and	Motor	Computer	Fixed Asset	Total
6	Land	Building	Machinery	Fittings	Vehicles	Equipment	in Progress	
	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000
COST/VALUATION								
At 1st January 2020	606,160	655,365	522,727	10,002	98,761	11,781	76,870	1,981,666
Assets Movement								-
Additions								-
At 30 June.' 2020	606,160	655,365	522,727	10,002	98,761	11,781	76,870	1,981,666
Accumulated Depreciation								-
At 1st January 2020	-	13,259	122,723	6,162	94,153	11,436	-	247,733
Charge for the period	-	8,240	20,362	173	4,608	345	-	33,728
At 30 June.' 2020	-	21,499	143,085	6,335	98,761	11,781	-	281,461
Impairment								-
At 1st January 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets written back	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 30 June.' 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net book value								
At 30 June.' 2020	606,160	633,866	379,642	3,667	-	-	76,870	1,700,205
At 31 December.' 2019	606,160	642,106	400,004	3,840	4,608	345	76,870	1,733,933

Note	Land	Building	Plant and	Furniture and	Motor	Computer	Fixed Asset	Total
6.1	Land	Building	Machinery	Fittings	Vehicles	Equipment	in Progress	
	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000	N"000
COST/VALUATION								
At 1st January 2019	606,160	655,365	522,727	10,002	98,761	11,781	76,870	1,981,666
Additions								-
Revaluation								-
Asset Movement								-
At 31 December 2019	606,160	655,365	522,727	10,002	98,761	11,781	76,870	1,981,666
Accumulated Depreciation								-
At 1st January 2019	-	-	71,444	4,886	81,943	10,201	-	168,474
Charge for the period	-	13,259	51,279	1,276	12,210	1,235	-	79,259
At 31 December 2019	-	13,259	122,723	6,162	94,153	11,436	-	247,733
Impairment								-
At 1st January 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets written back	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net book value								
At 31 December 2019	606,160	642,106	400,004	3,840	4,608	345	76,870	1,733,933
At 31 December 2018	606,160	655,365	450,379	5,116	16,818	1,580	76,870	1,812,288

INTANGIBLE ASSET-Computer Software	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
Cost	6.2	N"000	N"000
At 1 January		2,197	2,197
Additions		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		2,197	2,197
Accumulated amortisation & impairment:			
At 1 January		2,197	1,953
Amortisation		-	244
At 30 Jun.' 2020		2,197	2,197
		-	-

INVENTORY	Note 7	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Raw material		85,614	78,831
Finished goods		94,638	120,640
Packaging Material		99,450	70,730
Engineering Consumable Item./Diesel		23,128	23,129
		<u>302,830</u>	<u>293,330</u>
Impaired inventories	7.1	-	-
		<u>302,830</u>	<u>293,330</u>

TRADE RECEIVABLES	Note 8	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Trade Receivables		144,372	116,401
Impairment of trade receivables		-	-
		<u>144,372</u>	<u>116,401</u>

Trade Receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on a 30 day term

OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS	Note 9	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Staff debtors		-	-
Cash Advance		-	-
Total Finance Assets		-	-
Sundry Receivables(Reclassification)		32,497	19,842
Prepayments		-	3,103
Deposit for import-PPE & MAT.		24,630	24,630
Prepaid Housing Allowance		-	-
Total Non Finance Assets		<u>57,127</u>	<u>47,575</u>
		<u>57,127</u>	<u>47,575</u>

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note 10	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Cash at Bank		3,361	6,163
Cash in hand		-	-
Cash and cash Equivalents		<u>3,361</u>	<u>6,163</u>
Bank overdrafts used for cash management purposes		-	-
Bank overdrafts		-	-
Cash and cash Equivalents in Statement of CFs.		<u>3,361</u>	<u>6,163</u>

Loans and Borrowings-Current Financial Liabilities

	Note 10.2	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Bank overdrafts		-	-
Promissory note		15,000	15,000
		<u>15,000</u>	<u>15,000</u>

Employment Benefits-Gratuity	Note 11	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
At 1. January		228,816	168,920
Charge for the year		9,548	62,415
Payment during the year		-	(2,519)
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>238,364</u>	<u>228,816</u>

Trade Payables-Current Financial Liabilities	Note 12	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
At 1. January		96,102	40,853
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>96,102</u>	<u>40,853</u>

Trade payables are measured at amortised cost. However, because the trade payables are non-interest bearing and have a settlement period of three months hence they are stated at the invoice amount.

Other Payables	Note	AS AT Jun. 2020	AS AT Dec. 2019
Financial Liability	13.1	N"000	N"000
Sundry creditors (Note 13.3)		241,164	157,303
Accruals		169,347	151,358
Vat-payable		27,151	23,765
Employee Benefits-Unpaid Contr. (Note 13.4)		147,534	127,313
		<u>585,196</u>	<u>459,739</u>

Non Financial Liability	13.2		
Deferred Rent Income		-	-
Customer's deposit		-	-
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total		<u>585,196</u>	<u>459,739</u>

Sundry creditors	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	13.3	N"000	N"000
Other creditors		831	831
Industrial training fund		19,318	16,585
Union Dues		2,280	1,167
Withholding Tax on Dividend		231	231
Withholding Tax on Services		46,460	46,460
Pay As You Earn (PAYE)		8,860	5,429
Salaries and Wages Payable		140,764	66,680
1% NSITF		17,564	15,064
Dividend Payable (Note 14.1)		4,856	4,856
		<u>241,164</u>	<u>157,303</u>

Employee Benefits-Unremitted Contributions	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	13.4	N"000	N"000
At January		127,413	86,799
Charge for the year		20,121	44,530
Remittances during the year		-	(3,916)
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>147,534</u>	<u>127,413</u>

The Company operates a defined contribution scheme wherein both the Company and the employee contribute 10% & 8% respectively of the employee's total emolument (basic pay, housing and transport allowance) to a Pension Fund Administrator. As at 30 June 2020, the Company had a liability of N147.5 million (2019: N127 million) as unremitted pension contribution under this scheme.

Dividend Paid	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	14	N"000	N"000
Dividends		-	-
Dividend Payable	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	14.1	N"000	N"000
At January 1		4,856	4,856
Returned dividend		-	-
Unclaimed dividend transferred to retained income		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>4,856</u>	<u>4,856</u>

The proposed dividend of 5k per share was declared for 217 millions shares.

Tax Charge for the Year	Note	Company tax	Education Tax	Capital gain tax	Total
	15				
At January 1		21,066	45	99,916	121,027
Charge for the year (minimum tax)		-	-	-	-
Payments		-	-	-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>21,066</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>99,916</u>	<u>121,027</u>

Deferred tax liability	Note	AS AT Jun. 2020	AS AT Dec. 2019
	16	N"000	N"000
At beginning of year		18,071	18,071
Charge for the year		-	-
Capital gains tax		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>18,071</u>	<u>18,071</u>

The deferred income tax is calculated using the enacted income tax rate of 30%

Share Capital Authorised	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	17	N"000	N"000
300,000,000 ordinary shares of 50k each		<u>150,000</u>	<u>150,000</u>
Ordinary Shares Issued and Fully Paid			
At 1 January		108,466	108,466
Movement during the year		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>108,466</u>	<u>108,466</u>

Number of Ordinary Shares	No in thousand	No in thousand
At 1 January	216,930	216,930
Movement during the year	-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020	<u>216,930</u>	<u>216,930</u>

Share Premium	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	18	N"000	N"000
At 1 January		380,009	380,009
Movement during the year		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>380,009</u>	<u>380,009</u>

Revaluation Reserve	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	19	N"000	N"000
At 1 January		1,365,223	1,365,223
Movement during the year		-	-
At 30 Jun.' 2020		<u>1,365,223</u>	<u>1,365,223</u>

Retained Earning	Note	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
	20	N"000	N"000
Revenue reserves		(542,225)	(263,342)
Dividend Paid		-	-
Unclaimed dividend written back		-	-
(Loss)/Profit as at June.'2020		<u>(177,338)</u>	<u>(278,883)</u>
		<u>(719,563)</u>	<u>(542,225)</u>

Basic Earnings Per Share	AS AT Jun.'2020	AS AT Dec.'2019
Earnings/(loss) per share from continued		
Operation (kobo)	<u>(81.7)</u>	<u>(129.0)</u>
	<u>(81.7)</u>	<u>(129.0)</u>

Basic Earnings per Share

The calculation of basic earnings per share was based on the Profit for the period and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of 216,930 thousand.

	Continued Operations N'000	discontinued Operations N'000
(loss)/Profit as at 30 June 2020	(177,338)	-
(loss)/Profit as at 31 December 2019	(276,460)	-

Weighted Average Number of Shares

Issued ordinary shares at 1 January

Reconciliation of Profit before Taxation to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities

	Note 21	AS AT Jun.'2020 N"000	AS AT Dec.'2019 N"000
Loss before taxation		(177,338)	(276,460)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation & amortisation		33,728	79,259
Gains on foreign exchange		-	(764)
Finance cost		2,369	7,451
Movements in retirement benefit assets and liabili		9,548	59,896
Changes in working capital:			
Inventories		9,500	(38,106)
Trade receivables		27,971	53,121
Other receivables and prepayment		9,551	841
Trade payable		(21,388)	(27,246)
Other payables		105,590	152,169
		176,869	286,621
Cash provided by operating activities.		(469)	10,161